CHICAGO DAILY PRESS AND TRIBUNE.

VOLUME XII. CHICAGO, TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 23, 1858. NUMBER 124.

PRESS AND TRIBUNE.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 23, 1858.

Grain Inspection.

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRADE.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE.

Pursuant to announcement, a meeting of the Board of Trade was held at their rooms yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of hearing the report of the Committee appointed at a previous meeting, for the purpose of investigating charges of irregularity in the Inspection of Grain—more particularly the grade known as No. 2 Spring Wheat. On account of the position which the President of the Board, Mr. Rumsey, held on the Committee of Inspection, Mr. Beebe, Vice President, occupied the Chair. W. W. Mitchell, Esq., Secretary.

After the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting, Mr. McChesney, on behalf of the Committee, (of which he was a member,) read the following

REPORT.

To the Members of the Board of Trade of the City of Chicago:

The undersigned, of the Committee of your Board, appointed by the following resolution, adopted at a regular meeting, on 'Change, Nov. 5th, 1858, viz:

"Resolved, That in the opinion of certain members of this Board, great irregularities have occurred in the grading of grain, more especially in that known as No. 2 Spring Wheat; and that a Committee consisting of Messrs. Watson, Waller and McChesney be appointed to investigate, and report upon the subject on Monday next, at 7 o'clock P. M."

Regretting that other engagements have deprived them of the assistance of Mr. Waller, in the investigation directed by the above resolution, for themselves, beg leave to

REPORT.

Your Committee have endeavored to give to the subject committed to them, such consideration as in their judgment its importance demands. Before proceeding to investigate, notice was given on 'Change of the time and place of their meetings, and an invitation extended to all persons, feeling aggrieved by reason of alleged irregularities complained of, or possessing any knowledge of irregularities in the inspection and grading of grain, or of any violations of the regulations adopted by the Board for inspecting and grading grain, to be present at our meetings and communicate such information.

In order to determine whether any violations of the established regulations for the inspection of grain have been committed, or any irregularities practiced, your Committee referred to the regulations, reported by a Committee of your Board, consisting of Messrs. J. S. Rumsey, S. H. Butler and Chas. S. Dole, which were adopted by your Board May 25th, 1858, to take effect on the 15th of June following, and which your committee here beg leave to adopt as part of this report, together with the agreement signed by all the ware-house men, mutually pledging themselves to the Board of Trade, "to do all in their power to assist in carrying out the system of grain inspection then adopted—a printed copy of which is here annexed."

AGREEMENT OF THE WAREHOUSEMEN TO THE NEW RULES OF INSPECTION.

The above Committee also drew up the following agreement, which was signed by all the warehousemen in the city:

"We the undersigned, proprietors of grain warehouses, at the request of a Committee of the Board of Trade of the City of Chicago, hereby agree to do all in our power to assist in carrying out the new proposed system of grain inspection; having that in view we particularly agree as follows:

"We will at any time allow the inspectors free access to our buildings, for the purpose of seeing that such grade of grain is being put into or taken out of bins which have been appropriated for such grades.

"We will at all times deliver grain which, in the opinion of the inspectors, is equal to the grade called for by the receipts upon which said grain is being delivered (the usual risks of fire and heating excepted,) and unless we can satisfactorily show that grain being delivered, has been inspected into our respective houses for same grades for which it is being delivered, we will consider ourselves responsible for any difference in value, and pay the same promptly. We will, upon being called upon by a messenger of the Board of Trade, furnish daily memorandums, over our signatures, of the quantity and grade of all kinds of grain delivered to each vessel.

"We will pay the inspectors' fees on grain going into our respective houses, and collect the same of parties on whose account the grain is put in store at the time the receipts are issued, or the grain entered upon the book of the party so receiving it.

HOWE, ECKLEY & CO.
STURGES, BUCKINGHAM & CO.
MUNGER & ARMOUR.
GIBBS, GRIFFIN & CO.
MUNN & SCOTT.
S. B. POMEROY & CO.
FLINT, WHEELER & CO.
A. FORD & CO.
WALKER, BRONSON & CO.
JAS. PECK & CO.

The undersigned have held four meetings at the Board of Trade rooms, to hear such statements, counter statements and explanations as might be made before them respecting alleged irregularities in grading grain, on the evenings of the 9th, 10th and 11th inst., when they adjourned; but at the request of some parties, who desired an opportunity to explain, and offer some statements to negate allegations which had been made to their prejudice at former meetings, another meeting of your committee was appointed, and held at the Board of Trade rooms on the evening of the 16th inst., of which notice was given on 'Change, as in case of former meetings.

Several parties appeared at these meetings, and made statements, going to involve to some extent, the Committee on Inspection of neglect of duty, and some of the inspectors and warehousemen in irregularities in grading grain.

From these statements, we are of opinion that the Committe on Inspection are entitled to the thanks of this Board for the time and labor they have bestowed in inaugurating a system for the inspection and grading of grain, which, if it were faithfully and honestly carried out, would leave but little to be desired to make it as perfect and satisfactory, as the nature of the business will admit of. The chairman of that Committee has been especially vigilant in following the inspectors, supervising the manner in which they have discharged their duties, and giving his time and counsel when questions have arisen regarding alleged errors of judgment on the part of inspectors, in grading grain.

We feel constrained to say, however, that this Committee have been guilty of neglect of duty in not calling the attention of this Board to irregularities on the part of some of the warehousemen, to which the attention of their chairman was directed some time since by responsible parties, who complained that some of the warehousemen were daily violating their agreement entered into with the Committee of the Board, to do all in their power to carry out the system of inspection above referred to, to the serious injury of the parties complaining.

From statements made before your Committee, they are of the opinion that the inspectors now employed under the direction of the Inspection Committee, are generally, men of good judgment, and have, on the whole, faithfully performed the duties assigned them. The quality of the grain, especially of the wheat of this year's crop is so various, (and yet so uniformly inferior) that it is extremely difficult, if not impossible to maintain a perfectly uniform standard, and it would be singular indeed if errors in judgment did not sometimes occur, or some remissness calling for correction.

From statements made before us, it appears one of the Inspectors passed as No. 2 Wheat, four canal boat loads, which was "mixed" old ("stumptail" so called) with new crop, and this at a time when a material difference in price was made by buyer and seller, between old and new Wheat of the same grade. Your Committee are of the opinion that musty, or Wheat unsound from any cause, should be rejected; but inasmuch as the trade had rather acquiesced in grading old and musty Wheat as No. 2, (growing out of the fact that Wheat inspected into warehouse as No. 2, must, from necessity, be delivered from warehouse for the same grade, although the quality may have materially deteriorated from heating,) they are not prepared to censure the Inspector for passing such Wheat for such grade as the custom of the trade recognized it to be, had it not been mixed with new Wheat, and without noting on his certificate that it was so mixed. Another objectionable feature in the case under consideration is, it appears, this Wheat was taken from one warehouse and transferred to another warehouse, as it would seem, for the purpose of facilitating a sale under a new warehouse receipt of fresh, or recent date, which, on the face of such receipt, would convey the impression to a purchaser that the Wheat it represented was recently received, fresh from the country, and therefore not likely to be materially damaged by heating in bins, when, in fact, a part of the Wheat was of old receipt. It appears from this statement, the Inspectors' certificate might be used to assist in the perpetration of a fraud upon the purchaser of a warehouse receipt issued on the faith of the certificate of inspection. The facts that such wheat was mixed and transferred from one warehouse to another under the Inspector's certificate, and a fresh warehouse receipt issued by the warehousemen where it was last stored, are not, of themselves, calculated to remove the impression that the transaction was one of a questionable character, and we are of the opinion Mr. Wilson is censurable for giving a certificate as for grade of No. 2 Spring Wheat, without noting on the same that it was "Old and New mixed;" and we remain of this opinion, notwithstanding the statement made, that this same Inspector was called by Mr. C. Walker to inspect a boat load of Wheat, of the same character, which be graded "Rejected," when the Inspection Committee, (or some of them) with other dealers, were called to review the inspection, and the grade was raised to No. 2. A practical demonstration of the result of this practice is not wanting to sustain your Committee in condemning it. A statement was made before your Committee that Mr. Wolcott purchased a warehouse receipt issued by Mr. Howe, to Messrs. Walker, Bronson & Cole, for wheat, which Mr. Wolcott claims was of this character, as he learned when he came to ship it; and after shipping a part, sold the balance below the market for fair No. 2 Spring Wheat on the day he made the sale. Mr. Wolcott claims he was misled by the warehouse receipt, and Mr. Howe claims the Inspector's certificate was his sufficient warrant for issuing his receipt for No. 2 Wheat.

There was also a statement made before your Committee, that another of the Inspectors, while in the discharge of his duties at the Rock Island R. R. depot, actually "graded" a car-load of Rye as "No. 2 Red Winter Wheat," and the Rye was accordingly put into the bin with No. 2 Red Winter Wheat; and this Inspector was proved to be a steady, sober man, who, for several years has been engaged in purchasing [illegible] and fully competent to an intelligent [illegible] of the duties of an Inspector of Grain. Your Committee have come to the conclusion that the error in this case was in placing the Inspector's ticket on the car, marked Wheat instead of Rye, that being the only car-load of Rye shown to have been received at that warehouse.

It has not been made satisfactorily to appear to your Committee that the *standard* has ever been changed by the direction of the Committee on Inspection; but no doubt the grade has varied at times, and from causes explained by Chief Inspector Jones—namely, that when the receipts of Wheat are large the average quality of the Wheat is better; that the better qualities of the same grade is sometimes received in larger proportions than at others, thereby producing a better average of that grade than when the receipts of Wheat are small and the average quality is inferior. Owing to the impossibility of maintaining at *all times* a perfectly uniform standard, it is not improbable that at times when the average quality of the Wheat received is the most inferior, the standard may have become degraded, or too much accommodated to the low grade of the Wheat coming into market, and your Committee would *earnestly insist* on maintaining the standard, which is regarded as none too good.

The statements made to your Committee go clearly to show that great and gross irregularities have and do prevail at several of the warehouses, in that warehouse men have assumed to inspect and grade grain going into their warehouses, and have not in all cases kept the different grades as inspected all together; and in some cases they have been in the practice of cleaning over Rejected grain, especially Rejected Spring Wheat, and running it into bins with No. 2 Spring Wheat, without having it inspected before doing so. The impropriety of this practice (if we no not characterise it by any other name) will more clearly appear from the statement made by Chief Inspector Jones, which was that, "Spring Wheat was mostly rejected "for being badly bleached, damp, musty, and "shrunk all up to nothing, which no amount of "cleaning and blowing could improve to grade "No. 2, and but very little of it is rejected for "being dirty, which can by cleaning be improved so as to grade No. 2."

The statement made by Mr. Howe, of the Galena Elevator, goes to show the practice alluded to has prevailed to some extent at that warehouse—that he is in the practice of keeping two separate bins for Rejected Spring Wheat, and that which his foreman thinks will grade No. 2, after being cleaned, is put into the bin kept for such Wheat, and for this description of Wheat, he has issued receipts, as for No. 2 Spring Wheat, making a charge of two cents per bushel for cleaning, etc., and there has been no statement made to your Committee that Mr. Howe has ever called an Inspector to grade any Wheat which he has cleaned over, and it appears that in one instance, for two cents per bushel he changed a receipt given for two car loads of Wheat, Rejected for being musty, and issued a receipt for No. 2 Spring Wheat. It is due to Mr. Howe that we should add his statement, that these two car loads of musty Wheat are still in his warehouse. Such being the case, a loss of 8 to 10c per bushel must be sustained in in the operation. Any losses arising in this way, the Committee are well aware, is peculiarly the private business of the warehouse men sustaining them, but beg to remark their warehouse receipts in circulation, constitutes the parties issuing them in some sense public men, respecting whose private business the "public" will take the liberty of indulging in more or less discussion.

There were statements made to your Committee that Messrs. Munger & Armour have changed their receipts, which were issued for Rejected Spring Wheat, and issued receipts for No. 2 Spring Wheat, making a charge of two cents per bushel when it had been re-inspected after being cleaned, and further states that M. & A. declined changing receipts issued for Rejected, and issue receipts for No. 2 Spring Wheat until the Inspector had examined and graded the Wheat after it was cleaned.

There was complaint made to your Committee, that at Messrs. Munn & Scott's warehouse a cargo of Oats was turned out, of a quality inferior to that represented by their receipts; but Mr. Munn avers that the Oats were the same inspected into their warehouse for the grade represented by their warehouse receipt, and that the balance of the Oats in the bin from which the cargo was delivered, was subsequently inspected out of their warehouse, and were graded the same as when it was taken in. Mr. Munn, however, admits that, in a few instances, he has inspected or graded small quantities of grain into their warehouse—a practice which your Committee feel bound to condemn in all cases, and by whomsoever practised, as a violation of the spirit and intent of the Inspection regulations and the Warehousemen's agreement to assist in carrying out that system.

There were numerous statements made to your Committee respecting practices said to have prevailed at the warehouse of Messrs. Gibbs, Griffin & Co., many of which statements were avowed by one or other of the members of that house, which your Committee cannot but regard as violations of the agreement (which they with other warehousemen entered into with the Committee of the Board of Trade on Inspection at the time the present regulations for grading grain was adopted), as well as *gross* irregularities in grading grain. It was stated to your Committee, (and this statement was *avowed* by both Mr. Gibbs and Mr. Griffin), that they are and have been in the practice of selecting the best of the "Rejected" Spring Wheat going into their warehouse, which they put into a bin kept for that purpose, cleaning it over (they say), and issuing receipts for it as No. 2 Spring Wheat, for which they make a charge of from two to five cents per bushel; and it was stated that at least in one instance they changed a receipt issued for "Rejected" Wheat, and issued a receipt for No. 2 Spring Wheat, without any charge. Whether such "Rejected" Wheat as No. 2 receipts were issued for, without charge, was put into bins with No. 2 Spring Wheat, without being cleaned over, is left to conjecture. There have been no statements made to your Committee that any of the Inspectors were ever called to inspect grain in that warehouse which had been cleaned over, nor, indeed, that *they had ever cleaned over any Rejected Spring Wheat*, (except their own statements to that effect) except when employed to do so by shippers, when the grain was being shipped. It was also stated to your Committee (and this was also avowed by both Mr. Gibbs and Mr. Griffin) that they have offered to several parties dealing in grain to reserve separate bins for them, and any wheat they might send to them for warehousing would be put into such separate bins, and some such arrangements have been made by them, the parties shipping marking the cars on which such wheat arrives, so that G. G. & Co. may know it is intended for the separate bins; and such wheat is put into such separate bins, without regard to the grade the Inspectors may designate it; and wheat arriving from such parties not so marked is warehoused according to grade inspected. And it was further stated to your Committee that Messrs. Gibbs, Griffin & Co., or one of the members of that house, proposed to a house here, who are receiving a large amount of grain, that if they would store with them, (G., G. & Co.) they should have a separate bin for their grain, and the form of their proposition was such as to leave the impression on the mind of the party to whom it was made, that all wheat graded No. 2 or lower, stored in that manner, could be delivered as No. 2, and when one of the parties to whom such proposition was communicated remarked before the Committee that, on consultation with his partner, "they concluded to try the honest way a little longer, notwithstanding such practices by competitors in business was seriously affecting their interest," your Committee could not resist the conclusion that the proposition made by Messrs. Gibbs, Griffin & Co. was in violation of their agreement entered into with the Committee of the Board before referred to, "to do all in their power to assist in carrying out the new proposed system of Inspection."

A statement made by Mr. Wilson, one of the inspectors, was to this effect; namely, that being called to inspect a cargo of wheat being shipped from Gibbs, Griffin & Co.'s warehouse, he detected rejected spring wheat, running from one spout on to the conveyors, while No. 2 spring wheat was running from another spout on to the same conveyors, in such manner that both grades must be elevated together to the shipping bin, when he remarked to Chief Inspector Jones, (who happened to be present,) "There is something wrong here," and again went to the spout from which he had taken a handful of rejected wheat, and found that it had stopped running, or had been shut off, and during this time, he discovered one of the men employed in the warehouse, pulling at a cord or rope. Mr. Wilson further stated that the next day after he had made the foregoing statement to your committee, he was on the dock in front of Gibbs, Griffin & Co.'s Elevator, when Mr. Griffin forbade his going into their warehouse, remarking that "on the vessel was the place for him to inspect grain; that he had no more right to come into their warehouse to inspect, than he had to go into their office." It is due to Mr. Griffin to add his statement here, that he did make some such remark to Mr. Wilson, but that he was "jesting." Mr. Wilson, however, stated that he considered the remark made by Mr. Griffin in earnest. If really so intended by Mr. Griffin, it was clearly in violation of their agreement "to at all times allow the Inspectors free access to our buildings, for the purpose of seeing that such grade of grain is being put into or taken out of bins, which have been appropriated for such grades."

It further appears, from statements made by Mr. Gibbs or Mr. Griffin, themselves, that they have been in the practice, themselves, of inspecting and grading grain, both from teams, and canal boats, and of allowing their warehouse man (Mr. Jacobs) to do the same. One instance was stated where about 1,500 or 1,700 bushels of "Rejected" Spring Wheat was loaded on to a canal boat from another warehouse, and sent to Messrs. Gibbs, Griffin & Co.'s warehouse, when Mr. Griffin was called by the party to examine the Wheat, and called it No. 2 Spring Wheat, and received it into warehouse, and issued a receipt for the same, for No. 2 Spring Wheat; and this, too, at a time when a large difference was made in favor of new receipts. Statements have also been made going to show that in some instances Wheat delivered from warehouse has not been equal in quality to the grade called for. After having heard the statements above detailed respecting the manner in which Wheat is graded at some of the warehouses, your Committee were not surprised to hear complaints that Wheat delivered from warehouses was inferior to the grades called for by the receipts.

In the case brought to our notice by Mr. Lake, it appears he purchased a receipt issued by Messrs. Flint, Wheeler & Co. for No. 2 "Red Winter Wheat," and on running the Wheat, objected that it was not equal in quality to the grade called for—in *fact*, no better than "Rejected."

Mr. Thompson, of the house of Messrs. Flint, Wheeler & Co., admitted the statement of Mr. Lake to be substantially correct, and remarked that they had no No. 2 Red Winter in their warehouse, which was not, or had not been hot. The Wheat delivered to Mr. Lake, was inspected into their warehouse as No. 2 Red Winter Wheat, (with the exception of about 800 bushels Rejected, for which Mr. Lake held a receipt for Rejected).

From statements made to your Committee, they are quite prepared to believe that the inspection generally has not been quite so rigid as it should have been; but in the case of Mr. Lake's Wheat there is reason to believe the quality was deteriorated after being inspected into the warehouse by the heating process through which it passed while in the warehouse.

There were also complaints before your Committee, that some Wheat delivered from Munger & Armour, and Gibbs, Griffin & Co.'s warehouses was inferior to the samples kept on 'Change. The fact that cargoes cannot be obtained from any warehouse, equal in quality to samples of the same grade kept on 'Change, seemed to be generally conceded, and for which no satisfactory reason has been shown.

Messrs. Gibbs, Griffin & Co., proved by the statement of several parties, that such parties had received Wheat from G. G. & Co.'s warehouse of as good quality for the grade as any they had received from other warehouses, while Mr. Adams complained that he bought a carload of No. 1 Wheat for which he took an order on Messrs. Gibbs, Griffin & Co., and the quality of the Wheat which they delivered on that order was inferior to No. 2 Wheat which they (Adams & Co.) were receiving at the same time from Messrs. Sturgis, Buckingham & Co.'s warehouse, and Mr. Adams received for the balance of the Wheat due them on the order for No. 1 Wheat, Wheat graded No. 2, which was in fact better in quality than the No. 1 delivered. And when Mr. Adams complained that the quality of the No. 1 which G. G. & Co. delivered, was inferior to Wheat graded No. 2, Mr. Griffin replied: "It was such Wheat as was inspected to them for No. 1, and they must deliver it for No. 1." (In view of the fact avowed, both by Mr. Gibbs and Mr. Griffin, that they are in the practice of grading grain themselves, into their own warehouse, and of allowing their foreman, Mr. Jacobs, to do the same, Mr. Griffins' reply would seem to be rather arbitrary.) Mr. Adams further stated that he had seen a large number of car-loads of Wheat on the R. R. track, graded as No. 1, but never saw any so poor in quality as that which G. G. & Co. delivered to him for that grade.

Complaint was made to your Committee, by Mr. J. S. Rumsey, that in one instance Messrs. Sturges, Buckingham & Co. refused to give a receipt for Wheat stored with them, for the grade designated by the Inspector; the charge being that a car-load of Wheat, consigned to Messrs. Rumsey, was graded by the Inspector "Rejected," and Messrs. Sturges, Buckingham & Co. issued their receipt to them for it as "Stump-tail Rejected," and persistently refused to expunge the obnoxious prefix of "*Stump-tail*." Mr. Rumsey claims that warehousemen are bound to issue receipts for Wheat as of the *grade* inspected, and that they have no right to interpolate objectionable remarks to depreciate even "Rejected" Wheat. Of the full merits of this complaint your Committee are unable to decide, as none of the firm of Messrs. S., B. & Co. were present to explain their reasons for establishing a new grade of Wheat, unknown to the Inspectors, although perfectly well understood and appreciated by the trade.

Your Committee have no doubt the fact can be mathematically demonstrated that from sixty to eighty per cent. of the Wheat received here since the first day of August last, and graded as Rejected, has been turned out as No. 2 Spring Wheat; and in support of this opinion we beg to refer to the statement of the Inspection of Wheat received and shipped at this place from August 1st to November 15th, 1858, furnished by the Superintendent of the Board of Trade, which is hereto annexed as an appendix to this report.

Your Committee are not prepared, and indeed do not feel called upon to recommend any definite plan of action to correct the improper practices alleged to prevail at warehouses in grading and and delivering grain. Your Committee are well aware of the natural rights enjoyed by every citizen alike to erect warehouses and engage in storing grain, and dealing in the same or making advances on property in their own or other warehouses. They would, however, respectfully suggest whether some further legislative action to regulate this business might not tend to promote greater confidence and harmony in the trade. It is also respectfully suggested for the consideration of your Board, whether legislative sanction to the acts of certain committees of this board, and its appointments of Officers, and Inspectors, and Weighers, would not tend to promote greater regularity and security to the trade.

That *some* system of grading, inspecting and weighing grain, is *indispensable*, your committee do not doubt will be readily conceded by all. The nature of the trade is such that most of the grain coming to this market is brought here by cars on the different railroads, each train having, perhaps, several car loads of the same kind and grade of grain, and these belonging to as many different individuals. Each individual cannot be accommodated with a separate bin in warehouses for each kind and quality of grain [illegible] ... specting and grading seems to be quite *apparent*, and to do this *impartially*, it is equally apparent disinterested men should be appointed —men who have no *interest* in buying, selling, and shipping grain.

The necessity of some uniform system of inspecting and grading to facilitate the sale of grain must be quite apparent, when we consider the impossibility of obtaining a sample without such grading, by which a cargo may be bought and sold without leading to numerous and vexatious questions, regarding the quality of the cargo as it is being shipped, as compared by the sample by which it is bought and sold. It is quite clear to the mind of your Committee, that in adopting the present system of grading grain, the Board of Trade did not contemplate ware housemen would be appointed inspectors, or that they would assume to grade and inspect grain. Their agreement with the Committee of the Board, to "at all times allow inspectors free access to their ware houses," forbid such presumption.

Aside from the manifest impropriety of such appointment, being inconsistent with an impartial discharge of the duty devolving on an Inspector, Warehousemen are entrusted with a large amount of property, belonging to others, on which loans of money are made on warehouse receipts, growing out of the necessities of the trade, the warehouse receipts have come to be regarded and treated as negotiable paper, representing certain values, the transfer of which from one to another, large sums are involved and large amounts of property change hands.

It is clear to your Committee that parties having the power to issue such paper should not at the same time be entrusted with the power to fix the value of the property represented by their own receipts, any more than bank officers should be entrusted with the duty of appraising land which is to be mortgaged in trust to a third party, for securing the redemption of circulating notes to be issued by such bank officers.

In conclusion, your Committee beg to say they feel that the resolution under which they act has imposed upon them a duty both onerous and embarrassing; but they have not on that account felt at liberty to decline the service demanded. They could wish however, this investigation had been placed in other and more able hands, for they are persuaded the subject is one of great importance to the trade and reputation of the city, and have reason to think a further and more thorough investigation would develop improprieties which have not been brought directly before your Committee.

Respectfully submitted,
GEORGE WATSON,
R. McCHESNEY.

Chicago, November 22, 1858.

INSPECTION OF WHEAT RECEIVED IN CHICAGO FROM AUGUST 1st, TO NOVEMBER 15, 1858.

Wheat received, bu.	3,401,236
Winter, bu.	1,127,600
Spring, bu.	1,396,400
Not reported	877,236
In store July 31	508,554
	3,909,790

Received by	No. 1 W. W.	No. 1 R. W.	No. 2 R. W.	No. 1 Spring.	No. 2 Spring.	Winter Rej.	Spring Rej.
Gibbs, Griffin & Co	....	2,100	4,300	8,700	252,900	800	70,900
Munger & Armour	2,100	15,000	11,800	5,700	174,000	200	88,000
Sturges, B. & Co	61,500	387,800	198,000	14,000	249,400	20,100	116,100
Flint, Wheeler & Co	48,900	240,000	117,610	11,400	189,310	36,400	80,400
Sam Howe	....	900	6,000	2,400	111,800	300	[illegible]
	113,500	618,900	341,700	42,300	985,800	54,800	365,400

INSPECTION OF WHEAT SHIPPED DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

Wheat shipped	3,938,414
Spring	1,864,069
Winter	1,066,993
[illegible]	[illegible]
Not reported	[illegible]
In store Nov. 15	[illegible]
Excess of receipts over shipments	215,849

Shipped by	No. 1 W. W.	No. 1 R. W.	No. 2 R. W.	No. 1 Spring.	No. 2 Spring.		Rejected Wheat.
Gibbs, Griffin & Co	....	3,800	10,826	10,984	476,889	....	11,655
Munger & Armour	24,993	21,856	25,600	4,685	298,318	....	82,178
Sturges, B & Co	86,290	319,815	154,060	5,785	338,714	....	101,996
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	145,279	806,312	313,700	72,479	1,591,589	[illegible]	217,750

After the report was read, Mr. Curtis moved that the report be accepted, and the Committee discharged, which motion was seconded and passed.

It was then moved by Mr. Curtis, and seconded by J. S. Rumsey, Esq., that the report be adopted.

In reply to charges made in the report against Gibbs, Griffin & Co., Mr. Gibbs begged leave to remind the members of the Board of Trade, that during last Spring there was a general desire expressed that the warehousemen introduce blowers and cleaners into their houses, for the purpose of cleaning dirty grain. In accordance with this wish, Gibbs, Griffin & Co. had, at great expense, erected blowers and cleaners, invited members of the Board, reporters of the press, and others to witness their operation—that all who saw them work pronounced them capable of taking the dirt and other substances out of grain—that Gibbs, Griffin & Co., had used those blowers and cleaners, and that they had taken Rejected wheat, run it through, and made as good No. 2 Spring Wheat out of it, as ever was [illegible] into their house. At a meeting of the Committee whose report had been read, he had called on ten or twelve of the most extensive shippers in this city and they had all testified that the No. 2 Spring Wheat received from their warehouse was equal to that received anywhere in this city, and some stated that the best No. 2 Spring wheat they had received this season, was taken from their warehouse. He (Mr. Gibbs,) stated that they had made no secret of cleaning Rejected wheat and making No. 2 Spring out of it—everything had been done openly and above board.

Mr. Watson, in reply to Mr. Gibbs, stated that the Committee, in their investigations, had shown no partiality and that every charge made against Gibbs, Griffin & Co., was based on their own admission.

In reply to a demand made by Mr. McChesney to point out any mis-statement in the report, Mr. Gibbs averred that the assertion made in the report, that Gibbs, Griffin & Co. had made propositions to any parties to receive all their wheat without inspection, and issue No. 2 Spring wheat receipts therefor, was untrue.

Mr. Dow, (of the firm of Dow, Hurd & Co.,) being called for, stated that he had had conversation with Messrs. Gibbs, Griffin & Co., relative to storing grain into their house, and the proposition made to them was substantially as follows—that they would give them a certain bin into which all their grain would be stored, and that they (Dow, Hurd & Co.) would send instructions to their correspondents to nail a card with the number of such bin on each car of Wheat sent to them from the country, and they (G. G. & Co.) thought that, by cleaning it and running it through their blowers, they could make it all No. 2 Spring Wheat.

To explain, Mr. Gibbs stated that Dow, Hurd & Co., had been for some time storing all their grain with them,—that for some reason or other, they sent all their grain to another house—and that the proposition which was made to Dow, Hurd & Co. was this: that if they (D. H. & Co.) should return their business to them, that they would place all their wheat into separate bins, run it through the blowers and cleaners, and then call in an inspector to grade it according to its quality.

Mr. Watson proposed to amend the Report by the insertion of the following resolutions:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Board, the irregularities of grain inspection, as set forth in the report just received, by the parties therein named, are in direct violation of the agreement entered into by this Board and those parties, and that such violations have materially tended to throw discredit on the system of inspection as adopted by this Board.

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this Board that if the system of inspection as adopted by them on the 25th of May last, and which came into operation on the 15th of June last, had not been violated by the warehousemen as set forth in the report just adopted, this Board would have had no cause to regret its adoption.

Resolved, That from the magnitude and nature of the grain trade of this point, some rigid system of inspection is necessary to facilitate its classification and sale, and that a committee composed of the following gentlemen, Julian S. Rumsey, Patrick Anderson and Wesley Munger, be appointed a committee to draft a law at the earliest date possible, and submit the same to this Board for approval before sending to the Legislature for its action.

Mr. Gibbs said that these resolutions conveyed the impression that the warehousemen had been guilty of practices which were injurious to the trade. So far as Gibbs, Griffin & Co. were concerned, such an allegation was unsupported by a single fact—for every shipper agreed that No. 2 Spring Wheat, taken from their warehouse, was equal, and some stated better, than that received out of any other warehouse this year. He thought the resolutions contained unjust charges, which were detrimental to the interests of warehousemen.

The amendment being seconded, was put to the vote and carried.

The Report, as amended, was then put to the vote and its adoption passed.

On motion, the meeting then adjourned.

Murder at Mattoon.

A correspondent writes to us that a horrid murder has just been brought to light at Mattoon, on the Ill. Cent. R. R. The murdered man was found in a well about four miles east of that town yesterday morning. His name and the circumstances of his death are not stated. We are promised them for our next issue.

[illegible]

The following was the condition of the New York Banks on Saturday last:

Increase in Loans	$1,428,000
Decrease in specie	707,000
Decrease in Circulation	115,000
Increase in Deposits	849,000
Decrease in undrawn deposits	183,23

PERSONAL.—Senator Douglas and Lady started for New Orleans yesterday. He will not probably go to Washington until after the meeting of the Illinois Legislature. Washington is a dangerous place.

THE CITY.

Paper Late.

Owing to some derangement in the Water Works, we were left without steam this morning to print our paper. We shall examine the matter, and if there has been negligence on the part of the Superintendent or the Commissioners, they shall have their deserts. Where so many important interests are at stake, no trivial excuse should be taken by the public for a failure in the supply of water.

☞ Extra copies of the PRESS AND TRIBUNE, containing the Report of the Board of Trade on Grain Inspection, can be obtained at the Counting Room, in wrappers. Price five cents per copy.

THE DORLANDS.—The two brothers Dorland are still in jail in this city not having been able to procure bail on their swindle on the Texan drovers.

LARCENY OF A CARPET.—On Friday evening last a valuable carpet was stolen from the premises of P. R. Forrest, No. 96 West Washington street, left hanging on a line in the yard.

SHERIFF'S DEPUTIES.—Sheriff Gray has appointed the following deputies: George Anderson, Ira Snow, Frank Lumbard, Anthony C. Hessing, Martin A. Kimball, William P. Gray, Augustus Steinhaus.

CORONER'S OFFICE.—Coroner James has established his quarters at Berry's Coffin Wareroom No. 154 Washington street, where a slate has been left for all orders or information pertaining to the same.

☞ Water takers would do well to pay their water bills, and save ten per cent. these hard times, by calling at the Water Commissioner's office, room No. 4, Marine Bank. Ten per cent. will be charged on all bills after the 1st of December.

COUNTERFEITER IN LIMBO.—A man named Noble R. Darling was arrested on Saturday night, at the American House, on a charge of attempting to pass counterfeit bill, a $10 on the State Bank of Ohio. He was held in default of $1,000 bail.

CHURCH FESTIVAL.—The ladies of the Des Plaines St., Methodist Church will give a social tea party at West Market hall this evening, to which they extend a general invitation. The object is to raise funds to furnish the interior of their church. There will be singing, addresses, etc., during the evening. Tickets twenty cents, including supper.

OFFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—Official intelligence being understood to pertain both to offices and officers, we may as well state that the County offices were last evening emptied of their officers, and Sheriff and ex Sheriff, Deputies past and present, Police officers, Detectives, City Marshal, City Prosecutor, Court Clerks, Clerks of Records, &c., &c., to the number of about seventy, had a *sit down* at "*Anderson's*" last evening, in honor of the incoming Sheriffalty. Very much of John Wright's good things were levied on, and very much thereof put past all replevy. It was an exceedingly good time "so say we all of us," as Deputy Sheriff Frank Lumbard was leading off as we looked in upon them.

INTERESTING EXERCISES AT THE CHICAGO REFORM SCHOOL—OPENING OF THE NEW BUILDING.—On Sunday last the new Chapel of the Chicago Reform School was dedicated at 2½ P. M., with appropriate and interesting exercises. A discourse was delivered by Rev. Dr. Burroughs (Baptist); the opening exercises were by Rev. Mr. Noyes, pastor of the First Unitarian Church; a dedicatory prayer was offered by Rev. W. A. Nichols, of the Salem Congregational Church, and an address was also made by Rev. Mr. Hammond, of the *Congregational Herald*. There were present numerous well known citizens, including Mayor Haines, E. B. Williams, C. N. Holden, and others; also, Messrs. Waterman and Pendleton, of the Cleveland House of Industry.

The new Chapel is the dormitory hall of the structure erected during the past season, and now just completed. The hall is thirty-three by fifty-four feet in dimensions, and hammocks are slung in tiers to accommodate, when desirable, sixty-eight boys. The hammocks when removed on Sunday, give a clear area for seats for services of the day.

THE GREAT NORTH AMERICAN LAKES.

IMPORTANCE OF THEIR CAREFUL METEOROLOGICAL SURVEY.

Lieut. Maury's Lecture before the Chicago Mechanics' Institute.

Last evening was the occasion of Lieut. Maury's lecture before the Mechanics' Institute on a subject of the highest interest and importance. In Chicago, the great metropolis of the Lakes, this distinguished savan and lecturer should have had a crowded audience on the occasion of his treating of a theme so important as the Navigation and Commerce of these great inland seas, and the benefits accruing to all from their complete and perfect meteorological survey.

The lecturer commenced by referring to the magnitude of the chain of lakes, containing as they did one third of the fresh water on the surface of the globe.

The entire surface of the earth was divided as follows:

	Square Miles.
Land and Water	197,000,000
Sea	145,000,000
Land and Fresh Water	52,000,000

MAGNITUDE OF THE LAKES.

The great chain of Lakes have been estimated to contain eleven thousand cubic miles of fresh water. To give an idea of the amount of this vast body of water, after explaining the mode of the careful measurements of the Mississippi river at Memphis, the lecturer said that the lakes contained more water than the Mississippi discharges into the Gulf of Mexico in one hundred years. In other words, were all waste from the lakes by evaporation and other causes to be cut off and a sluice be opened the size of the Mississippi channel, it would flow for a century, in draining these vast inland seas.

The lakes themselves contain a surface of 2,000 square miles, and they drain a territory or their water-shed of 50,000 square miles.

THEIR INFLUENCE ON CLIMATE.

From the above figures it may well be imagined that this vast extent of fresh water maintains and subserves most important influences and purposes as pertaining to the climate, temperature, and hygiene of their vast surrounding or tributary region.

There is a difference not universally well understood between the effects on climate incident to their being salt or fresh. Were the lakes salt water like the Caspian, they would give to their region a warmer temperature. The winters, the latitude remaining the same, would be milder, the summers more sultry. This arises simply from the effects of evaporation. Fresh water, according to the observations of Prof. Chapman at Montreal, evaporates faster than salt, carrying off more heat.

EVAPORATION AND ITS EFFECTS.

The amount of the evaporation of the lakes was illustrated as follows: The Cataract of Niagara represents the excess of the accretions by rains to the lakes and therein water-shed over the effect of evaporation. But the observations on the Mississippi indicated that but one-sixth or one-seventh of the water that fell upon the water-shed of that river was discharged by it, leaving the remaining larger share to be accounted for by evaporation. Thus in the Lakes the evaporation may be represented as five or six times the amount of the water at Niagara, and to produce this evaporation requires the same amount of heat that would suffice to *raise the Niagara to boiling point*, if such a thing may be imagined, and imagining, this we may conceive of what is actually going on. The loss of this amount of heat, parted with by the lakes leaves them and their region colder in the summer and winter.

WATER SALT AND FRESH.

In salt lakes, the water enters the winter warmer than does fresh water this loss of heat to the latter. And in winter there is a further difference. When fresh water is exposed ... reaches 39 degrees [illegible] when it expands, thus rising to the surface. These lakes in winter have their coldest water at the surface. With salt water the reverse is true and the water continuing to grow denser with a lower temperature sinks and leaves the surface water the warmest.

Were the lakes salt water, navigation would continue the entire year round.

IMPORTANCE OF LAKE COMMERCE.

These preliminaries passed, the speaker connected them with the interests of the Lake regions, of which he proceeded to speak. Quoting freely and with honorable mention of their author, the full and clear reports of Col. Graham of this city, he reviewed fully the perils to which lake fleets are exposed.

According to Col. Graham's Report for 1855 to the Department at Washington, the value of the shipping and commerce interested in the construction of a single breakwater at Michigan City, was $218,000,000.

According to observations taken, the value of shipping and commerce passing the flats of the St. Clair on an average of 230 days for the busy season, reached the daily average of $1,129,223. The entire value of the Lake commerce was $200,000,000 to each lake, varying, more to Lakes Michigan and Huron, less to Lake Superior, and as Lake Erie is as an outlet to others, the amount on that lake was $300,000,000.

And it is not the shipper, the vessel owner and the mariner who are alone interested, but it is the producer, the farmers of Illinois, Missouri, Iowa and their sister states, and the consumers of the Eastern States.

The effect of the commerce of the lakes, and their improvement even thus far, has turned the Mississippi upside down. It has actually placed one of its mouths at Sandy Hook. So that the people of the Mississippi Valley have no slight interest in lake improvements.

Study the rates of Lake insurance; their figures should have spoken in tones that should command attention. The losses have been in millions of money. The shrieks of victims by disasters should have been heard, and produced the required system of Improvements to Lake Navigation long since.

The nation is enlightened. Our rulers never object to appropriations for scientific subjects on scientific grounds solely.

OCEAN NAVIGATION.

The speaker referred at length and in a most interesting manner to the great improvements instituted in ocean navigation, as the fruits of careful scientific and meteorological observations. Voyages had been shortened, tracks marked out, belts of calms, and regions of prevailing winds had been given their place on the chart, and the shorter and quicker path had been clearly and unmistakably given the mariner, where all was uncertainty before.

This had been done by comparing and abstracting the carefully made up logs of sailing vessels, making each a floating observatory, noting wave, wind and weather at all times and in all parts of the sea, the results discussed, compared and deduced by Government.

The same plan is applicable to the lakes. Not by giving it to mariners perhaps, but by instructing the government employees, the light-house keepers stationed throughout the entire chain to take observations and report them to Col. Graham, of this city. The Lake Board of Underwriters can instruct their agents in Lake towns and cities to do the same.

USES OF THE TELEGRAPH.

The speaker eloquently referred to the aid to science furnished by the electric telegraph, which had well nigh given to the meteorologist omnipresence. It will tell of the barometrical changes at distant points, forerun the coming storm. Then the Associated Press is another agent, it takes up and bears the news to bulletin-boards in distant cities and to the Press. And then the press, with steam-press and steam-driven car, strikes off and disperses the intelligence to all quarters with a speed Roderick Dhu and Malise never dreamed of—and thus all know of the coming storm yet a thousand miles away.

AND OF METEOROLOGY.

He insisted on the importance to the lake region of telegraphic interchange of information as to great barometrical changes, instancing interesting and striking examples.

This part of the lecture was full of instruction and value, but our space forbids us to do it justice. He said that the leading nations of the earth had united in a Maratime Convention, and that they were all engaged, more or less efficiently, in encouraging these meteorological observations by the telegraph, for the sake of their commercial interests.

Instancing Holland, he said that it was the case that Dutch shipmasters actually regulated their sailing by these reports, and with confidence and certainty.

The Lake Commerce is more than that of Holland. It has reached a figure we should have deemed chimerical a few years since for our ocean commerce.

He would leave out of question the value of such intelligence to all other departments save commerce. In four years, ending 1858, $10,000,000 and 866 lives were lost on these lakes. Suppose but a quarter of this loss might be due to a lack of the meteorological foreknowledge above shown to be attainable. The same power exists to provide for the lakes as for the salt water (save that the Lake waters wash no cotton growing region. Eds.) Government has held back because the Lake region has not come forward to ask it.

He alluded to the position taken by Col. Graham as to the demand for and value of harbors of refuge on these lakes, in peace or war, fully sustaining and enforcing the same.

The lecturer closed by briefly but strongly pressing home the importance of the theme, and paid at the close a high compliment to our distinguished citizen. Col. Graham, to whom already much is due for the advance made in this direction, and who might with proper aid from Government in the collection of observations, collate and discuss the same to the almost incalculable advantage of Lake Commerce.

We have thus imperfectly sketched the outline of Lieut. Maury's lecture. We have done it no justice in many of its features, but in the space allowed have attempted to present its most salient points.

MRS. BOSTWICK'S BENEFIT.—We need not ask our readers to remember the concert of the Musical Union this evening, complimentary to Mrs. Bostwick, for it is the theme of conversation in all our best circles. Tickets are selling with a rapidity that should admonish all who intend to go to secure their tickets at once. Besides, the attractive features contributed to the programme by the Musical Union and the Great Western Band, it will be seen, by reference to another column, that Mrs. Bostwick will sing this evening, for the first time in Chicago, the great song from the Messiah, "I know that my Redeemer liveth," and the magnificent solo from Norma, "Casta Diva," in which, in New York and other cities, she has so much distinguished herself. A glance at the programme, in another column, is sufficient to show that the Musical Union has rarely offered such a casket of musical gems as upon this occasion.

DEATH OF P. BALLINGALL, ESQ.—On Sunday morning in this city, departed this life Patrick Ballingall, Esq., a well and widely known member of the Chicago bar. The following notice of the deceased we find in yesterdays *Journal*:

The death of a man so closely identified with the growth of our city and the interests and dignity of the legal profession, deserves more than a passing notice at our hands. While death has but shrouded his frailties, we can but recall many virtues which endeared him as a friend and trace the steps by which he arose to a legal position second to none in our city.

Mr. Ballingall was born in the year 1811, at Ayr, Ayrshire, Scotland; He came to this city about twenty-four years ago, and engaged himself as a school teacher in a school house on the North Branch. Subsequently he became a clerk in the old Tremont House. After serving out a short term at the Tremont, he commenced the study of law in the office of Messrs. Spring & Goodrich, and here it was that his legal tact began to develope itself, and the first of those steps were taken which have gained for him the well-earned title of the first practitioner at the bar. In 1839 he was appointed Clerk of the Du Page County Court, by Hon. Theophilus Smith, the Justice of the Supreme and Circuit Courts at that time, which office he filled with unusual fidelity, gaining for himself great credit for his wonderful accuracy in the reports.

In 1842 he resigned his position, removed to this city and became a party of Judge Smith. In 1848 he was a member of the State Convention. In 1852 he was elected District Attorney and also filled the office of City Attorney in 1854, during the administration of I. L. Miliken, Esq., if we remember rightly. Since that time he has practiced law in our Courts, being associated with the leading members of the bar, all of whom bear witness to his exceeding competency, kindly courtesy, and dignified bearing as a man, both professionally and socially.

The members of the bar of this city met and paid a fitting and honorable tribute to their deceased brother in the several Courts of our city. The funeral of the deceased will take place at 1 P. M. to-day.

A FEMALE THIEF IN CUSTODY.—A female thief of some notoriety and large experience in her profession, is now in custody and is to be examined to-day. She is a short, stout Irish personage, with red hair, and has for some months past been in the practice of getting employment as a sewing woman in families about town, carrying with her from each place such articles of property as she could appropriate. She has, or the officers now have, quite an assortment of apparel, bedding, &c., the result of her industry. Several ladies yesterday identified at the City Marshal's office, articles they had missed, and others may do the same.

PERSONAL.—[illegible] Rector of Trinity Church, in this city, has just received a call to Trinity Church, in Washington, D. C. His acceptance is uncertain. It is certainly a high compliment.

Mrs. Ellen Key Blunt, now on a Reading tour in the Northwest, read at Detroit on Saturday evening, and is to read at Milwaukee, Peoria and St. Louis. It is possible she may be induced to repeat her late highly pleasing and successful appearance before a Chicago audience.

ILLINOIS ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—The members of St. Andrew's Society are requested to meet at the Masonic Temple at 12½ o'clock to-day (Tuesday) to attend in a body the funeral of Patrick Ballingall, late a member of the Society.

W. STEWART, Acting Secretary.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.—The Common Council met last evening. Mayor Haines in the chair. After the reading of the minutes, Ald. Carter offered a resolution allowing L. P. Hilliard to change securities of $2,000 on a certain water lot. A statement was made by Judge Morris explaining the reasons for the request. Referred to the Mayor, Comptroller and the Finance Committee, with power to act.

PETITIONS RECEIVED AND REFERRED.

Remonstrance of property holders on Canal street against allowing the Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad to lay down a track on that street. Laid on the table until unfinished business came up.

VETO OF THE MAYOR.

The veto of the Mayor of the order the Council, passed at the [illegible] to pay $300 to C. P. Bradley, and to give possession of [illegible] No. 1 to Fire Company No. 1, was received. The whole subject was referred to the Committee on Fire and Water.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Ald. Long, to legalize the contracts made by the City Superintendent. Ordered printed, and referred to a Special Committee.

Ald. Wahl, from Committee of Wharves and Public Grounds, reported Cemetery deeds correct. Ordered placed on file.

Streets and Alleys, South Division—Sidewalk on the west side of Monterey street. Passed.

North Division—To grade Granger street. Passed. To construct several sidewalks in the North and West Divisions.

Ald. Carpenter, from the Committee on Claims, to pay $50 for rent of grounds for small pox hospital—carried.

Ald. Sitts, from Committee on Fire and Water—not to make an appropriation to put water pipes in the Orphan Asylum. Referred to the Water Commissioners.

To accept the resignations of members of of Liberty Hose Co. No. 6. Passed.

To accept the resignation of Lafayette Hose Co. No. 4. Laid on the table and ordered published.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

The order allowing the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad Company to lay down a track on Canal street, to remain one year, was called up and a substitute was offered by Alderman Carter. Substitute passed.

Alderman Bross introduced an order appropriating $10,000 to pay wages of teachers in the Public Schools. Passed.

Alderman Long offered an order to extend the time of paying personal taxes for thirty days. Passed. Adjourned.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

☞ A new supply of the "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table," have been received at Andrews, 73 Dearborn street, under the Revere House, where always may be found the latest publications from all parts of the world.

A look at his shelves will make a person buy.

☞ Grover & Baker's New Family Sewing Machines at $50, $75 and $100. Will be on sale this day. H. C. ALEXANDER, Agent, no22-3t 166 Lake street.

COLBY'S GIFT BOOKSTORE, AT 118 RANDOLPH STREET, BETWEEN CLARK AND DEARBORN.—You go there and purchase a book for ten shillings, and you are at once presented a gift, in value from one to one hundred dollars, at the time of sale. If the articles of jewelry do not suit, the purchaser can select from the immense stock a $1.25 book, making two books, new and perfect, for $1.25.

The ladies are particularly invited to call; for a large share of their books are published for lady readers. They have a fine assortment of annuals, prayer books and gift books, of all kinds, for the coming holidays. no22-3t

☞ See advertisement of Quaker City $20 Sewing Machine. L. CORNELL & Co., 133 Lake st. oc26-1y

☞ See advertisement of Dr. SANFORD'S Liver Invigorator in another column.

MARRIED.

On the 22d inst., by the Rev. Dr. Ryan, of the Wabash Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, at the residence of Henry E. Seelye, Esq., JAMES J. ELY and MARY EMMA LOOK, both of this city.

☞ City papers please copy.

By Rev. Ira E. Kenney, at his residence in this city, on the 20th inst., Mr. THOMAS H. AGNEW and Miss EMMA EDMONDSON, of Chicago.

KEELER'S EXCELSIOR HAT, CAP AND FUR STORE.
NUMBER 102 RANDOLPH STREET.
Where he will keep constantly on hand both for wholesale and retail trade, the largest and best selected stock of
Hats, Caps and Straw Goods,
Ever offered in this market.
Military Hats made to order.
☞ Country Merchants supplied with goods on [illegible]
W. C. KEELER, Agent. [illegible]

New Advertisements.

REMEMBER ALL YE THAT ARE "Insured" that if you use Camphene or Burning Fluid *your insurance is of no efficacy*. Put all these dangerous burning substances aside at once, and use that which is not only more brilliant and more economical but entirely *non explosive*. This is the
LUNAR OIL.
To be obtained at 47 Lasalle street. no23-1t-b582

FOR RENT OR SALE.—A FIRST-CLASS Brick Residence in the West Division, near Madison street with Stable, Barn and a large Garden, will be rented with or without Furniture to a good tenant, or sold on long time. For particulars, giving full name and stating where an interview may be had, address Post Office Box "808." Part of rent can be paid by boarding the advertiser. no23-2w-b578

MASONIC.—THE MEMBERS OF Oriental Lodge No. 33, are hereby requested to meet at Masonic Temple to-day at 12 M. for the purpose of attending the funeral of our deceased brother P. BALLINGALL. The fraternity generally are invited to attend. [no23 1t] W. C. HUNT, W. M.

WANTED—A YOUNG OR MIDDLE-Aged Man of energetic business habits, to attend to general in and out-door business. Must possess some capital. Address, with full name, &c., "Thompson & Co.," Tribune Office. no23-3t*

FOR MILWAUKEE, FORT WASHINGTON, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Two Rivers. The Low-Pressure Steamer HURON, Capt. MORGAN, will leave for the above ports on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock, taking Freights also for Kenosha and Racine.
☞ For Freight or Passage apply on board or to no23-2t DREW & GOODRICH.

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS HAVING claims against Cook County will file the same with the Clerk on or before the first Monday of December next. no23-1d-b576 C. B. FARWELL, Clerk.

NOTICE TO FORWARDERS. Last Boat of the Season of the COLLINGWOOD LINE.
Through bills given for Property to Boston, Portland, Montreal, Ogdensburgh, Toronto, and all points on the Vermont Central, Grand Trunk, and Ontario, Simcoe and Huron Railroads.
THE Staunch Propellor MONTGOMERY, CAPT. J. NICHOLSON.
Will leave her dock, foot of Lasalle street, on TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 23d. Weather permitting.
For Freight or Passage apply to no23 1t-b571 A. T. SPENCER & CO.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY FOR DECEMBER, NOW READY.
CONTENTS:
The Ideal Tendency. The Skater. A Bundle of Irish Pennants. Bulls and Bears. Spirits in Prison. All's Well. The Minister's Wooing. The Autocrat gives a Breakfast to the Public. The Hour before Dawn. Thomas Jefferson. The Jolly Mariner. Suggestions. Punch. The Subjective of It. The Birds of the Pasture and Forest. Literary Notices.
The Publishers believe that this Magazine has become a necessity with the intelligent reading public. Not contented, however, with past success, it will be the aim of its conductors to make it still more attractive and entertaining, while at the same time its high character and careful scholarship are preserved.
The FIRST VOLUME, consisting of seven numbers, ended in May last. The SECOND VOLUME, also containing seven numbers, will end with the present issue. In which the Index is given. Hereafter the volumes will begin in January and July.
The issues of the ATLANTIC are stereotyped, and back numbers can be supplied.
TERMS: $3.00 per annum, or twenty-five cents a number. Upon the receipt of the subscription price, the publishers will mail the work to any part of the United States, pre-paid. Subscriptions may begin with either the first or any subsequent number.
CLUBS.—For $5.0, the Publishers will send Five copies of the ATLANTIC for one year, the subscribers paying their own postage.
Clergymen, Teachers, and Postmasters, will receive the work for TWO DOLLARS per annum.
Booksellers and Newsmen will obtain the terms by the hundred, etc., upon application to the publishers.
Phillips, Sampson & Co., no23-2t-b575 Publishers, 13 Winter street, Boston.

DRIED FRUITS.
30 BBLS DRIED APPLES.
15 bbls Pared Peaches. 15 bbls Dried Blackberries. 2 " Raspberries. 25 kegs Cherries. 50 " Turkish and French Prunes. 5 casks Hungarian Prunes. 4 cases Dried Prunelles. 200 boxes M. R. and Layer Raisins.
For sale at 151 South Water street, by WM. LITTLE & CO. no23-1y-572

Chicago and Milwaukee Railroad Company.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Chicago and Milwaukee Railroad Company will be holden at the office of said Company in Chicago, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may be presented.
By order of the Board, no23-td-b573 A. S. DOWNS, Secretary.

Auction Notice.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—THE WRITER OF this desires a situation in an established Auction House, or with any firm about to enter to the auction business. I have had the last five years in the city of New York, on my own account, general stocks of Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Men's Furnishing Goods, Watches and Jewelry, Furniture, &c. Two or three sales per week, Catalogues from 300 to 1000 lots. All of which were sold without any assistance. I would like a situation as salesman or to assist in some good and established auction house, and after an acquaintance I could be of service in influencing Consignments from the East. I can give good references to firms in this city. Address, where an interview can be had, "A. B. C.," Auctioneer, Box 1488. no23-1t*

INDIA RUBBER COMBS—IN GREAT variety and at low prices—a large lot just received. Also, always on hand an extensive assortment of Buffalo and English Horn, French and English Shell, Ivory, &c. For sale by SARGENT & ILSLEY, no23-1y-b574 Apothecaries, 140 Lake street.

CHAMOIS SKINS AND A FEW GENuine Buckskins for sale by SARGENT & ILSLEY, Apothecaries no23-1y-b574 140 Lake street.

GLYCERINE AND CAMPHOR SOAP, for Chapped Hands, for sale by SARGENT & ILSLEY, Apothecaries, no23 1y-b574 140 Lake street.

Delicacies for Invalids.
ALKETHRAPTA, (HOMEOPATHIC Chocolate.)
BISCOTINE—Better adapted to Infants than Arrow Root.
RACAHOUT—Particularly recommended to Mothers and delicate Females.
Taylor's Genuine Arrow Root, French Chocolate, Broma, Cocoa, Cocoa Shells, Robinson's Patent Groats and Barley, Scotch Oat Meal, Stuart's Confectionary, French Gum Drops, Jeffrey's Sparkling Ale, Bass' India Ale and Porter, Longworth's Catawba Wine and Brandy, Pure Wines and Brandies, Raspberry, Cordial and Syrup.
☞ [illegible] attention paid to the purity of above. [illegible]
J. H. REED & CO.,
Apothecaries and Chemists, 144 and 146 Lake street. no23-1y-b581

MASTER AND COMMISSIONER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, Cook County, S. S.—Cook County Court of Common Pleas—In Chancery.
Edward Grayson vs. James Barnett et al.
Public notice is hereby given that I, L. C. Paine Freer, Master in Chancery of Cook County, [illegible] and Special Commissioner, appointed by [illegible] the above entitled cause to make the sale [illegible] tised, will, in pursuance of said order and [illegible] sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder on the eighth day of December, A. D. 1858, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the premises known as No. 1-9 Lake street, Chicago, on the second floor of said premises, all the following described goods and chattels to wit:—1 Taylor's Imperial No. 4 Printing Press and Distributor; 1 Taylor's Super Royal Printing Press; 1 Hoe's Self-inking machine; 1 Ruggles Card Engine Press; 1 Gordon's Alligator Printing Press; 1 Ruggles Bill Head Printing Press; 4 Roller moulds; 1 Font small Pica, 300 lbs; 1 Font Brevier 1,000 lbs; 1 Font Nonpariel, 450 lbs; 1 Font Nonpariel, 150 lbs; 125 Fonts Small Job Type; 50 Fonts large Wood and Metal Type; 1 Paper Cutter (Ruggles); 1 Card Cutter (Ruggles); 114 Cases; 15 cook Chases; 3 Stands; 1 Standing Galley; 2 Imposing Stones and Frames; 2 Stoves and Pipe; quantity of Gas Fixtures; 6 Signs; 1 Chest; 2 Tables; 1 Cupboard; 1 lot of Cuts, and other Printing Materials, not here enumerated.
L. C. PAINE FREER, Master and Commissioner.
Chicago, November 23d, 1858. no23-td

REMEMBER ALL YE THAT ARE "Insured" that if you use Camphene or Burning Fluid *your insurance is of no efficacy*. Put all these dangerous burning substances aside at once, and use that which is not only more brilliant and more economical, but entirely *non explosive*. This is the
LUNAR OIL.
To be obtained at 47 Lasalle street no23-1t-b582

GREAT COST SALE TO CLOSE OUT THE CONCERN.
CLOTHING
AT TAPPEN'S, 108 LAKE-ST.
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Having determined to dissolve our co-partnership at the close of the present business season, and wind up the concern, we have marked prices down to PRIME COST. Our present stock having been manufactured by ourselves, thereby saving the Jobber's profit, as well as securing BETTER WORKMANSHIP than can be obtained by purchasing at the East. We offer to dealers an opportunity to replenish their stocks at LOWER PRICES and with far BETTER GOODS than can be found ready-made elsewhere in town at any price.
TAPPEN BROS, 108 Lake street.
ONE PRICE ONLY.
☞ No Trust—Please don't ask it. no14

CHICAGO STEAM DYE WORKS.—
COOK, BRO. & CO.,
123 South Clark Street 123
CHICAGO ILLINOIS.
Lace Curtains, Crape Shawls and Counterpanes CLEANED BLEACHED,
And warranted to look as good as new.
CARPETS, HEARTH RUGS AND DRAUGHTS,
Of all kinds, cleaned and warranted.
CRAPE SHAWLS,
Dyed to any color with every kind of Ladies' Silk, Satin and Woolen Shawls and Dresses; Brochs, Stella and Woolen Shawls Cleaned and Pressed in a superior manner.
MERCANTILE PIECE GOODS,
WHOLE & UNSALEABLE,
Dyed and Re-finished.
N. B.—Gents' Coats, Vests and Pants Cleaned and Repaired with dispatch. [illegible]

5 CASKS CARB. AMMONIA,
25 cases Jenning's Calc'd Magnesia,
3 puncheons St. Thomas Bay Rum,
50 tins St. Vincent's Arrow Root,
5 cases Phosphorus,
500 pounds Prussiate Potash.
[illegible] SMITH & CO.
[illegible] South Water street.

Wanted.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—AN ACtive, intelligent young man, who has an extensive acquaintance in the city to act as Solicitor and do the out door work for an Insurance Office. Address, with real name, Draw "2605," P. O. no18-1w-b529

SHIRT MAKER WANTED.—WANTED a person competent to take charge of a custom Shirt Manufactory. Permanent employment and good wages will be given. Apply at 71 Lake street, under the Tremont House. no17 b530 1w*

RESIDENCE LOT WANTED ON NORTH SIDE.—The advertiser wishes to purchase either for cash or on canal time, a lot in a good neighborhood not less than 50 feet front. Must be East of Dearborn street and South of Superior; or, if West, on North Lasalle, between Chicago avenue and Division street. Address "M," box 664, giving full particulars, price and terms. no23 b564 1w

For Sale.

SLEIGHS! SLEIGHS!! SLEIGHS!!!
The subscriber has a fine assortment of
Pony Sleighs Cutters, Democrats, &c.,
For sale at low rates.
JOHN L. PECK.
no23 b569 2t* Nos. 53 and 54 Franklin street.

NOTICE TO PORK PACKERS.—A Steam Tank for rendering Lard, with the necessary fixtures, for sale at a bargain. Inquire at BLISS & NORTON'S LAW OFFICE 53 Clark street. no23 2w

ENGINES FOR SALE.—ONE DOUBLE Engine (second-hand) fourteen inches bore, and three and a half feet stroke, Iron Bed, with Fly Wheel and Shaft, all in good order and for sale low. Stationary and Portable Engines for sale.
JOHN T. NOYE & CO.
no8 b433 2m 28 Market street. (Lind's Block.)

Good Engine for Sale.
WE HAVE AN EXCELLENT STEAM Engine for sale at a low figure. It is about 12 horse power. Apply at this office. oc28-1m

HOTEL TO EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY, or
FOR SALE ON LIBERAL TERMS.
This Hotel is situated in the flourishing town of Weyauwega, Waupaca county, Wisconsin; a place containing twenty-five hundred inhabitants, and stands on the corner of the two principal streets. It is a new building, three stories high, containing fifty-four rooms, and is well constructed for a public house, and is the best one in the place; has a stable attached, 45x75, that will accommodate 50 horses. There are two daily lines of stages that run to and from this house, also a daily line of steamers on the Wolf and Fox rivers, that stop within a short distance.
The property will be exchanged for city property or merchandise, or sold on the most reasonable terms. If not sold, it will be rented for a term of years. This is a smart business place, and a good chance for a man acquainted with the hotel business to make money. A Daguerreotype of the premises can be seen at 170 Monroe street, where further information can be obtained, or at the land office of J. J. GALLAGHER & CO.
au25-b511-3m No. 108 Randolph-st.

To Rent.

LAKE HOUSE FOR RENT.—THE HOTEL in Chicago known as the Lake House is now for rent for a term of years, and its furniture for sale. Inquire for terms of W. R. SMITH, No. 14 Garrett's Block, and of H. S. RUCKER, Larmon's Block. no20 b555 2w

FOR RENT.—A GOTHIC RESIDENCE two and a half stories, with Carriage House and Stable, near Union Park, for rent or sale cheap.
DR. C. H. DUCK,
oc22 b370 44 Clark street.

Boarding.

A FEW GENTLEMEN CAN OBTAIN good board and rooms at 160 Monroe street. A few Day boarders can also be accomodated at $4 per week. no18 b527 1w*

BOARDING.—A FRONT ROOM WITH Board at 142 Wabash avenue. Room furnished with a marble-top Rosewood Set, Fire and Gas. A few gentlemen accommodated with day board. Apply at the House or at the Mechanical Bakery, Central Depot, Portland Block. no18 b526 1w*

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND Wife, or two single gentlemen, can find good room and board at No. 47 West Washington street, corner of Clinton, only two blocks west of the river. no17-3w-b523

BOARDING.—THERE ARE AT PRESent several vacancies at the Newton House, corner of State and Van Buren streets, which are suitable for gentlemen and their wives. Excellent room accommodations and good board. References given and required. Also, vacancies for single gentlemen, and day boarders accommodated. oc20-b320-1m

BOARDING—FURNISHED ROOMS AND First-class Board can now be obtained at No. 88 Monroe street, opposite the new post office. Also a few day boarders at reasonable prices. au25-b372-3m

Lost.

LOST, ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON, ONE roll of bank bills, containing fifty-five dollars. The finder will receive a reward of twenty dollars by returning [illegible]

THE ADVERTISER HAS SOME CHOICE selections of unimproved lands and money to exchange for stocks of Merchandise, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Dry Goods, &c. Address "Exchange," Box 4181, Chicago, Ill. no19-1m*b545

A FARM TO EXCHANGE.—A FARM containing 400 acres, 150 well timbered, situated 35 miles from Chicago, near a depot, will be exchanged for city property. Inquire of B. H. SKINNER, corner of Market and Adams. no14 b503 1m

$50 REWARD.—THE ABOVE REWARD is offered for the body of MR. S. W. DERICKSON, who was drowned in Lake Michigan, opposite the Lake View House, about two and a half miles from shore on the 1st November. Mr. D. was 30 years of age, 5 feet 11 inches in height, and had dark brown hair. (It is not known what dress he may be found and the identification of any body that may be found and which may be supposed to be that for which the above reward is offered, call on [illegible] J. KNIBBLY, No. 78 Dearborn street, Room No. 1, second floor. nov15-2w*-b500

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Union Line Transportation Company will not be responsible for debts contracted by captains or hands employed on any of the boats of said Company.
JOHN P. CHAPIN, President.
Chicago, November 9th, 1858. no10-1m-b483

MONEY TO LOAN.—
A few thousands to Invest in
FIRST-CLASS SECURITIES,
Running from One to Twelve Months.
Also, can use a few ten per cent. Coupon Bonds, running five years.
B. F. DOWNING & CO., oc29 57 Clark street.

EASTERN PROPERTY TO EXCHANGE for WESTERN.
Apply by mail or otherwise to
T. S. HUBBARD, Urbana, Ill.
oc28-b279-3m*

TO BUILDERS.—A RESPONSIBLE Builder, who is willing to contract for the erection of a good wood or brick dwelling in the South Division, and will take first-class unimproved business property on Michigan avenue for the same. Address "R," post office box 2560. oc9 b22-1m

THE CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT Certified Checks of R. K. Swift, Brother & Johnston, [illegible] to suit purchasers, to pay indebtedness to them, [illegible] Office No. [illegible] (second floor) Metropolitan Block, [illegible] and Lasalle streets, Chicago.
W. DAVIDSON.

MONEY LOANED ON CITY REAL ESTATE Securities, Mortgages, Trust Deeds, Bonds, Stocks, Business Notes and all good negotiable securities bought and sold. Certificates of Deposits and Checks of R. K. Swift, Brother & Johnston, purchased for cash at the highest market price. Dealers in Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa lands, improved farms, suburban lots and City Real Estate. Office No. 8, (second floor) Metropolitan Block, corner of Randolph and Lasalle sts. Chicago. oc24 2m W. DAVIDSON.

For the Holidays.

CHARLES WIERSS,
197 Randolph Street 197
Selling off a Stock worth $25,000 before New Year at 25 per cent. below cost, consisting of
Toys and Fancy Goods,
AND
HOLIDAY PRESENTS!!
Now is the time to purchase at Wholesale or Retail, at
WILLIAM A. F. WIERSS, Agent,
no20 b556 1m 197 Randolph st.—bet. Wells and Franklin.

American Stereoscopic Views.
JUST RECEIVED—A NEW AND BEAUtiful assortment of Views in America, never before offered in Chicago, consisting in part of the following:
NIAGARA FALLS, TRENTON FALLS, PATTERSON FALLS, LOCKPORT, N. Y., NEW YORK CITY, BOSTON, CAMBRIDGE, and many others.
All of which are offered at prices to suit the times.
no20-1y-b561 GEO. A. CARMAN, 124 Lake st.

Change of Time.
St. Louis, Alton & Chicago RAILROAD.
THROUGH TO ST. LOUIS BY RAIL.
ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, NOV. 21, Trains over the road will leave the St. Louis Depot corner of West Van Buren and Canal streets as follows:
St. Louis, Cairo and New Orleans Day Express, 9.00 A. M. (Sundays excepted).
St. Louis, Cairo and New Orleans Night Express, 9.00 P. M. (Saturday excepted).
Trains arrive from St. Louis at 7.20 A. M. and 11.20 P. M.
Joliet Accomodation leaves Chicago at 4.00 P. M.—arrives at 9.50 A. M. no22 b564 1w

Assignee's Sale.
THE STOCK OF T. B. DAVIS, 46 DEARborn street, is selling off to close the concern, at PRICES BELOW COST OF IMPORTATION,
CONSISTING OF FINE
Wines and Brandies, Gin, Rum, Old Bourbon and Scotch Whiskys, Port, Sherry, Madeira, Claret, &c., &c.
Many of the finer goods are in small packages for family use.
Also—One Herring Safe, Desks, Stove, &c. By order of no20 1w b560 SAMUEL HAWK, Assignee.

Take Notice!
THE HOTEL KNOWN AS THE LAUDON HOUSE,
BLOOMINGTON, ILL.,
Has changed hands, and has been thoroughly fitted up so that it is now in all respects as good as any hotel in the State. Travellers wishing to stop in the beautiful city of Bloomington will find this house to be a pleasant place to sojourn at.
The House is now under the management of [illegible] R. R. LAUDON, Agent.

Hope Fire Insurance Company,
OF NEW YORK CITY.
Cash Assets $175,000.
REFERENCES (BY AUTHORITY) IN CHICAGO.
[illegible]
T. G. VAN BUREN, Agent.
[illegible]

Amusements.

GRAND CONCERT OF THE CHICAGO MUSICAL UNION,
Complimentary to
Mrs. Emma G. Bostwick,
Tuesday Evening, Nov. 23, 1858.
Assisted by Mr. A. C. WILLIAMS, Mr. HENRY DeCLERQUE, And the entire GREAT WESTERN BAND.
PART FIRST.
1. Overture—Semiramis Great Western Band.
2. Recit and Air—Comfort ye my People. Mr. A. C. Williams
3. Chorus—And the Glory of the Lord.
4. Song from the Messiah—I know that my Redeemer liveth Mrs. Bostwick
5. Violin Solo—La Fetit Tambour Mr. H. DeClerque
6. Grand Cavatina, from Norma, Casta Diva. Mrs. Bostwick
7. Chorus—Glory be to God in the Highest.
PART SECOND.
1. Bravura Song—Happy Birdling Mrs. Bostwick. Flute Obligato, H. Fritsen.
2. Solo and Chorus—Crowned with the Tempest. J. G. Lombard.
3. Scotch Ballad—Annie, o'the Banks o'Dee. Mrs. Bostwick.
4. Lob der Thranen Orchestra
5. Romance—Sicilienne Mrs. Bostwick
6. Grand Chorus—Hallelujah to the Father.
☞ Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at 7½ o'clock. Tickets 50 cents each, to be had at the Music and Book Stores, and at the door. no22-1t-b579

PATCH WORK! PATCH WORK!!
AT MECHANICS' INSTITUTE HALL,
Thanksgiving Eve, Nov. 25, 1858,
A SELECTION OF
PATCH WORK VARIETIES
WILL BE GIVEN ON THE ABOVE EVENING,
By the accomplished Songstress and Actress MRS. C. HOWARD, The distinguished Author and Actor, MR. H. WATKINS, and the Chef D'Orchestre, MR. J. P. LUKE.
The Entertainment will consist of
Grand Dramatic and Operatic Selections,
From the most popular Authors and Composers, and will be varied by almost every style of Legitimate and Refined Amusement, the principal feature of which will be a
RUNNING ACCOMPANIMENT OF MIRTH,
Made up of Popular Ballads, Comic and Sentimental Duetts and Instrumental Solos. To conclude with a Laughable Musical Sketch in dialogue, dedicated to Hen Pecked Husbands, Tied-at-Home Wives, and Matrimonial Squabblers generally, called
How to Get a Divorce!
Full particulars of this unique Patch Work in small bills.
☞ Cards of admission only 25 cents. no23 b568 4t

THANKSGIVING AFTERNOON.
Grand Concert.
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL,
Given by Prof. H. Perabeau,
AT METROPOLITAN HALL,
Thanksgiving Afternoon, at 3 O'clock.
(November 25th.)
PROF. PERABEAU will bring out his Consecration Mass with full chorus and orchestra, in a superior style. He will be assisted by Madame Dasal, the Celebrated Singer; Mr. DeClerq, the well known Violist; and the entire Choir of St. Mary's Cathedral, under the charge of Prof. Perabeau and by Unger's fine Orchestra.
Concert to begin at 3 o'clock. Tickets 50 cents each. Children half price. no20 b557 3t

Young Men's Association Lectures,
1858-59.
THE COURSE WILL CONSIST OF TWELVE LECTURES to be delivered by the following gentlemen:—
Lieut. MAURY, Washington.
GEO. D. PRENTICE, Louisville.
HORACE GREELEY, New York.
Dr. J. G. HOLLAND, Springfield.
BAYARD TAYLOR, New York.
GEORGE SUMNER, Boston, Mass.
Dr. E. H. CHAPIN, New York.
EDWIN P. WHIPPLE, Boston.
Rev. H. W. BEECHER, New York.
JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL, Boston.
Rev. W. H. MILBURN, New York.
RALPH WALDO EMERSON, Boston.
The Opening Lecture of the Course will be delivered by
LIEUT. M. F. MAURY,
Of the Washington Observatory,
IN METROPOLITAN HALL,
On SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 27th, at 7½ P. M.
SUBJECT—"Insect Life in the Sea, and the Paths through it."
Tickets for the Course may be procured of any of the Members of the Executive Committee, of the Librarian at the Rooms of the Association, and at the Bookstores of Carney, Cooke, Griggs, and Keen.
Members Season Tickets, admitting Lady & Gent $3.00
Non Members " " " 4.00
Members " " 1 person 2.00
Non Members " " " 3.00
Admission to Single Lecture 50
☞ Tickets for single lecture sold at the door.
JAMES W. WILSON, JOHN LYLE KING.

Lectures on Japan.
DR. BETTELHEIM,
Who has resided nine years in Japan, is open for engagements for a very interesting course of Lectures on that country during the present season. Address
DR. BETTELHEIM,
no17 b512 1w Cayuga, Illinois.

FOURTH ANNIVERSARY BALL OF
Chicago Shield's Guard,
AT
LIGHT GUARD HALL,
ON
THURSDAY, Nov. 25th, 1858.
COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:
Capt. C. E. MOORE. Lieut. J. A. MULLIGAN. Lieut. J. RILEY. Jas. McDONALD. Lieut. E. MANUS. Wm. SAVAGE. T. KEARNEY.
no18-10t

MIRASOLE'S NEW DANCING ACADEMY,
CORNER MADISON AND CLARK-STS., CHICAGO.
Will open Thursday, October 14th, with a GRAND SOIREE. All the new and fashionable Dances and music have been received from Paris, and will be introduced at this academy during the coming season. For particulars inquire at the Academy. G. MIRASOLE. no18-b01-3m

Auction Sales.

AT AUCTION
BY GILBERT, HILL & SAMPSON.—
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
Carpets, Silver-Plated Ware and Mirrors,
AT AUCTION,
ON TUESDAY MORNING, Nov. 23, at 9½ o'clock, will be sold at our Salesroom,
35 LAKE STREET,
(Between Wabash and Michigan avenues.)
A large and splendid assortment of Rich Furniture consisting in part of
ELEGANT PARLOR SUITS
In damask and plush [illegible]
BEDROOM FURNITURE.
Rich carved and plain mahogany chamber suits, painted chamber suits, mahogany and walnut French bedsteads, cane chairs and rockers, [illegible] comforters, gilt frame mirrors.
DINING ROOM FURNITURE.
Extension tables, breakfast tables, [illegible] chairs, oak side boards, [illegible]
SILVER-PLATED WARE.
Tea sets, goblets, castors, table, dessert and tea spoons, table and dessert forks, [illegible] knives.
Common Furniture, Crockery and Glassware will be closed out without reserve.
GILBERT, HILL & SAMPSON, Auctioneers.
nov22-td-b570

BY WURTS & COMPANY.
ASSIGNEE'S SALE.
REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.
We will sell to the highest bidder for cash, (to be paid in specie,) on the premises
ON TUESDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF DECEMBER,
[illegible]
First—Seventy five feet of land fronting south on Erie street, between Cass and Wolcott streets, in block 38, Wolcott's addition to Chicago, on which there is a house [illegible] owned by him.
ALSO,
Second—Eighty feet (80 feet) fronting east on Cass street, between Clark and Dearborn streets, in block 39, Wolcott's addition to Chicago, [illegible] houses thereon, subject.
ALSO,
Third—Forty-eight feet fronting south on Erie street, in block 38, Wolcott's addition to Chicago. There are two small wooden houses on the foregoing lot, one of which is occupied by Robert Malcolm.
ALSO,
Fourth—Thirty-six feet fronting east on Clark street, and fronting, also, 150 feet south on Erie street, with a brick house thereon.
ALSO,
Fifth—The [illegible] feet north of foregoing, fronting east on Clark street.
ALSO,
[illegible]
C. V. DYER, Assignee.
WURTS & CO., Auctioneers. [illegible]

J. B. TAYLOR & CO.,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 50 Wells St., opp. Briggs House,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
SOLICITS CONSIGNMENTS OF EVERY description of property, to be sold at Auction, for cash, on time or commission. Also, Vessels, Cargoes, Real Estate, &c. [illegible] J. B. TAYLOR & CO.

Copartnerships, &c.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between J. H. Choe and A. W. Sexton, under the name of Choe & Sexton, [illegible]

[illegible]

PRESS AND TRIBUNE.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 20, 1860.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

The year now about to close has been one of unusual health and abundance. And although in some portions of our State the harvest has been less plentiful than we have been accustomed to receive, and in some localities more deficient than usual has marked the season, yet, upon the whole, it has been a year of eminent prosperity to our citizens, and all the elements of success and plenty seem to have been combined in their most favorable proportions. Peace and plenty have reigned all within, and no foreign war or pestilence has visited us from abroad. We have, therefore, This the good people of our State may join in offerings of Thanksgiving for our manifold blessings, I recommend that Thursday, the 29th day of November next, be set apart and observed by them as a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer. Let, for that day, all temporal matters of business be suspended, all worldly affairs laid aside—and let us, with hearts of forgiveness, each toward all others, unite in Praise and Thanksgiving to God for the countless blessings of the closing year.

WM. H. BISSELL.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 26, '60. Gov. of Illinois.

Cotton Cultivation in Africa—A New Field for Emigrant Aid Societies.

While certain pro-slavery politicians are busily engaged upon schemes for extending the area of slavery and for reopening the African slave trade, a movement has been quietly inaugurated which promises not only to close Africa forever against the piratical incursions of slave-traders, but which will unquestionably inflict a blow upon American Slavery itself more damaging than any it has yet sustained. However much the moral aspects of slavery may have been made an element in the discussion of that subject, its character as a paying institution has ever been its strongest bulwark. For more than a century its upholders and apologists in this country have frankly admitted it to be an infraction of the moral law; but still it has held on its way, increasing both in the number of its victims and in its political influence in the government. The annual product of a cotton or sugar plantation has exerted a far greater potency upon the destiny of the institution than whole tomes devoted to the consideration of natural rights. So long as slaveholding continues to be profitable in the cotton and sugar States, rendering slave-breeding profitable in Virginia, Kentucky, and other border States, there is but little reason to expect that measures will be instituted either for its immediate or its ultimate extinction. Let the system become unprofitable, and either it will be abrogated, or, in the language of John Randolph, "the masters will run away from their slaves."

In this view of the subject the attention of philanthropists has long been turned to the production by free labor of those articles which render slave labor profitable. In the Chinese sugar cane, it is believed by many, that a means has been discovered of successfully competing with the production of sugar at the South, in every free State of the Union. Some experiments upon the fibre of flax as a substitute for cotton have been less successful; and it is now generally conceded that no vegetable product can be made to compete successfully with the cotton-plant. If slave labor directed to cotton-growing is to be made unprofitable, it must be by the more extensive and cheaper cultivation of the plant in other countries. The English Government has labored incessantly for years to introduce and foster its culture in East India; but the quality grown there is so inferior to American cotton, as to produce no appreciable effect upon the price of the latter in European markets. So far as it was expected to affect slavery in this country, cotton-growing in India may with safety be pronounced a failure.

Within the last eight or ten years explorations in Africa have brought to light the wonderful adaptation of both the soil and climate of that country to the growth of cotton. Especially has Western Africa been found to be exceedingly prolific in its production, and of good quality. The plant is indigenous to the country, is easily cultivated, and is perennial. We have the authority of Livingstone, Barth and Bowen—the latter a Baptist Missionary from Georgia to Yoruba—for saying that Africa is pre-eminently adapted to cotton-growing. But more than this—in some districts of Western Africa, the business of cotton-growing and the manufacture of it into cloth, is already conducted on a comparatively large scale. On both sides of the Niger and far up in the interior of the country, it forms the chief staple of trade. Within a few years an increased stimulus has been given to its production by the introduction of skilled labor and machinery through the agency of enterprising English merchants. Mr. Clegg, of Manchester, who has been the most active in this matter, states that up to the 1st of March last, he had sent to the district of Abbeokuta 157 cotton-gins, and that three makers of cotton-gins in Manchester have sent out through his instrumentality 250 more. Four cotton presses are already at work in the district, capable of putting up 12,000 bales annually. Add to this, that orders are in Manchester from various native traders for additional gins and presses, and the reader can form some idea as to the impetus which has been given to the production of cotton in that district. When Mr. Clegg, in 1852, first turned his attention to this subject, there had been no exports of cotton from Abbeokuta to England. In that year 1,800 pounds was brought to Great Britain. In 1856 the amount reached 11,500 pounds—in 1857 there were 35,400 pounds, and in the first five months of this year 94,400 pounds were received at Manchester from that district. From Lagos, another district, the exports of cotton in 1856 were 34,491 pounds, and in 1857 they were 114,824 pounds. Besides this export, 200,000 cotton cloths, weighing 24 lbs ea.lh, were exported to Brazil, 200,000 more, weighing 4½ to 5 lbs. each, were sold to their neighbors—and this exclusive of the home supply.

It is true these figures are small, but they none the less clearly verify that Africa possesses the soil and climate necessary for the successful cultivation of cotton. It must be borne in mind also, that the business, so far as the export trade is concerned, is yet but in its infancy. Heretofore there has been but little inducement for the extensive cultivation of the plant by the natives. They are not aware of the demand there is for the article. Mr. Clegg says that much larger quantities can be collected in Abbeokuta annually, only the natives suppose it would not be purchased if brought into the trading posts. That cotton can be grown—grown in large quantities and of good quality, in Africa, no longer admits of a question. The chief remaining inquiry is, whether the native population have the habits of industry to furnish it in such quantities as to outdown the demand in Europe for American cotton. It is represented by the travellers whom we have named above, as well as by other explorers, that in Western as Central Africa, and in the Valley of the Niger, the people are fare more civilized and possessed of a higher order of intellect than the demoralized tribes on the coast. In those districts slaves are occasionally met with containing 80,000, 100,000 and even 120,000 people, inhabited by a staple-minded, primitive and industrious race, fond of agriculture, and skilled in the use of the wheel and loom of their own construction. Those who have the best opportunity of judging, are confident that in order to secure the extensive culture of cotton by these people it is only necessary to offer them the proper inducements in the way of trade and to aid in giving their efforts the right direction.

Some of the leading men at the South already begin to manifest alarm in view of these facts. Gen. D. Green has written upon the subject, declaring that the movement is merely the initial step toward the final absorption of the whole continent by England and France, who will enslave the inhabitants and set them in growing cotton and sugar. "Is it not, therefore," he says, "apparent that the real question is who shall be enslaved the market? Our planters in the South, or French or British planters in Africa—our planters, with their hands at twenty dollars per acre, and eleven or one thousand dollars per head, or French or British masters in Africa, with hands at a penalty and slaves at fifty dollars? The fact is now, but it is to be determined. We have [illegible] and the question is now [illegible] and the question is now [illegible] and the question is now

Special Notices.

It has been currently reported that in most of the Western cities, the "Town Bell" tolls every day at noon for the inhabitants to gulp down quinine as a preventive of disease caused by malaria of the climate. Of course taking quinine is a contagious habit and every new settler is supplied with the poisonous drug and instructed to take it in large quantities if he would escape the Fever and Ague. Every house has its medicine chest filled with this dangerous stuff, and as regular as the hour comes around so regular do they gulp it down, as though it was the richest delicacy of the season. Dr. J. Hostetter, a good Samaritan of Pittsburgh, knowing the dreadful effects of quinine upon the human system, when taken with so much indiscretion, has prepared a compound which has in all cases in which it has been tried, proved a speedy cure for Fever and Ague, and all other diseases caused by the digestive organs.

For sale by Druggists and dealers generally, everywhere. no22 2w

F. S. Cleaver's Prize Medal Honey Soap, the only genuine, will be found the best Toilet Soap in use, possessing a free and creamy lather, a lasting and delicate perfume, and warranted not to injure the skin, beware of counterfeits.

F. S. Cleaver's Musk and Extra Scented Brown Windsor and Glycerine Soaps. Also, Saponaceous Tooth Powder, for the teeth and gums, to be had at all respectable Drug, Grocery and Fancy Stores in the United States. Manufactory in London. Wholesale Depot 31 and 33 Dey street, New York. oc28 b334 8m J. C. ROYSTON, Agt.

A Card.—The Subscribers beg to announce that they have been appointed Agents for the sale of WALTHAM WATCHES, and that they are now prepared to supply the Trade at Manufacturer's Prices.

They will guarantee the satisfactory performance of every Watch sold by them of this manufacture, believing as they do that the durability of these Watches and their unequalled time-keeping qualities warrant them in so doing. CONSUMERS will not forget that in buying American Watches they avoid the numerous profits accumulated on the foreign article, before it reaches them, as well as the duties and expenses of importation.

J. T. & E. M. EDWARDS, oc25b298-3m 101 Clark street.

All those who are afflicted with any Chronic disease considered incurable, will receive a Letter giving information which will insure a speedy and permanent cure by sending their name and one stamp (to prepay postage) to Dr. E. B. FOOTE, the celebrated Chronic Physician, and author of "Medical Common Sense," Saratoga Springs, N. Y. se14-3md&w-a854

Sawyer's Fluid Extract of Bark, an infallible remedy for the Fever and Ague, and the various forms of Billious Diseases, Intermittent, Remittent, Chill Fever and Dumb Ague, having their origin in malaria of very fertile and marshy districts, prepared by Dr. S. S. Sawyer, Druggist and Chemist, and sold by Sawyer, Paine & Co., No. 16 Lake street, Chicago.

This remedy is prepared entirely from vegetable substances, and contains no mercury, arsenic, or anything that can prove injurious to the system. Its effects are those of a deobstruent and tonic, well adapted to restore the healthy action of the Liver and Stomach, whose functions are so generally impaired in this class of diseases.

Quinine and other tonics serve only in many cases to break the chills, but do not remove the diseases of the liver and other organs implicated, on which the chill and Fever depend: hence the usefulness of the "Fluid Extract of Bark," (particularly in regions where Physicians cannot be readily consulted), which contains all the qualities suited to the indications of these maladies.

Hundreds of testimonials in regard to the efficacy of the medicine from persons of respectability, have been given to the proprietor—but he does not make use of them as he prefers to have the medicine introduce itself securely by its merits.

Charles' London Cordial Gin.—The Original and only London Gin Imported. This Gin, distilled in London from sound Barley, under the surveillance of the British Excise Laws, is delicately flavored with a tincture of the Italian Juniper Berry, and some of the most valuable restoratives of the Vegetable Kingdom, rendering it in the opinion of the most eminent medical men, the purest and safest stimulant or diuretic drink in use.

It is a delicious tonic, of a soft and delicate flavor, differing entirely from any other Gin, and devoid of that harsh, acrid taste, which renders the article known as Holland Gin or Schnapps so objectionable.

Though not intended as a medicine, it is recommended by physicians generally in cases of Dyspepsia, Gout, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Gravel, Colic, Cholera, Fever and Ague, Stricture, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, the Kidneys and the Bowels, Nervous Debility, &c., whilst the weaker sex will find by its adoption a sure relief from those distressing annoyances which frequently attend their delicate organization.

Dr. Valentine Mott, of New York, the highest medical authority, pronounces Charles' London Cordial Gin "not only superior to any other, but the best article of the kind he has ever seen."

It is peculiarly adapted to settlers in the Southern and Western States, as well as for travellers exposed to change of water and air.

For sale in quarts at seventy-five cents, and pints thirty-eight cents, by all Druggists, Grocers, Fruiterers, and Country Merchants. Beware of imitations. Buy only CHARLES'. NONE OTHER IS IMPORTED.

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ab31-1y EDMUND C. CHARLES, Importer, 40 Broadway, New York.

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WHITING & CO., 183 RANDOLPH STREET. OFFER AT SALE FROM STORE OR U. S. BONDED WAREHOUSE, AT A SMALL ADVANCE ON NEW YORK PRICES. WINE, BRANDY, GIN, RUM, AND WHISKY, TOBACCO AND CIGARS. Country orders solicited. je24-v826-1y.

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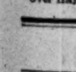
HAYDEN, KAY & CO., 238 Randolph Street, Chicago. Manufacturers, Importers and Dealers in **Saddlery Hardware** BENT STOCK, COACH TRIMMINGS, *Springs, Axles, Varnishes,* Webbings, Horse Collars, &c. P. HAYDEN, New York. F. WILSON, Cincinnati. WILLIAM V. KAY, Chicago, Ill. ab5-1y

T. B. TURNER ... L. B. SIDWAY.



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OYSTERS, OYSTERS, OYSTERS. WESTERN AGENCY. I am now receiving daily, the best KEG, CAN and SHELL OYSTERS, from the most celebrated packers in New York and Baltimore. All kinds warranted. S. T. HINCKLY, Western Agent. oc26 b319-2m 209 State street. Country orders promptly attended to.

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HATCH, MANN & CO'S unrivalled Baltimore Oysters received daily, by Express only, direct from their packing house in Baltimore, Md., and for sale at their depot, No. 129 North Water street, Chicago. The utmost care and attention being paid to the preparation of these Oysters, they have attained a reputation unequalled by all others. All orders will receive prompt attention. Address J. N. HATCH, Agent. Post Office box 3967. N. B.—This establishment will be permanent.

Rofinot's Stone Yard Revived. THE UNDERSIGNED HAS TAKEN THE above Yard, No. 304 South Wells street, Chicago, for the purpose of carrying on the Stone business in all its branches. In addition to his extensive Quarries in Joliet and Lockport, he has now leased the well known and extensive Quarry known as Rofinot's Quarry, of Des Plaines, with all the machinery, and heretofore belonging to the Great Western Stone Company; so he is prepared to furnish all kinds of cut stone, as well as Rough Stone, of any size and shape, and in any quantity required, at short notice. Rubble, Paving and Macadamizing, always on hand. FRANCIS SCHWALM, Prop'r. F. F. Rofinot, Supt. [illegible]

GEORGE H. LARMINIE Short Hand Reporter and Copyist, [illegible] CHICAGO. [illegible]

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AT ACTUAL COST.— GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF CLOTHING! Having determined to close out my Stock and rent the Store 47 CLARK STREET, I offer the Stock of Clothing now on hand at a great sacrifice to-wit:

		reduced to
OVER COATS at	$24.00	$17.00
do do at	22.00	16.00
do do at	20.00	14.50
do do at	18.00	13.50
do do at	16.00	11.50
BUSINESS COATS at	14.00	10.00
do do at	12.00	8.50
do do at	9.00	6.50
do do at	10.00	7.50
do do at	8.00	5.50
do do at	7.50	5.00
do do at	6.50	4.50
do do at	6.00	3.50
PANTS at	6.00	4.50
do at	5.50	4.00
do at	5.00	3.50
do at	3.50	2.50
do at	3.00	2.00
do at	2.50	1.75
DRESS COATS at	24.00	16.50
do do at	21.00	15.00
do do at	18.00	14.00
do do at	15.00	11.00
do do at	8.00	5.50
BLACK PANTS at	8.00	6.00
do do at	7.50	5.75
do do at	7.00	5.50

VESTS of all kinds, SHIRTS, UNDER-SHIRTS, DRAWERS, and all kinds of Furnishing Goods at greatly reduced prices. The store to let from the 1st of January. Inquire of the subscriber. EDW'D SILVEY, Agent, BOND'S OLD STAND, 47 Clark street. no14 b489 1m

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IMMENSE WHOLESALE STOCK —OF— **Clothing at Retail.** The success we met with last year when we offered our goods at retail has induced us to manufacture a stock of fine goods well adapted to the city Retail Trade. From and after this date, our entire Stock will be offered at Retail at VERY LOW PRICES FOR CASH. Huntington, Wadsworth & Parks, se29b11-2m 58 and 60 LAKE STREET.

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THE WONDER OF THE AGE! THE LATEST PATENT OUT.— NO INFRINGEMENT, BUT AN IMPROVEMENT ON ALL OTHER $25 SEWING MACHINES. (Pratt's Patent.) The Ladies Companion single and Double Thread Sewing Machines are warranted to do the work of any other family machine and equally well. They will stitch, hem and gather—and can be so adjusted that the work can be taken out, or so it cannot. There is no threading of the under needle, it threads itself. They are the simplest and most elegant machine in use. They do not miss stitches, and cannot be got out of order. It is less complicated by one-half than any other machine; there are no springs in it, and are so simple a child can sew with them. They sew with great rapidity and little noise. Every machine warranted. Satisfactory references given. The price comes within the reach of all. The common Treadle machine $35. The silver Plated, beautifully decorated, $50—all complete. Agents wanted. Communications answered, and samples sent on the receipt of a postage stamp. A good agent wanted for St. Louis. Prices same as in Boston. Western Office 126 Lake street, cor. of Clark, Chicago, Illinois. H. K. STARR, Local Agent. oc0-b286-2mo* Box 3815, P. O.

$5 SEWING MACHINES. A PRACTICAL FAMILY SEWING MACHINE —FOR— FIVE DOLLARS. Performing fully Equal Work—No Missing or Ripping of Stitches—No getting Out of Order—Anybody can use it—Everybody will have it. (SECURED BY RECENT GRANT OF LETTERS PATENT.) Exclusive Rights for a few States and Counties will be placed within the reach of any enterprising business man. (A portion of the territory already secured.) The Proprietors confidently feel that they now place before the public the greatest chance for a profitable investment ever offered. A Sewing Machine containing the requisite qualities, which, by its astonishing simplicity and low cost, will at once go to the masses, who have been anxiously waiting for the Machine to come within their grasp. Parties wishing to purchase are requested to call at once, examine the most wonderful achievement, and secure a monopoly of the State or County desired. NOVELTY $5 SEWING MACHINE CO., Office, Bartlett & Co., Needle Manufacturers, 421 Broadway, cor. Canal-st., N. Y. Call or send for a Circular with cuts Machine. oc27 b322-1m

$25 SEWING MACHINE. Raymond's Latest Improved **Double Threaded Sewing Machine** WARRANTED EQUAL TO THE BEST. Will Stitch and Hem, Tuck and Fell, Gather and Embroider with perfection, and will sew every kind of Goods, even Leather. And especially adapted for FAMILY USE. Any person of ordinary intelligence can learn in one hour to use it successfully. Complete printed directions will be sent with every machine. All inquiries by letter, with an extra postage stamp, will receive prompt answers with a sample of sewing. N. B.—Agents wanted in every town in the West. Address EDWIN CLARK, Box 588, Chicago, Illinois, who can always be found at the Daguerrean Rooms, corner of Dearborn and Lake, No. 96 Lake st., on the third floor. We have a great number of references but will give only the names of a few, who are among the first families, viz: We, the undersigned citizens of Chicago, having lately purchased one of Raymond's Latest Improved Patent Sewing Machines, and used it successfully on different kinds of goods, in our families' service, do cheerfully recommend it to all persons wishing to purchase for family use. Mrs. J. Wiggins, Mrs. J. P. Cook, Mrs. D. F. Groves, Mrs. A. A. Barrows, Mrs. N. Sturtevant, Mrs. Frederick Rickords, Mrs. Watson V. Coe, Mrs. Levi B. Taft, Mrs. E. S. Gurney, Mrs. M. D. Downs, Mrs. M. Buck. se27-1yd&w-a993

Raymond's Latest Improved Double Threaded Sewing Machine WILL GATHER, TUCK, STITCH AND hem as well as any Sewing Machine now in use. It also has many advantages over all cheap machines, and some over the high priced ones, which we shall be most happy to show to those who are in want of Sewing Machines. It works with 2 threads, making the double-lock stitch, and when one thread is cut, it almost, but altogether impossible to drop stitches or break needles. All are invited to call and see for themselves at 105 Lake street. A. HOLBROOK, Agent. N. B. Agents wanted for all parts of the country. [illegible]

QUAKER CITY, DOUBLE LOCK TIGHT STITCH. $20 SEWING MACHINE NEVER BEFORE EXHIBITED IN THE WEST. All other Cheap Machines take only the single thread chain stitch. This takes the same TWO THREAD Stitch as the most expensive ones in use. Its work will Not Rip Though every Third Stitch be Cut. The Machine is simple, easily adjusted and not likely to get out of order. Works as rapidly, makes as firm and handsome a stitch as the most expensive Machines. Sews from two common spools, does coarse and fine work perfectly, by simply changing the needle and thread. THEY WILL STITCH, HEM AND GATHER. They make little noise and run more easily than most Machines. ONE LADY With a Sewing Machine is equal in efficiency to Eight to Twelve Seamstresses by hand. Every family and any one making Sewing a business should own one. This is the Only Machine Sewing with Two Threads, Except one, sold in the world for less than $100. We invite all who wish a Machine to do any kind of work done by machinery, to examine ours. Samples of work sent by mail upon receipt of a stamp. Machines sent to persons who never saw them, and arranged successfully after a few hours' practice. Full printed instructions given. Enterprising men, with a few hundred dollars to purchase stock, may now secure lucrative exclusive agencies in any of the better towns of this State or Missouri. None others need apply. Call at Chas. E. Wiswall's Shoe Store, 123 Lake St., [illegible] J. CORNELL [illegible]

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The *Press and Tribune* JOB OFFICE is the largest and finest establishment of the kind in the West. It has more Steam Presses and Machinery; more Printing Materials and more Skillful Workmen than any other Job Printing House West of New York.

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PRINTING IN COLORS In all its varieties, done in beautiful style and at moderate rates.

An examination of SPECIMENS and PRICES is respectfully invited.

Orders from the Country promptly filled, and sent home by Express.

Putting the Baby to Sleep.

In Dr. Holland's new Poem, "Bitter Sweet," Ruth kneels by the side of the cradle and thus beautifully soliloquises:

"What is the little one thinking about?
Very wonderful things, no doubt,
Unwritten history!
Unfathomed mystery!
Yet he laughs and cries, and eats and drinks,
And chuckles and crows, and nods and winks,
As if his head were as full as kinks
And curious riddles as any sphinx!
Warped by colic, and wet by tears,
Punctured by pins, and tortured by fears,
Our little nephew will lose two years!
And he'll never know
Where the summers go;
He need not laugh, for he'll find it so!
Who can tell what a baby thinks?
Who can follow the gossamer links
By which the mannikin feels his way
Out from the shore of the great unknown,
Blind and wailing, and alone,
Into the light of day?
Out from the shore of the unknown sea,
Tossing in pitiful agony—
Of the unknown sea that reels and rolls,
Specked with the barks of little souls—
Barks that were launched on the other side,
And slipped from Heaven on an ebbing tide!
What does he think of his mother's eyes?
What does he think of his mother's hair?
What of the cradle roof that flies
Forward and backward through the air?
What does he think of his mother's breast—
Bare and beautiful, smooth and white,
Seeking it ever with fresh delight—
Cup of his life and couch of his rest?
What does he think when her quick embrace
Presses his hand and buries his face
Deep where the heart-throbs sink and swell
With a tenderness she never can tell,
Though she murmur the words
Of all the birds—
Words she has learned to murmur well?
Now he thinks he'll go to sleep!
I can see the shadow creep
Over his eyes in soft eclipse,
Over his brow and over his lips,
Out to his little finger-tips!
Softly sinking, down he goes!
Down he goes! Down he goes!
See! he is hushed in sweet repose!"

THE BANKRUPT.

FROM THE DANISH OF CARL BERNHARD, BY MRS. BUSHBY.

About the end of the last century there lived in Copenhagen a wealthy merchant, whose name was *Kraft*. He was a proud, imperious man, who looked upon riches as the greatest of all advantages, and their possession as the universal, in fact, the only passport to, or rather source of, happiness. He was extremely rich. His housekeeper declared that he was not able to count his money, he had so much; he measured his ducats by the bushel, and he was certainly worth hundreds of thousands of dollars. Born in affluence he had never seen the slightest diminution in the fortune which surrounded him, for his father's mercantile house was already in its third generation, having descended from father to son, without any lessening of its capital during that long period, as there never had been more than one son in the family. In consequence of this, the large means of the firm had remained undivided, and they had been enabled to extend their mercantile transactions over half the world. Their acceptances were as good as ready money. The present merchant Kraft had also an only son, but he had not, in accordance with the custom of his forefathers, taken him into partnership, for he must then have made over to him—at least in appearance—a portion of his supreme authority, and he was too haughty to share his power even with his only son. He had therefore established the young man in business on his own account, though, to a certain extent, under his own surveillance. Herr Kraft's wife had died at an early age; she had presented him with all he wished—a son, who might, in progress of time, carry on the affairs of the house and uphold its name and high credit. When she afterward presented him with a daughter, he was so alarmed at the possibility of such gifts becoming too abundant, that he thought it rather a fortunate circumstance that the birth of this child cost its mother her life. The unwelcome little girl was sent to the care of an aunt, who brought her up, and it was not until she was a young woman that she returned to her father's house; where, however, she found no sympathy. Her brother was just married to a girl with a handsome fortune, and he had removed to a house of his own. The family now consisted of Herr Kraft, senior, his daughter, and his cousin, an old maiden lady, who was received as an inmate of his house after his wife's death, to give her a home, said Herr Kraft—that he might have some one to vent his ill-humor upon, said Miss Regine herself—that there should be another torment in the house, said the counting-house clerks and the domestic servants, who hated her and her fat, snoring pet, "Mops," as much as they feared Herr Kraft and loved his daughter. For Louise was their declared favorite, and, if need had been, they would all have gone through fire and water for her.

A complete contrast to the merchant was his relative, Herr Warner. He was of a mild, unassuming character; he could easily mould his own wishes to those of others, and he valued wealth only as a means of doing good. In all his actions he was guided much more by his feelings than his interests. The lives of these two gentlemen had been as different as were their characters. Herr Warner's parents had not been rich. His mother had made an *unfortunate* marriage, according to the merchant Kraft, for her husband had lost his small inheritance, and had gone abroad to seek for fortune under foreign skies. Herr Warner, on the contrary, considered that his mother had made a *fortunate* marriage, for her and her husband's mutual affection outlived the loss of their property, and if they did not get rich in the distant country to which they had gone, they at least obtained a competence there, and a peaceful, happy home.

After the death of his parents, their son went, with but a poor heritage, to the East Indies, where he married a young lady without any fortune. Good luck, however, seemed to attend him; his cotton plantations throve well and yielded large returns, and a beloved wife and three fine children made his home a paradise. At the expiration of a few years he determined to return to his native country, there to enjoy the fruits of his labors. An infectious disease, however, just then carried off his wife and her elder children, and with his youngest daughter, who alone was left to him, he sailed from India. But she died on the voyage, and was committed to the deep. Thus deprived of every tie, friendless and hopeless, the much-afflicted man quitted the ship in a French port, and repairing to Paris, he resided there for some few years, endeavoring to while away his time in the pursuit of science and literature, the pursuit of wealth having lost all interest for him, who had no one now for whom he cared to work. At length he returned to his native city, where he lived quietly, frugally, and in great retirement, visiting at very few houses except at that of his cousin, Herr Kraft, in whose family he appeared to take a warm interest; the regard, however, which he entertained for them all was only returned by the daughter, who became much attached to him. Herr Kraft made a point of disputing with him every day, and had so accustomed himself to this amiable habit, that he absolutely could not do without his relative and these demi-quarrels. There were many different opinions about the state of his finances. "He must have saved something in the East Indies, where money is as plentiful as grass," said some; but others, among whom was Herr Kraft, declared "that he only had enough to shift with, and it would be a wonder if the little he possessed should hold out during his life—for he was one of those persons whom Dame Fortune seldom favored, as he did not put a proper value on her gifts, letting his money slip through his fingers by bestowing it on every one who came with a whining tale to him, he was so foolishly soft-hearted." And Herr Kraft was right there.

In the large drawing-room, which was furnished more richly than tastefully, and where everything looked stiff rather than comfortable, Herr Kraft and Herr Warner were pacing up and down. Their conversation had come to a stand. They had been disputing about some of the measures of the government, and Herr Kraft had called the government stupid and despotic; he said it took upon itself to be the guardian of the nation, and to treat the burghers as if they were children under age, prescribing to them, forsooth, what they were to do, and meddling in their own private affairs. He was as warm a supporter of free trade for the higher grade of merchants, as he was an advocate for restraints upon the working classes, for he looked upon all those in an humble sphere of life as "trash, full of fraud and tricks," who must "have a rod held over their heads." It was an old story—liberality for the higher, despotism for the lower—and this will be repeated till the end of the world. Herr Warner had differed from him in opinion; he thought confidence might be placed in a wise government, and he wished freedom and justice for all whether they were rich or poor. The argument might have become an angry one, but Warner gave in, for he was anxious to avoid exasperating his violent tempered cousin, to whom he had come that morning on a delicate mission, requiring no small degree of tact.

A very fine young man, who had been for some time much attached to Louise, and who had won her affections had determined to ask her hand in a respectful letter to her father. But the reply he had received was a flat refusal, Herr Kraft having made up his mind to listen to no proposals for his daughter except from a suitor selected by himself. Louise wept and was very sad. "Aunt Regine," as she was styled, favored her with sundry ill-natured dissertations upon ungrateful and disobedient children. Mops growled and snarled as if he were taking part with his mistress in the family disagreement, and the entire house and household appeared even more dull and silent than usual. Herr Warner exerted himself to the utmost to bring his cousin to reason, but in vain. Herr Kraft was much enraged that his daughter should have presumed even at the house of his sister, to have become intimate with any person who was unknown to him, and could not forgive her having dared even to think of any one as a lover without his permission. And the fellow such a poor wretch into the bargain!" For what was a small landed property, not much bigger than a couple of peasant's cottages and cabbage gardens? He was of an ancient and noble family, it had been said—but what of that? He, Herr Kraft, did not care a straw for nobility; it was merely an idea—an imagination—that some men are to be better than others, because their forefathers, perhaps a hundred years ago, had been people of some renown. Herr Warner maintained that such an "imagination" contained a moral obligation to be also a distinguished, or at least a worthy man, not to dishonor one's ancestor; and reminded his cousin that he himself was by no means indifferent to his descent.

"No, in that he was right," said the merchant; he had good grounds for his pride in his forefathers, because for more than one hundred years they had been wealthy merchants, who had established and maintained a highly esteemed commercial house. That was something solid—not mere fancy." And then he went on exhibiting all that arrogance which is sometimes to be found among rich burghers, who are quite as proud of their wealth, and their burgher's brief of a century old, as any nobleman of his genealogical table, or his forefathers' wounds or scars received on the field of glory. But Herr Warner had to go away without having disclosed his errand, and could only console poor Louise with the uncertain hope of a brighter future, in which, however, he himself had little confidence.

Soon after, her prospects became still darker. Herr Kraft gave notice suddenly one day that he had promised Louise to the son of one of his commercial friends, that the betrothal was to take place in eight days, and the wedding in three months. The husband destined for Louise was the son of a rich man, but he was far from handsome, and was still less agreeable. Aunt Regine bestirred herself to make every preparation for the betrothal; Louise implored with tears that her father would not insist on this sacrifice; she said she would give up the man she loved, to please him, but she could not marry another. Uncle Warner, as Louise called him, did all he could for her, and pleaded her cause with her father to the best of his ability; but Herr Kraft laughed—a thing he seldom did—at hearing him speak of true and faithful love. "Sheer folly, childishness, absurd sentimentality and foolery, that would not pay a shilling of interest."

"You will make your child miserable," said Warner.

"On the contrary, she will get a husband worth half a plum, with the prospect of a great deal more," said the father.

"That may be; but he squints, and has red flaming hair."

"Bah! People don't notice these trifles after they are married."

"But he is also dull and stupid, and obstinate and wearisome, and unfeeling and conceited——"

"Well! and what else? However, whatever he may be, she shall take him, and so—Basta!"

"She will not take him—she will throw herself into the sea rather."

"Bah! It is both wet and cold in the sea. She will take him because she shall do so. To-morrow we shall have the betrothal, as my name is Kraft, and I will not hear another word on the subject. Will you give us the pleasure of your company at the betrothal? It will take place at seven o'clock in the evening precisely."

Herr Kraft and Aunt Regine were the only persons in the house who slept that night. Every one else was kept awake by uneasiness and anxiety, and the unfortunate Louise cried till her eyes were so swollen, that in the morning she could hardly read a few lines which one of the housemaids brought to her from her sympathizing friend, Herr Warner, who was always anxious, as well as he could to comfort the afflicted. After reading them, she wept still more bitterly, and the servant girl observed her wringing her hands in despair.

The day wore on, the evening came, and at seven o'clock precisely the invited guests had all arrived, forming quite a family congress of the members of the two wealthy mercantile houses. Uncle Warner was there also. In the morning he had requested an interview with the bridegroom, and had plainly stated to him that Louise loved another, and did not entertain even the slightest friendly feeling toward him; but the young man bristled up, thrust his hand conceitedly through his carroty locks, and looked into the corner of his own eyes, while he replied with the comforting assurance, that what he had been told was nothing to the purpose, it gave him no concern, and that he would not give up the match "for any price", as he expressed himself. Uncle Warner was deeply disappointed at his ill success with the self-sufficient gentleman. They met again at the betrothal party, and the young man had arrayed himself, as he thought, to the best advantage, and looked as smiling as if he were awaiting a beloved and devoted bride. All was ready, and Aunt Regine went to Louise's apartment to bring her.

Heaven and earth! She was not there! She had gone! A letter lay on her table in her room, and that was all the information Aunt Regine could give. But old Maren had heard some one leave the house about an hour before, and almost at the same moment she had observed a carriage drive away, which had been standing at least a quarter of an hour in the street, as if the coachman were waiting for some one. There was presently an awful hubbub in the house. Herr Kraft rushed like a mad man from room to room, Aunt Regine hobbled after him, doors were banged, and every corner of the mansion was searched, but Louise was nowhere to be found, and it was now certain that she had fled to escape the threatened evil. The letter she had left was then read, and a heart of stone might have melted at the anguish and the terror expressed in it, as well as the earnestness with which she prayed for forgiveness; every word breathed of a spirit that was utterly crushed and prostrate. But her father threw the letter into the fire, and exclaimed, in a firm, harsh voice:

"I have no longer a daughter—her name shall never again be mentioned within my doors—I disown her—I——"

Uncle Warner caught his arm, and pressed it so tightly that he involuntarily stopped, and the curse he was about to utter was arrested on his lips. Aunt Regine began to howl with all her might.

The bridegroom and his family took their departure, and the rest of the party speedily followed their discreet example; Uncle Warner alone remained with the enraged father. But every attempt to mollify his anger, or to awaken in his mind any regret for the harshness by which he himself had driven his daughter to this desperate step, was addressed to deaf ears. Herr Kraft's wrath was only increased by every new argument the good Warner brought forward in the hope of allaying it, and at length he took his leave, expressing his intention of making every inquiry concerning the fate of the unfortunate fugitive. But just as he left the room, the door was suddenly opened, and Her Kraft roared after him, in an imperious voice:

"I desire to be troubled with no information you may gather; and with this—Basta!"

He then slammed the door so hard, that the noise resounded through the whole house.

A whole year had elapsed, but time had no change in Herr Kraft's vindictive feelings. Constant fretting, however, had impaired his health, and he became ill. Uncle Warner thought it might be a good opportunity to soften his heart, and he led the conversation to the sad position of forsaken old age, and upon the comfort of an affectionate nurse amidst sickness and infirmities. But Herrr Kraft replied that he could never be forsaken in his declining years, for he had a son, "the heir of his house;" and as far as concerned illness and infirmities, the best attendant was some hired sick-nurse, for she thought only of the good wages she was to get, and it never entered her head to speculate upon what he might leave. He did not put any faith in all the babbling about affection and love, and such nonsense; it was self-interest and money that people thought of in this world, and those who had wealth would always get plenty of attention.

"But you might lose your fortune, you might become as poor as many others are, and then you would stand in need of affection, and learn to know its value," said Herr Warner.

The rich merchant started at him with contemptuous surprise, then, with a scornful laugh, he said:

"Yes, to be sure; the moon might fall down from the heavens, but it would not be necessary on that account to put up an umbrella. Don't teaze me any more with such nonsense. Enough of it—Basta!"

Herr Kraft got better, and he resumed his accustomed rich man's life—the constant yearning and busy schemes to become richer; but in his cupidity he never thought of Providence.

The moon certainly did not fall from heaven, but within the space of three years, one fine morning, as Herr Kraft was lounging over his breakfast table, and congratulating himself on being worth a very considerable sum of money, the postman brought him a large packet of letters. His spirits fell the moment he had read them, for they conveyed the startling intelligence of a commercial crisis in a foreign country, which had caused the failure of many houses of old standing; and their failure had brought down several others. Among these sufferers was Herr Kraft himself. Yes, the wealthy Kraft, dragged down by others, was now a bankrupt! At that time bankruptcy was a more serious matter than it is now-a-days; a bankrupt never raised himself to fortune a second time, and there were then no instances of a man having failed several times, and yet being able to live on the fat of the land. However, credit, in those days, was a very different matter from what it is now.

Conclusion to-morrow.

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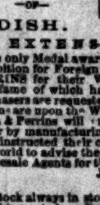

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HOFFMANN & GELPCKE, BANKERS, Chicago. DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND INTEREST allowed on Special Deposits. Liberal accommodations granted to depositors, independent of the state of the money market. EXCHANGE and Letters of Credit, in sums to suit, on the principal cities of the United States and Europe. EXCHANGE ON EUROPE, to Importers, at New York quotations. TIME LOANS on private bonds and mortgages negotiated. Western State, County, City or Railroad Loans negotiated abroad. ja5 FRANCIS A. HOFFMANN, ALBT. SILLER, OTTO GELPCKE.

ULRICHS & GEUDTNER 51 CLARK STREET—OLD TRIBUNE OFFICE. Specie, Bank Note, Exchange AND COLLECTING OFFICE. Buy constantly Foreign and Domestic Gold and Silver Coins, Eastern Bank Notes and Uncurrent Money. Sell Exchange on New York, and make Collections throughout the United States and Canadas. jel4 '58 ly a19

COOK & SARGENT DAVENPORT ... IOWA. **COOK SARGENT & DOWNEY** IOWA CITY ... IOWA. **COOK SARGENT & COOK** FORT DES MOINES ... IOWA. **COOK SARGENT & PARKER** FLORENCE ... NEBRASKA. BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE. Make collections and remit to any part of the Union. Land Warrants bought, sold and located. Particular attention given to the payment of taxes. Attorneys at Law connected with our houses. COOK & DILLON, Davenport, Iowa. E. D. DOWNEY, Iowa City. REFER TO E. W. Clark & Co., Philadelphia. E. W. Clark, Dodge & Co., New York. J. J. Dixwell, Prest. Mass. Bank, Boston. N. Holmes & Son, Pittsburgh. J. W. Clark & Co., Boston. E. W. Clark & Brother, St. Louis. Hatch & Langdon, St. Louis. Geo. Smith & Co., Chicago. John O. Sargent, Washington, D. C. my25-1y

A. T. SHERMAN & CO. BANKERS & EXCHANGE BROKERS, No. 40, Clark Street. (Late BRONSON & KINGSBURY.) Deposits received and interest paid on Special Deposits. Gold and Silver, Land Warrants and Exchange on the East bought and sold. The highest prices paid for uncurrent money. no9-ly-a739

THE BANK OF AURORA. HALL & BROTHERS, AURORA, ILLINOIS. BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE. All collections entrusted to them will meet prompt attention. Refer to Bank of the State, New York; F. G. Adams and George Smith & Co., Chicago. M. V. BALL ... B. F. HALL ... P. A. HALL.

A. C. OERTEL, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC EXCHANGE and Collection Office. Also, Notary Public. 75 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill. no8 ly-589

OFFICER & BROTHER, BANKERS—DEALERS IN UNCURRENT Money, Sight and Time Bills of Exchange, Gold and Silver Coin, etc. Receive deposits, and pay particular attention to collecting. Office 154 Lake street, Marine Bank Building, open from 9 A. M. to 12½ P. M. REFERENCES. North Bank, Boston. Metropolitan Bank, New York. Sherman & Collins. Marine Bank, Chicago. J. H. Dunham & Co., Chicago. R. W. OFFICER and SAM'L P. OFFICER, General Partners. my23-ly

BALDWIN & DODGE BANKERS & LAND AGENTS. COUNCIL BLUFFS ... IOWA CITY. Collections made at the usual rates. Exchange on the principal cities of the Union bought and sold. Real Estate bought and sold on commission. Land warrants located at $10 per 160 acres, and 2½c per acre Land Office fee. All sized warrants in same proportion. REFERENCES—Marine Bank, Chicago; Henry Farnam, Esq., President Chicago and R. I. Railroad; American Exchange Bank, New York; Durkee & Bullock, St. Louis. JOHN T. DODGE. de10 1y-a30 G. M. BALDWIN.

A. D. REED & CO. REED'S BANKING HOUSE Galesburgh ... Illinois. A. D. REED & Co., Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange. Deposits received. Collections attended to free of charge, excepting the current rate of exchange; and all business connected with legitimate Banking is solicited. Correspondents may rely upon our prompt and personal attention to their favors. REFERENCES. Messrs. Woodruff & Co., New York. George Smith & Co., Chicago. Henning & Woodruff, St. Louis. A. D. REED se8 1y m716 E. L. CHAPMAN.

DUTTON & PATTERSON. BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, MUSCATINE, IOWA. CORRESPONDENTS—Park Bank, New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia; Gilmore & Brotherson, Cincinnati; H. A. Tucker & Co., Chicago; Simonds & Taylor, St. Louis. Collections carefully attended to and promptly remitted at current rates of Exchange. my17-3m-v74

J. H. GOWER BROTHERS & CO. BANKERS, DEALERS IN EXCHANGE —AND— LAND AGENTS. IOWA CITY ... IOWA. REFER TO Messrs. E. K. Swift & Co., Chicago. John Thompson, No. 2 Wall street, New York. Messrs. D. A. January & Co., St. Louis, Mo. my3-ly-b61

G. C. WHITNEY & CO. BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE.— 38 CLARK STREET. Dealers in EASTERN AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE. Gold, Silver and Uncurrent Money bought and sold. Premium paid on City and Eastern Bank Notes. Deposits received and interest allowed on Special Deposits. Drafts for sale on England, Ireland and Scotland, and all parts of Germany. Particular attention given to the negotiation of time notes and Bills of Exchange. Collections made and remitted forward on day of payment. Monies invested in Real Estate, and all other transactions in a General Banking and Commission business. mr8-ly-b826 G. C. WHITNEY & SON, 38 Clark st.

AIKEN & NORTON BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE. No. 48, SOUTH CLARK St., CHICAGO, ILL.

I. C. BARBOR BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE.— 45 CLARK STREET. Exchange, Uncurrent Money, Gold and Silver, bought and sold. REFERENCES.—J. Young Scammon, President Marine Bank; F. G. Adams. fe19-ly

MORFORD BROTHERS BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, Dealer in Land Warrants, corner of Clark and Lake streets. References.—Charles A. Morford, Esq., New York. Messrs. Carpenter & Vermilye. E. J. Oakley, Esq. Cashier Merchants Ex B'k. my1a47

MONEY TO LOAN.—I HAVE MONEY for SHORT FIRST CLASS PAPER at fair rates. I am also prepared to buy DESIRABLE SECURED PAPER. In any desired sums. je21 ly v318 J. L. LEE, with Wadsworth & Co.

GREENEBAUM BROTHERS 46 ... Clark Street ... 46. BILL AND STOCK BROKER—FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND PASSAGE OFFICE. Good Business Paper, Promissory Notes, Bonds, Mortgages, Stocks, &c., negotiated at lowest brokers rates at short notice. Exchange on New York, Great Britain and Continental Europe, bought and sold. Passage orders issued from foreign ports to this country. Deposits received for specified time, and interest allowed as per agreement. GREENEBAUM BROTHERS. HENRY GREENEBAUM ... ELIAS GREENEBAUM, Notary Public.

E. PRUSSING & STEINHAEUSER: DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, MONEY, —AND— REAL ESTATE BROKERS. 50 ... South Clark-st., Up Stairs ... 50. AGENTS FOR THE *British Commercial Life Insurance Company,* LONDON and AMERICA. CAPITAL $5,000,000. au23a573-ly ERNST PRUSSING, Notary Public.

B. W. PHILLIPS, BANKER. No. 6 CLARK STREET—LOOMIS' BUILDING. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. BUYS SIGHT AND TIME DRAFTS ON the Eastern Cities. Discounts Business Paper, Deals in European and Domestic Exchange, Specie, Land Warrants, Uncurrent Bank Notes, and Makes Collections on all accessible points. oc15-ly-b166

GALESBURG ... ILLINOIS. **J. F. DUNN & CO. BANKERS.** COLLECTIONS MADE AT USUAL RATES. au28a527-4m

MARINE BANK. CHICAGO MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE Company. CAPITAL, $500,000. D. R. CARVER, Cashier and Secretary. J. YOUNG SCAMMON, President. Collections made and drafts remitted to all parts of the Union. [illegible]

H. A. TUCKER & CO. EXCHANGE BANK.—BANKERS AND Dealers in Exchange, corner of Clark and Lake sts Chicago, Illinois. Collections made in the different cities in the Union. [illegible] at the lowest current rates. [illegible]

GREEN & STONE BANKERS—MUSCATINE, IOWA.—PROMPT attention given to Collections, and proceeds remitted on day of payment, at current rates of exchange. REFERENCES. Messrs. George Smith & Co. Chicago. Marine Bank, Chicago. E. A. Benoist & Co. St. Louis. [illegible]

Banking and Exchange.

Banking House of **WILLARD, ALEXANDER & CO** BANK OF DEPOSIT, COLLECTION AND Foreign and Domestic Exchange. Deposits received on the Usual Terms. Collections made in all parts of the Eastern and Western States, Territories and Canada. Sell Exchange on New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, St. Louis and Europe. —ALSO— SHIP PASSAGE TICKETS, FROM ANY PORT IN EUROPE TO THIS COUNTRY. Buy Bills of Exchange, Certificates of Deposit, Gold and Eastern Money. 50 ... CLARK STREET ... 50 Near Sherman House, between Lake and Randolph sts. jy24-ly-a370

ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH ALL RIGHT TO NEW YORK. Remittances Made by Telegraph. I have arranged to Pay Notes, Drafts and Acceptances, and Deposit Money on Account in New York, and send Money to cities in the vicinity of New York ON TELEGRAPHIC ORDERS. EMERY COBB. se29b23-3m TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

Illinois Savings Institution, IN THE CITY OF CHICAGO, [*Incorporated February, 1857.*] THIS INSTITUTION RECEIVES DEPOSITS of one dollar, and upwards, from all classes of persons, including MINORS AND MARRIED WOMEN, and allow interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum. Dividends payable on the first Monday of January and July. TRUSTEES. John H Kenzie, Geo W Dole, Erastus S Williams, Geo E Stanton, Nathan B Kidder, Wm B Ogden, G S Hubbard, John S Reed, Alex C Coventry, J H Dunham, R W Raymond, Henry Whitbeck, O R W Lull. Office No. 70, Washington street, Portland Block. Office open daily during the usual hours of business and on Tuesday and Saturday evenings. JOHN H. KINZIE, President. N. B. KIDDER, Cashier. jy15 a164 ly

STERLING EXCHANGE. WE ARE DRAWING DIRECT ON England, Ireland, Scotland, and all other parts of Continental Europe. We also issue passage tickets from Liverpool, Hamburg, Antwerp, Bremen and Havre to New York. MORFORD BROTHERS, jy29a540-3m Corner of Clark and Lake sts

THE MERCHANT'S SAVINGS, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY. HAVING A CAPITAL OF $500,000 (with the privilege to increase the same to $1,000,000), fully paid in, is, according to the provisions of its Charter, prepared to buy and sell Exchange on all the principal Cities of the United States and discount satisfactory Business Paper of short date. The Executive Committee will meet daily at 10 o'clock A. M., and persons applying for Discounts will receive an answer at 1 o'clock P. M. They will receive Money for Accumulation, allowing Compound Interest at seven per cent. per annum when the amount is deposited for a term of years; receive and execute Trusts by order of Courts, from States, Corporations and Individuals; and also collect Notes, Drafts and Acceptances payable in this city, and remit for same at current rates of Exchange at maturity, and will make Collections upon other points, upon favorable terms. Office—Corner of Lasalle and Water streets. TRUSTEES: M. D. Ogden, Jonathan Burr, [illegible] Cooley, John H. Foster, W. L. Newberry, D. R. Holt, W. E. Doggett, George Steele, Henry Farnham, J. H. Dunham, J. A. Burley, E. N. Arnold. J. H. DUNHAM, President. JONATHAN BURR, V. Pres't. D. R. HOLT, Cashier and Sec'y. jy30-3m-a197

GEO. SMITH & CO. BANKERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN and Domestic Exchange. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. Collections made on all the principal cities in the United States, on the most favorable terms. se22

Plumbing.

GAS PIPE AND FIXTURES. BROWN & WILDER 47 ... State street ... 47 Offer their entire stock as follows FOR CASH. Pipe 40 per cent. discount from List Price. Malable Iron Fittings 20 cents per pound. Brass Fittings, Bends, Swing Joints and Gas Fixtures at Cost. Our stock is the largest in the city, and in closing out we offer inducements not equalled in the West. se15-ly-a347

R. D. McFARLANE, GAS, STEAM FITTING AND PLUMBING ESTABLISHMENT, 54 ... LA SALLE STREET ... 45 *CHICAGO.* AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF **Gas Fixtures,** From the Celebrated Manufactory of *Cornelius & Baker,* Always on hand, comprising the Plainest and most Elaborate Designs. PRACTICAL PLUMBER, And Manufacturer of ALL KINDS OF STEAM WORK. Particular attention given to fitting up HOTELS, WITH STEAM, WATER AND GAS IRON SETTEES, CHAIRS AND VASES FOR GARDEN LAWNS AND VERANDAHS COUNTRY ORDERS, PROMPTLY AND FAITHFULLY ATTENDED TO ***TO THE TRADE.*** THE TRADE SUPPLIED WITH TOOLS, IRON PIPE FITTINGS, GAS FIXTURES, PLUMBING MATERIALS, AND EVERY ARTICLE IN THE GAS, STEAM-FITTING AND PLUMBING BUSINESS. 54 LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO. Every description of Gas Fixture and Brass-work Bronzed or Re-gilt. Manufactory, 211 Monroe street. a12

Educational.

Lind University. THE FRIENDS OF LIND UNIVERSITY are hereby informed, that, in consequence of the continued rainy weather, it has been impossible to complete the building for the Preparatory Department of this institution in season for the opening of the School on the 25th of November. The Fractional Term of one month will therefore be omitted, and everything will be in readiness for the admission of Students on the first Monday (the 3d) of January, 1859. S. LIND, R. W. PATTERSON, H. M. THOMPSON, Committee. no19 b535 tJal

A. LA BOMBARIE, PROFESSOR OF French. For further particulars apply at Dearborn seminary from 12 to 1 o'clock, or at his room No. 45 Portland Block from 2 to 3 P. M. no4-1m-b409

BOYS' CLASSICAL SCHOOL.—THE 4TH year of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13TH, 1858. Entrance No. 36 Edina Place. NUMBER OF SCHOLARS LIMITED TO TWENTY-FIVE. T. W. BRUCE, A. M., Principal. Address box 3686.

BOY'S HIGH SCHOOL.—THE NEXT Term will commence on Monday, November 22d, 1858. A. J. SAWYER, A. M., will continue to receive only twenty-five pupils into his school at his residence, 119 Monroe street, and he wishes none to apply for admission unless they are determined to do well for themselves. For the advancement of those admitted no pains will be spared by the teachers. no8

Garden City Institute. NO. 20 HARRISON-ST.,—NEAR STATE. THE SEVENTH YEAR OF THIS INSTITUTION will commence on Monday, September 6th. Tuition varies from $6 00 to $12 00. The Female Department is separate, and the number of pupils in this department limited to twenty-five. For further particulars apply at the school rooms from 8 to 9 A. M. H. O. SNOW, Principal.

SNOW'S SEMINARY, 275 HURON street, North Side, Chicago, Ill. The fourth school year of this Institution will begin on Monday, Sept. 6th, 1858. The Female Department is entirely distinct from the male, having different school hours, separate recitations, recess, &c. For further particulars see circulars at Keen's and Cook's bookstores, or apply after Sept. 1st, at the schoolroom, to O. T. SNOW, Principal. au31-ly-a431

THE YOUNG LADIES' HIGH SCHOOL, 63 ... EDINA PLACE ... 63 The Fall Term of this Institution, under the charge of the MISSES STEVENS, will commence on Monday, Sept. 13, 1858. au11-ly

BAGS! BAGS!! BAGS!!! FARWELL'S STEAM BAG MANUFACTORY, 42, 44 & 46 Wabash avenue, Chicago. BAGS AND SACKS of every description furnished on short notice, and printed with NEW AND BEAUTIFUL BRANDS. SIMEON FARWELL. ap5-d&wly-4771.

NO. 48 STATE STREET. **BUTLER & HUNT HAVE NOW ON** hand the following sizes of print: 32x47, 30x44, 29x46, 28x44, 27x41, 26x42, [illegible], 25x38, 22x33, 18x23, 28x40, [illegible], 24x34, 25x37, 24x36, 25x36, [illegible]. And are receiving a large assortment of BOOK PAPERS. 5,000 reams of WRAPPING PAPER of different sizes. 1,000 reams Manilla do. 200 reams Cap and Letter, and a general assortment of Printer's Stationery. 1,000 kegs of Hacker's celebrated NEWS AND BOOK INK. All of which will be sold for Cash, at the lowest possible rates. Cash paid for Rags. my3 '58

FOREST CITY WATER CURE. CLEVELAND, OHIO. THIS INSTITUTION IS DELIGHTFULLY situated on the outskirts of a beautiful forest, within the limits of the city of Cleveland and 2½ miles from the Post Office. The building is new, of brick, and furnished in the best style. The bath rooms are supplied with pure, soft spring water. The large patronage which this establishment is at present receiving from Chicago and other western cities, is a flattering recommendation of its popularity and flourishing condition. Dr. Gross and lady, formerly of the Lake View Water Cure near Chicago, are connected with this Institution. Letters of inquiry to either of the Physicians, will receive prompt attention. DR. G. W. STRONG, JAMES E. GROSS, M. D. MRS. DR. J. E. GROSS.

STARK MILLS GRAIN BAGS COM[illegible]

Transportation.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. 1858-9....WINTER RATES....1858-9 Through Freight Line. FROM DATE AND UNTIL FURTHER notice, Freight will be carried over this Line as below:

From Chicago to	1st Class per 100 lbs	2d Class per 100 lbs	3d Class per 100 lbs	4th Class per 100 lbs	Flour per barrel	Dress'd Hogs per 100 lbs
*Boston	$1.80	$1.38	$1.17	78	$1.15	$1.30
New York	1.80	1.40	1.20	70	1.05	1.20
Philadelphia	1.60	1.35	1.10	65	90	1.00
Baltimore	1.60	1.25	1.10	65	90	1.00
Pittsburgh	90	70	55	45	65	50
Cincinnati, O	85	65	55	45	....	....
Columbus, O	80	65	50	40	....	....
Dayton, O	78	63	47	40	....	....

*WATER FROM PHILADELPHIA.

Contracts made to above points at Freight Office, corner West Van Buren and Canal streets. Contracts to Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore via Pennsylvania Central R.R., given by CLARKE & CO., Office Steele's Block, corner South Water and Lasalle streets, and at Depot at Canal street. JAS. W. MUSSON, Freight Ag't. Chicago, November 15, 1858.

NORTH SHORE EXPRESS COMPANY, —AND— **Fast Freight Line,** To and From All Points East. The arrangements of this Company are unsurpassed for the safe, rapid and cheap transportation of any description of freight to and from the East via EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS. All reclamations for our charges or damages, promptly adjusted on delivery of freight. We beg to refer Shippers to the Superintendents of the several roads on which we ship. New York Office, 176 Broadway, Howard Hotel Building. Chicago Office, No. 30 Dearborn street, opposite the Tremont House. Deliver Freight in New York at 73 Warren-st., Hudson River Railroad Passenger Depot; in Boston at Western Railroad Depot, and in Chicago at Michigan Central Railroad Depot. DREW & CO. WALLINGFORD & CO., 176 Broadway, New York. Chicago, Oct. 13, 1858. oc15 b323-3m

1858 ... 1859. **GREAT CENTRAL SHORT LINE ROUTE** —VIA— PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILROADS TO ALL EASTERN CITIES. **CLARKE & COMPANY,** SPECIAL AGENTS, are prepared to Contract Freights Through, by authority of the Companies named above, at their office, No. 1 Steele's Block, corner South Water and Lasalle streets, and at Depot of P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. Chicago; or at Depot, Liberty street, Pittsburgh. The Offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the East are located at No. 2 Astor House, New York. No. 1 S. William street, New York. No. 45 Kilby street, Boston. No. 73 Ferry street, Hartford. No. 80 North street, Baltimore. And at the General Depot, Philadelphia. [se21-ly

For Cairo and New Orleans. STEAMER NEW FALLS CITY. THE SPLENDID FAST Sailing Steamer New Falls City Will run, during the coming Fall and Winter, between St. Louis and New Orleans as follows: LEAVING ST. LOUIS Oct. 10, '58, at 10 o'clock A. M., and on [illegible] dates through M'ch, '59, do. LEAVING CAIRO Oct. 11, '58, at 7½ o'clock P. M., and on [illegible] dates through M'ch, '59, do. For Freight or Passage apply on board or to the Agent at St. Louis. W. D. LORE, Clerk.

THE WESTERN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY. CAPITAL [illegible]. CYRUS CLARK, President. WM. FOOT, Vice President. JOHN ALLEN, Jr., Treas. GEO. H. BRYANT, Sec'y. DIRECTORS: P. S. MARSH, Buffalo. E. L. STERNBERG. WM. FOOT. JASON PARKER. CYRUS CLARK. JOSHUA MAXWELL. GEO. H. BRYANT, Tonawanda. JOHN ALLEN, Jr., Buffalo. EVERETT CLAPP, N. Y. HUGH ALLEN, Brooklyn. E. G. CHASE, Albany. SAM'L MORGAN. J. L. HURD, Detroit. Having completed its arrangements for the season, this Company will be prepared on the opening of navigation with increased facilities to transport merchandise, Railroad Iron and other property to and from New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Albany, Troy, and ports on Lake Erie, Michigan and Huron, by the Hudson River and Erie Canal, at low rates. The work of the Erie Canal Enlargement is now so far advanced to completion, the Company feel warranted in guaranteeing to customers such dispatch and promptness and care of property in shipment as will be sure to command satisfaction. THE WESTERN EXPRESS COMPANY, Owned and operated by the Western Transportation Company, will run as heretofore over the New York Central Railroad between Buffalo and New York and by Steam on the Lake. EASTERN AGENTS AND OFFICES: EVERETT CLAPP, No. 1 Coenties' Slip, New York. JAS. H. WILGUS. AUGUSTUS COLSON, No. 8 Astor House Building, N. Y. S. G. CHASE, 111 Pier, Albany. E. TUTTLE, 181 River street, Troy. J. M. WILDER, 86 State street, Boston. LORENZO HUNTLEY, 8 Sweeny street, Tonawanda. WESTERN AGENTS AND OFFICES: J. J. TALLMADGE, Mil. & Mis. R. R. Dock, Milwaukee. JOHN L. HURD & CO., Hurd's Dock, Detroit. CONSIGNEES: Dutton & Raymond, Racine. Johnson & Hodges, Manitowoc. Holy & Upham. Kenosha Pier Co., Kenosha. Day & Thomas. Dickinson & Wright, Waukegan. Whitney & Co., Green Bay. F. K. Bond, Grand Haven. J. F. Kirkland, Sheboygan. Railroad Agent, Sandusky. John Hearn & Co., Erie. John Sinclair, Toledo. Buffalo Office and Docks at Erie Basin. HOLLIN ROBINSON, Foot of State street, Chicago. fe11-v256-3m

HAWES' DIRECTORY.

The following list of Business Houses and Manufacturing Establishments are among the best and most prominent in their respective lines of business.

Wines and Liquors ... Wholesale. W. G. WING. Wholesale Agent for Wines, Liquors and Segars, 12 Lasalle street, between Lake and Water, (one door from the Merchants' Hotel), Chicago, Ill. All kinds of property taken in exchange for goods. Agent for Allsop's Porters.

White Lead Works. L. LYON & CO. MANUFACTURERS OF WHITE LEAD AND ZINC PAINT. Office and Factory corner of Halsted and Fulton streets, West Side.

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods ... Wholesale. PEAKE MARSH & DE LONG. JOBBERS OF STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS AT LOW PRICES. No. 30 Lake street. mh10-ly

Clothing ... Wholesale. HUNTINGTON, WADSWORTH & PARKS, Manufacturers and Dealers in MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING, 58 and 60 Lake street, Chicago. 120 Hanover street, Boston, Mass.

Agricultural Implements, &c. F. M. CHAPMAN & CO. Agricultural Warehouse. No. 99 Kinzie street ... North Side. Wholesale Dealers in AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, MACHINES, &c. Agents for Manny's Reaper and Mower. mh6-ly

Paper Warehouse ... Wholesale. BRADNER SMITH & CO. Manufacturers and Wholesale PAPER DEALERS. All sizes of print and book constantly on hand. Cash paid for all kinds of Paper Stock. Warehouse No. 13 Lasalle st., between Lake and S. Water sts. mh9-ly

Boots and Shoes ... Wholesale. MILLER & BROWN Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS, No. 209 South Water-st., cor. Wells st., Chicago. A. M. MILLER ... CHAS. BROWN.

WADSWORTH & WELLS Wholesale Dealers in BOOTS AND SHOES, 58 & 60 LAKE-ST. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. T. W. WADSWORTH. mh15-ly GEO. W. WELLS.

RAWSON BARTLETT & CO. Manufacturers and Jobbers in BOOTS AND SHOES, 211 & 213 SOUTH WATER-ST., CHICAGO. Manufactory at West Boylston, Massachusetts.

Crockery, Glass & China Ware ... Wholesale. CRAWFORD SHARP & CO. Importers and Dealers in CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA. Table Cutlery, Looking Glasses, Castors, Britannia Ware, &c. mh4-ly No. 163 Lake Street.

Cloth House ... Wholesale. 1858 ... SPRING TRADE ... 1858. FIELD, BENEDICT & CO., 81 & 83 South Water Street, Are now receiving their usual large stock of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, DOESKINS, TWEEDS VESTINGS SATINETS, KENTUCKY JEANS, COTTONADES Coatings, Linens and Linen Drills, TAILOR'S TRIMMINGS, ETC. ETC. To which they invite the attention of the Trade. Agents for Scott's Report of Fashions.

Hats, Caps and Straw Goods ... Wholesale. BENEDICT MALLORY & FARNAM. WHOLESALE JOBBERS IN Hats, Caps and Straw Goods, NO. 45 AND 47 LAKE STREET. mh27

Planing Mills, Sash Doors, &c. BOGGS & GOLDIE'S SASH FACTORY. All kinds of sash, doors, and blinds, window and door frames, mouldings, flooring and siding, constantly on hand or made to order on the shortest notice. Also, planing, circular and scroll sawing, and turning, executed in all their branches. [illegible] length to suit customers. Country orders promptly attended to. [illegible] Van Buren. [illegible]

Carriage Repository. G. W. & J. [illegible] No. 14 North Halsted street [illegible] Manufacturers of Carriages, [illegible] neatly executed [illegible] Trucks made to order.

SHELTON & TUTTLE Manufacturers and Dealers in Carriages, [illegible] Repository, at American [illegible] Market st., Chicago [illegible] H. B. Hill [illegible]

WILLIAM JAMES, CORONER. OFFICE NO. 14, COURT HOUSE. Residence No. 20 [illegible] Avenue. Orders may be left with [illegible] street, between Wells and Lasalle. [illegible]

1,000 BOXES CONCENTRATED Lye, for making Soap [illegible]

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAIL.

Interesting News from the Pacific Coast.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 22.—The Overland Mail from California, with dates to the 25th, ult., has arrived.

A heavy rain had commenced falling on the night of the 21st ult., which extended through the State. The miners had been driven from several of the river beds.

Henry M. Teagle, receiver in the matters of Adams & Co., had made complete payment of the first eight classes of indebtedness, amounting to upwards of $150,000.

The bank Emilie, from Rio Janeiro, brought 650,000 pounds of coffee.

The steamer Cortes arrived from Victoria on the 23d, bringing 600 passengers and $42,000 in treasure.

Ebenezer Thayer, of Boston, committed suicide on the 24th.

Reports from Fraser River are more favorable.

Honolulu dates are to the 7th, and give more favorable accounts of the whaling fleets than previous reports.

Col. Wright had returned from Wallawalla.

Since the sailing of the steamer business had been very dull. The jobbing demand for the country had improved somewhat, and the premature advent of the rainy season had given fresh confidence in the ensuing winter's business.

No arrivals from, or departures to Atlantic ports are reported.

The Overland mail brought five passengers.

During a severe storm at Trejon, on the 2d of October, a stampede occurred among the camels of Lieut. Beale. Nine have been recovered and six are still missing.

The Los Angeles Star speaking of emigration says that another large party of emigrants from Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas and Texas arrived during the week in excellent health and without experiencing the slightest inconvenience.

The stations of the Overland Mail Company afford resting places at convenient distances and greatly assist travelers.

The fee for stock is excellent and animals arrive in good order.

A large emigration from the south-western States is now on the road.

David Harris, of Baltimore, was burned to death in San Francisco on the 22d.

The Sixth Infantry had reached Carson Valley and would proceed directly to Benecia.

Three hundred recruits under Lieut. Bootis, were expected within ten days.

Gov. Penn Johnson has formally retired from the *National* newspaper.

The arrival of 900 ounces of gold dust is noticed, besides several large parcels in the hands of passengers.

The accounts from above are more favorable, the mines turning out much better than was anticipated. The month previous more miners were going up the river than coming down.

Freights from Victoria and Ft. Hope had advanced from $40 to $60 a ton.

The shipments of gold from Victoria through Wells, Fargo & Co., from August to October 12, were $92,000.

The British ship-of-the-line Ganges, Admiral Barnes, arrived at Esquimal, from Valparaiso, October 17.

Oregon dates to the 16th say Col. Wright's column returned from Walla Walla.

An artillery battalion, under Capt. Keys, is en route for Vancouver with the remains of Capt. Taylor.

Lieut. Gaston was buried at Walla Walla.

Michael, nephew of Kamiamkau, the leading murderer of the Indian Agent, Balon, three years since, was captured by Major Garrett and confined at Fort Simicoe.

The Yakima Chief, Ootri, father of Gualchien, was killed while attempting to escape from Col. Wright's command.

The navigation of Fraser River and trade with British Columbia was thrown open at all points.

Attempted Capture of the City of Mexico.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The steamer Gen. Rusk, which arrived at New Orleans on Sunday last, brought the Brownsville, Texas, *Flag*, which says that Gen. Blanco, of the Liberal party, with an army of 1,500 men, attacked and entered the city of Mexico, advancing to within a block of the capitol. On the 15th of October Gen. Zuloaga made an imposing resistance and lost 400 of his soldiers, besides having a large number wounded. The loss on the part of the Liberals was comparatively small. Gen. Blanco held his position for a few hours, and then retreated to Tacupaya, where he remained at last accounts.

Another account says that Zuloaga had only about 1,000 men, while the other had 3,000, and that with a little exertion the latter might have taken the city of Mexico.

Gen. Echeagary was severely wounded in a daring attempt to capture the castle of Perote with a handful of men.

New York City News.

NEW YORK, 22d.—An explosion occurred this morning in the drug store of S. Gall, on William street, damaging the stock to the amount of $15,000, and burning the porter so badly that his life is in danger. The upper portions of the building were occupied by several manufacturing companies, and were filled with workmen, several of whom jumped from the windows and were badly injured.

Four companies of the 5th regiment, under command of Col. Burger, proceeded to Staten Island this P. M., to relieve the troops now there.

The Board of Canvassers to-day rejected, as fraudulent, the Congressional returns from the fourth district of the First Ward. This takes 70 votes from Sickles, who has obtained a mandamus to compel the Board to count these votes.

The Fillibusters.

WASHINGTON, 22d.—The *States* has a special dispatch, dated Mobile, 20th, stating that several of the persons engaged in inducing emigrants to Central America, had been examined as witnesses by the Grand Jury of New Orleans, but that no evidence had been elicited to find a true bill against them for violation of the neutrality laws.

COMMERCIAL.

Commercial and Money Matters.

MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 22.

MONEY, EXCHANGE, &c.—Exchange continues plenty and is sold by outsiders as low as ¼ per cent. premium. The banks still hold it at ⅜, though some of them are in favor of a reduction to one-half. Discounts at bank 10 per cent, as usual. Currency continues very scarce. Gold 1@1½. The street brokers have about vanished; though a few still buy paper at nominal rates, ranging from 1½@2 per cent. per month.

The *Evening Journal* says:

The legality of the issues of the Cherokee Insurance and Banking Company, is about to be tested in the United States District Court, before Judge Drummond, in the case of E. Chase vs. Moss, Harding & Co., and others. Chase assumes to be assignee of paper given to Curtiss & Co., of Peoria, for that kind of currency. Plaintiff, being a resident of another State, takes judgment in the U. S. Court. Defendants claim that the obligation being given for a fraudulent currency, is void. Also, that Chase is not the *bona fide* owner of the paper, but that Curtiss & Co. are.

The *New York Times* of Saturday says:

The transactions in Money to-day are reported at 5 per cent. to the Brokers, on demand, and Discounts are made at 4 per cent. on very select names at 30@60 days, and on fair bills of same, short dates, at 4½@5 per cent. The longer dates rule 5@7 per cent., according to classification, which has become a little stricter. The Exchanges for the Kangaroo, sailing to-morrow, were dull. There are buyers on London at 109 per cent., but as the pretensions of the leading bank drawers are a small fraction above, there is not much business accomplished. No change in Francs.

COMMERCIAL.—The Breadstuffs markets were unusually to-day. Wheat was in very limited demand—there being scarcely any inquiry for Winter. Spring wheat was also in very dull, and sales of No. 2 were made at a range of 59@61½c in store; and 50c for Rejected. There was more inquiry for Corn, with a few sales of No. 1 at 50c f. o. b.—and Ear Corn at 45c on track. Oats are firm. Barley dull. Highwines, 19@20c. Flour was in rather better inquiry, with sales at $3.62½@3.75 for good Spring Extras.

The following table shows the amount of Flour and Grain in store on the 20th inst—compared with the amount in store the week previous, and the corresponding date of 1857:

FLOUR AND GRAIN IN STORE AT CHICAGO.

	Nov. 20, 1858.	Nov. 12, 1858.	Nov. 21, 1857.
Flour, bbls.	3,866	4,168	1,449
Spring Wheat, bu.	116,619	220,127	128,891
Winter	[illegible]	94,741	7,370
White	[illegible]	[illegible]	845
Corn, bu.	29,673	43,066	8,657
Oats, bu.	97,118	111,900	4,683
Rye, bu.	1,621	2,146	[illegible]
Barley, bu.	[illegible]	33,823	[illegible]

When the statement of the amount of Flour and Grain was posted on 'Change this morning, there was considerable surprise expressed at the reduction in the amount of Wheat in store since the 13th instant; and on taking the amount in store on the 13th, adding to it the receipts of the week, and then subtracting therefrom the shipments of the week, it was found that there was a deficit of 104,000 bushels. "Where had this Wheat gone?"—was the all-important query. We did not mill it—and the shipments showed that it was not sent out of the city. Where, then could it be? The probable answer to this query, on investigation will be, that we *never had it*, and therefore could not have lost it; or if we had it, it has been lost in "shrinkage." The amount now reported in store is probably correct.

The receipts of live Hogs yesterday and to-day were smaller, and the market was not as lively. The yards, however were nearly cleaned out, with the exception of light lots, which are not wanted by packers. Buyers, however, observe great caution in making purchases, and there is an evident disposition to bear the market down. Heavy Hogs sold at $4.50@4.60, and light at $4@4.30. The market for Dressed Hogs were also dull, and prices were a shade lower—the mild weather causing the market in the evening to close dull and heavy. Operators, since the decline in Cincinnati, have become extremely nervous, and parties are watching the turn of the next few days with much interest.

The Provision market, however, remains firm. There are numerous orders here for Mess Pork at $15@15.50, but holders are firm at $16, at which we quote a sale of 100 bbls. A sale of [illegible]

There is a good demand for Green Meats, but holders are firm at 7c for Hams, 4¾c for Shoulders, and 6¼@6½c for Sides, at which figures there are no buyers. Lard is firm and nominal at 9¾@10c—nearly all the holders asking the latter figure.

HOG AND PROVISION TRADE.

[From the Cincinnati Gazette, 20th.]

The market for hogs opened this morning as it closed yesterday, under a cloud, and there were few buyers, while sellers were numerous at the decline noticed in last evening's report; but as the day advanced, and in the afternoon particularly, a firmer feeling was observable, with indications of a reaction. The receipts were 12,500 head against 17,500 head yesterday. This was a large number for one day, but as it showed a falling off compared with the previous 24 hours, it was posted up to the favorable side. A further decrease in the next twenty-four hours will operate again in favor of sellers. The transactions comprised about 2,500 head at prices ranging from $6.15 to $6.30. Sales were made with difficulty within this range, but at $6 a large business might have been transacted, and the disposition, on the part of buyers to operate, was so strong that trifling influences would lead to an advance upon that figure. Should the receipts, therefore, be reported to-morrow, show any material decrease, a turn in favor of sellers may be looked for.

[From the Toledo Blade, 20th.]

Dressed Hogs sells at $5@5.62½, as to quality.

[From the Albany (N. Y.) Statesman, 19th.]

The only sale we hear of to-day is 95 head State $6.60, and 7c, dividing on 200 lbs. There were sold yesterday 1,100 head western $5.50 gross and to day 48 head State 6¾@7c dividing 175 lbs and do do 6½c average 165 lbs.

[From the Ottawa (Ill.) Republican, 20th.]

The trade in dressed Hogs has opened with a fair prospect of remunerative prices through the season. We learn that Mr. David Strawn is contracting for all the hogs he can get at prices varying from $4.25 to $5.00 a hundred, and other buyers will probably be in the market.

[From the Fultonian, (Fulton Co., Ill.) 17th.]

The packing season is about commencing, though upon a somewhat reduced scale in comparison to what has heretofore been done. Hogs are scarce in this region the present season. Packers are offering from $4.00 to $4.50. There will not probably be more than half the usual quantity packed this season.

[From the Dubuque (Iowa) Express and Herald, 21st.]

Yesterday quite an advance took place in the price of pork. Fine fatted dressed pork brought from 4½ to 5c per lb. It is being shipped off to Chicago and other places in bulk. We hope that our pork raisers will get well paid for their labor and investments this season.

[From the Alton Courier, 20th.]

Another freezing night, and clear cool day. Roads are improving. Trade is looking up. Pork market brisk. Quotations from $5.50@6.00. Something doing yesterday and to-day in beeves. Prices $3.50 for poor or middling to $4.00 and $4.50 for good and heavy.

Chicago Daily Wholesale Market.

MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 22.

FLOUR—Sales to-day were:—200 bbls "Atlantic" Spring Extra at $3.62½; 190 bbls "Mendota" do at $3.75—delivered.

WHEAT—WINTER—Very dull. 300 bu No. 2 Red were sold at 78c in store. SPRING—Dull. Sales were: 700 bu No. 2 Spring at 59c in store; 1,000 bu do at 60c in store; 300 bu do at 60½c in store; 300 bu do at 61c in store; 900 bu do at 61½c in store; 700 bu Rejected at 50c in store—market closing quiet.

CORN—More inquiry. Sales were:—3,500 bu No. 1 at 50c f. o. b. Ear Corn in fair demand, with sales at 45c ₩ 70 lbs on track.

OATS—In good demand at 30@32c for old crop in bags; and 37½@41c for new crop in bags on track.

RYE—In demand by distillers at 54@60c per 60 lbs on track.

BARLEY—Dull at 40c for No. 2 in store; and 60@65c for No. 1 in store. Choice parcels in bags, 70@75c on track.

HIGHWINES—50 bbls at 19c; 20 bbls at 20c.

SEED—TIMOTHY SEED—Dull and neglected. 60 bushels prime sold to-day at $1.60. Inferior nominal at $1.50. CLOVER—Scarce and in demand at $4.75@5.

DRESSED HOGS—Market flatter, and declined 5@10c. The market may be indicated by the following sales:

			per 100 lbs.
19 Hogs averaging	175 lbs.	at	$5.50
4 " "	200 "	"	5.40
150 " "	295 "	"	5.40
20 " under	200 "	"	5.25
49 " averaging	275 "	"	5.60
13 " "	175 "	"	5.25
60 " at $5.00@5.50 dividing on 180 lbs			
40 " at $5.25@5.50	200 lbs.		
42 " at $5.00@5.50	100 lbs.		

The mild weather rendered the market dull in the afternoon, and it closed weak.

PROVISIONS—MESS PORK—1,000 bbls to be delivered at Milwaukee in December, January and February, seller's option, at $15; 100 bbls for present delivery at $16. BULK MEATS—In good inquiry and nominal at 7¾@7½c for Hams, and 5¾@6½c for Shoulders. GREEN MEATS—Firm at 6¾@7c for Hams; 4¼@4½c for Shoulders; and 6¼c for Sides.

LARD—Firm and nominal at 9¾@10c.

TALLOW—Nominal at 9½c for prime city; 8¾@9c for country.

HIDES—Firm. Green 5¾@6¼c; Green Salted 7@7½c; Dry Flint 13@15½c.

PELTS—Newly slaughtered, 75@80c.

BUTTER—Choice, 14@16c; Common, 9@10c.

EGGS—Fresh in fair demand at 21c; Limed Eggs, 18c.

POULTRY—Dull and plenty. Live Chickens, $1@1.37½ ₩ doz; Dressed do, $1.50 ₩ doz; Turkeys, live, 7c ₩ lb; do dressed, 7½@8½c.

BEANS—In fair request at 50@60c for common, and 60@90c for prime; choice Navy Beans, 90@$1.

POTATOES—Choice Meshannocks, 60@63c; common mixed, 40@55c.

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL.

ARRIVED.............Nov. 22.

From La Salle—Empire State, Sebastopol. From Ottawa—Americus.

CLEARED.............Nov. 22.

For La Salle—Mound City, Challenge, Empire State, L. C. Campbell, C. S. Boyer, Jefferson, Altona, Arizona, J. P. Chapin, Fulton. For Ottawa—R. S. Goodell. For Morris—Republican. For Joliet—Penguin.

SHIPPED.............Nov. 20.

Lath	25,000	Lumber	638,857
Shingles	619,750	Siding	51,000
Salt, lbs.	192,313		

Movements of Breadstuffs—Nov. 19.

RECEIPTS BY CANAL AND RAILWAYS.

	Flour bbls.	Wh't bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Bar. bu.	Cat. No.	H'gs No.
By Ill. & M. C'l	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
By Gal. U. R.R.	252	4,994	645	36	277	15	750
By Rock I. R.R.	...	1,150	350	...	180	234	59
By Ill Central	...	2,630	1,440	...	...	129	1241
By C. B. & Q.	201	3,483	1,000	...	...	72	1013
By N.F.&P.du.Ch.	94	459	438	764	...	22	324
By C. A. & St.L.	100	1,000	700	...	...	9	70
Total	647	12,486	4,573	800	827	481	3457
Total for week	3,655	89,454	40,550	8,652	23,171	2,810	30408

SHIPMENTS BY LAKE—NOV. 19.

	Flour	Wh't	Corn				
To Canada	...	...	...				
To Buffalo	600	27,620	...				
To Oswego	...	...	...				
To Ogdensburg	...	...	...				
To other ports	200	...	1,000				
Total	800	27,620	1,000				

New York Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] NEW YORK, Nov. 22.

FLOUR—Demand for flour is limited; market 5@10c lower; sales 1400 bbls at $3.95@4.15 for unsound; $4.35@4.60 for superfine state; $4.75@5 for extra state; $4.37@4.60 for superfine western; $4.75@5.75 for common to medium extra western; $5.40@5.50 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; market closing a tendency downward. Canada Flour rules heavy; sales 600 bbls at $5.25@6.20 for common to choice superfine. Small sales Rye flour at $3.50@4.10.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and heavy for common and inferior parcels; prime is very scarce and commands full prices; sales 10,000 bushels at $1.12 for red Tennessee; $1.25 for fair white Michigan; $1.45 for prime white Canadian and $1.50 for [illegible] white Southern Rye scarce and firmer at 72@78. Barley held at 2@3c higher with but little doing; sales 3,600 bu fair state at 77c. Corn a shade better; sales 24,000 bu at 74½@76c for mixed western; 85@86c for Jersey and Southern yellow. Oats steady at 47@49c for state, and 51@51 for Canadian.

WHISKY—Market firmer; sales 1000 bbls at 23c.

PROVISIONS—Pork lower; Sales 1,400 bbls at $17.40 for Mess; $13.75@14 for Prime, including 500 bbls at $17.50, deliverable all next June, at sellers option. Beef lower, Sales 425 bbls at $8.25@8.75 for Country Prime; $9@9.25 for Country Mess; $9.50@11 for re-packed Mess; $11.50@12 for extra Mess; Beef Hams steady. Sales 2.0 bbls at $14@15½; Prime Mess beef firmly held at $19. Dressed Hogs in request at 7@7½c. Bacon dull. Small sales cut meats at 9@9½c new packed Hams; 6@6½c for newly salted Shoulders. Lard steady. Sales 400 bbls at 10½@11c. Butter a pretty good business doing at 12@18c for Ohio, and 16@23c for State. Cheese steady at 8@9½c.

STOCKS—Second Bonds irregular; Mo 6's 90¾; N Y C 83¾; Erie 17¾; Harlem 13½; Reading 53¾; M C 55¾; Mil & M 11¾; Panama 121½; I C 79¼; Galena & C 73¾; C & T 31¾; Rock Island 63¼.

Buffalo Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] BUFFALO, Nov. 22.

FLOUR—Market for flour quiet and firm. Demand moderate. Sales 600 bbls at $4.25@5.50 for good to choice extra Ohio, Indiana and Canadian; $5.75@6 for double extras; nothing doing in the low and medium grades.

GRAIN—Wheat in pretty good demand; several eastern millers in the market; sale 35,000 bu at 91c for extra Milwaukee club; 110c for red Ohio and Indiana; 120c for white Indiana. Corn dull and unchanged; sales 4,000 bu at 63c. Barley held at 60@65c. Rye 68@70c. Oats 50c.

WHISKY—Steady. Sales 100 brls at 21c.

PROVISIONS—Dressed Hogs are selling at 5¼@6c.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Steady.

LAKE IMPORTS—48 hours—flour, 3,706 brls; wheat, 47,009 bushels.

CANAL EXPORTS—Flour 4,994 bbls; Wheat 43,448 bu; Corn, 10,708 bu; Rye 9.8 bu.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED.............Nov. 22.

Stmr Huron, Morgan, Grand Haven, 50 bb's flour, 62 m shingles, &c.
Prop G Means, Ryerson, Big Sauble, 130 m lumber, 60 pks fish.
Prop Buckeye, Rossman, Ogdensburgh, 92 tons of merchandise, &c.
Prop Potomac, Gebhardt, Buffalo, 250 tons mdse, 250 car wheels.
Prop Pittsburgh Beckwith, Buffalo, 651 pks mdse, 381 tons [illegible]
Schr Transit, Hoag, Manitowoc, 600 m shingles.
Schr Denmark, Simpson, Muskegon, 110 m lumber.
Schr St Clair, Reynolds, South Haven, 58 cords wood.
Schr Abigail, O'Connor, Kalamazoo, 55 cords wood.
Schr Antelope, Callow, St Joseph, 50 m lumber.
Schr Lucy Raab, Long, Sheboygan, 126 cords wood, 60 bbls beer.
Schr Peoria, Frink, Muskegon, 125 m lumber.
Scow Lewis Taroop, Flood, Grand River, 700 m shingles, 13 m lumber.
Schr Mount Vernon, Smith, South Haven, 45 cords wood.
Schr Union, Aldrich, Kalamazoo, 35 m lumber, 532 bedsteads.
Schr Amelia Sullivan, Wilkinson Pier 5 cords wood.
Schr Farmer, Gurpen, St Jos ph, 13 cords wood.
Schr Fair Maid, Norris, St Joseph, 300 bu potatoes.
Schr Meridian, Byron, Grand River, 189 m lumber.
Schr Enterprise, Peterson, Wilkinson Pier, 85 cds wood.
Schr Tom Aldrich, Batchelor, Two Rivers, 120 m lumber.
Schr Jupiter, William, St Joseph, 150 m lumber.
Schr S Campbell, Hackett, Manistee, 122 m lumber.
Schr Scotland, Clydesdell, Grand River, 111 m lumber.
Schr Elbe, Kusgen, South Haven, 35 m lumber, cds wood, 30 m lath.
Schr Hanna, Shaw, Michigan City, 3 cds wood.
Schr Norwich, Johnson, Two Rivers, 120 m lumber, 100 m shingles.
Schr Mary, Grand Haven, 130 m lumber.
Schr Oriole, Trumbull, Buffalo, 330 m lumber.
Schr Meteor, Averill, Grand Haven, 161 m lumber.
Schr John Weeden Hand, Grand Haven, 90 m lumber, 300 m shingles.
Schr Honest John, Thompson, Duck Lake, 80 m lumber, 100 m shingles.
Schr W W Arnold, Hansen, Grand Haven, 80 m lumber.
Scow Sweet, Ingols, Kalamazoo, 65 m lumber, 5 m shingles.

CLEARED.............Nov. 22.

Stmr Huron, Morgan, Grand Haven, sundries.
Prop Plymouth, Dickson, Buffalo, 1900 bbls flour, 198 bbls broom-corn, 104 dressed hogs, 4499 bu wheat, 1885 pigs lead, 100 bbls highwines.
Prop G Means, Ryerson, Little Sauble, 2000 bu corn, 300 bbls flour, 100 bbls pork, 20 tons hay.
Prop Potomac, Gebhard, Milwaukee.
Prop Fountain City, Peck, Buffalo, 2700 bbls beef, 398 bbls flour, 5 hides, 50 hogs, 55 tons mdse.
Schr Transit, Hoag, Manitowoc, sundries.
Schr Mincola, Burns, Kalamazoo, 150 bbls salt, 350 hides
Schr Meridian, Byron, South Haven, 4 tons hay.
Schr Paradox, Stone, Michigan City, sundries.
Schr Pansy, Jed Floy, Long, Sheboygan, 75 bbls highwines.

CISTERNS, WELLS AND PUMPS.—THE UNdersigned is prepared to manufacture Cisterns for Rainwater, Tanks for Gas Meters and Railroads, Distillery Tubs and Rectifiers. Also, dig Wells, and furnish Chain and other Pumps at short notice, at his old stand, No. 221 West Lake street. Post Office Box No. 3524. E. SMALLEY.

COTTON YARN, COTTON WARP, BATS [illegible]

Miscellaneous.

WATER WHEELS.

VANDEWATER'S

Recently Improved Jonval Turbine WATER WHEEL.

Office, No. 81 South Clark Street, CHICAGO.

I OFFER THIS IMPROVED TURBINE Water Wheel to the public with the fullest confidence and assurance of its

SUPERIORITY OVER ALL OTHER WHEELS,

Without any exception. They are well adapted to (and have been tested in) Mills of all descriptions. They give a very

STEADY AND UNIFORM SPEED,

And are well adapted to very high as well as very low heads and falls. They will work well in back water without any material loss of power, and are not troubled with ice, as they are set inside of the forebay and discharged underneath. It requires a small amount of gearing to get up a high speed, costs but little to set up, and runs upon a step that needs no oiling, and will last for years. This Wheel is capable of yielding a power of from 70 to 85 per cent. of the whole power of the water (according to the degree of finish of wheel) under high heads and falls, and in all cases it is warranted to work up to the power laid down in the table and to give satisfaction when properly put up and geared.

State, County and Town territories for sale.

For further particulars see circulars, which can be obtained at the Agent's Office, No. 81 South Clark st.

FRANCIS HARVEY, Proprietor.
au24-1y-a973 G. J. McDOUGALL, Agent.

F. A. THOMAS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

DAVIS' PATENT ALSPHALTIC ROOFING.

(PATENTED AUGUST 24, 1858.)

PREMIUMS AWARDED AT THE LATE Mechanical Fair held in this city.

The foundation of this roofing consists of Canvass saturated with Asphaltum, underlaid with Felt paper, or of Felt alone. The covering compound is composed of Asphaltum, India Rubber and Gum Shellac. A new method having been discovered for dissolving Rubber and Shellac, allowing any quantity desired to be used, and combining them with Asphaltum, without the use of expensive and injurious solvents used in all the Coal Tar Cements, which always evaporate and leave the Composition porous and brittle. In this compound all the volatile matter is removed, entirely freeing it from such defects, and is known to be the most durable material for roofing in the world.

Old Composition Roofs of every description repaired in a permanent and satisfactory manner.

All orders promptly attended to. Orders from the country supplied with the prepared Canvass Paper and Composition, with instructions.

State and County Rights for sale on terms of great advantage to those who wish a permanent business.

Office with G. P. Randall, Architect, Room No. 20, Portland Block, corner of Dearborn and Washington streets, Chicago, Ill. P. O. box 2992. oc19 h219-3m

HOP YEAST.

ATTENTION HOUSEKEEPERS.—Knowing the difficulty of getting Good Yeast in this city and county, the undersigned has commenced the manufacture of Hop Yeast in Chicago. It is put up in the form of a dry cake and is known as the "New England Dry Hop Yeast Cake." They may be had of any respectable Grocer in this city, and towns in this and adjoining states. By using these cakes and keeping them on hand, you can in two minutes time have a cup of fresh yeast and at an expense of one penny.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING.—Break a cake into a cup of blood warm water—it will dissolve in two minutes—then make your sponge and set it to rise over night. Knead your dough well and keep it warm until ready for the oven, and you will have better bread than with any other yeast. One cake is sufficient for three quarts of flour. Retail price, 1 shilling for a package of 12 cakes, or $1.50 for a gross box.

Inquire of your grocer for the New England Dry Hop Yeast Cake, and take nothing else if you would have good raised bread. If he has not got it ask him to get it for you. Manufactory on Cottage Grove Avenue, near the Car Works, Chicago, Ill. P. O. address Box 3124. Grocers orders promptly filled whether in city or country.

au5-a949-1y J. W. LEWIS, Agent.

Governors of Steam Engines.

MANUFACTURERS AND OWNERS OF Steam Engines who are desirous of maintaining a steady motion in their machinery, and wish to save their engines from breaking down by running away, can be accommodated by using Wilson's Governor and Valve. They are simple, compact, handsome, and not liable to get out of order.

Prices range as follows, to wit:

For Engines up to 20 Horse Power.............$56
For Engines from 3 to 100 Horse Power.............70
For Engines from 100 to 200 Horse Power.............90

They can be attached without difficulty to any engine, and at a trifling cost. They require no adjusting, and with the stop valve wide open will run the engine at one speed, with or without the load on. Workmanship of the very best quality.

Satisfaction Given or Money Refunded.

Address J. S. WILSON, Kensington, Philadelphia, Pa., enclosing above specified sum, and stating diameter of steam pipe, diameter and stroke of piston, and number of revolutions required per minute.

REFERENCE.—Col. John Wilson, late Commissioner Land Department I. C. R. R. Co., Chicago.
no4 9m-h940

C. L. HARMON & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 12 River Street, near Rush St. Bridge, Chicago.

HAVE NOW IN STORE AND ARE RECeiving a large and well assorted stock of

GROCERIES,

To the examination of which we invite the particular attention of Cash purchasers, who will find it to their interest to call on us before buying.

We are also Agents for the sale of Herring's Champion Safes, Fairbank's Scales, Bisson's Hold Wheels, etc.

No. 12 River Street.

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HAMILTON FULLER & CO.

BRASS FOUNDERS AND STEAM FITTERS, MANUFACTORY

No. 116 and 118 Franklin Street.

Sales Room—104 Lake Street.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN all kinds of Brass, Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Work, Railroad and other Pumps, Refrigerators, Artesian Well Pipe, Smoke Pipes, Steam Whistles, Stills and Still Worms, Plumbers' Boilers, and all kinds of Plumber's Materials.

Plain and Japanned Tin Ware, Water Coolers, Grocery Canisters, Toilet Sets, a large stock of COOK AND PARLOR STOVES. de18h93-1y

TO BRASS BANDS.

WE ARE AGENTS FOR THE ALLEN Manufacturing Co., of Boston, Mass., Makers of Rotary-valve Musical Instruments of every description.

ALL INSTRUMENTS WARRANTED

to give satisfaction, and sold at manufacturers prices in Boston, without adding cost of transportation.

PRICE LIST.

	Brass.	German Silver.
Ab. Eb. C & Bb Cornets, 3 Rotary Valves	$40 00	$52 50
Eb and F Trumpets	45 00	60 00
Ab Tenors	50 00	62 50
Eb	50 00	62 50
Bb	55 00	68 50
Bb Baritone	60 00	75 00
Bb Bass	60 00	75 00
Bb and Ab Basso	65 00	87 50
Eb and F Contra Basso	80 00	100 00
	110 00	130 00
	125 00	150 00
French Horns	60 00	
Ab Eb C and Bb Cornets, pure silver	125 00	
do. do. do.	150 00	
do. Gold	from $1,000 00 to 1,500 00	

Ornamental Engraving from $3 to $25 Extra.

We also keep on hand instruments of other kinds of French and German manufacture, with piston valves, which we are prepared to furnish to Bands as low as they can be had elsewhere. A liberal discount will be made to bands. Terms cash on delivery.

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Manufacturers and Dealers in

LUMBER, TIMBER, AND SHINGLES.

West Water street—between Lake and Randolph streets.

OWNING MILLS, WE ARE ENABLED to saw bills of lumber or timber to order at low prices and with promptness.

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The attention of builders and others is requested to the large assortment of Norway joist and flooring that constitutes our stock.

se7a741-6m J. L. McVICKAR & Co.

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Are now prepared to sell and deliver to any part of the city

FREE OF CHARGE

Any of the various product of their mills. We shall aim at the stars in the quality of our goods, and with a good mill good materials, and experience, hope to reach and maintain the highest point of excellence. Our brands of Flour in barrels and bags are

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Also at wholesale or retail:

White Rye Flour, Corn Meal, sifted and unsifted,
Graham Flour, Corn and Oats, ground,
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A SUBSTITUTE FOR POTASH. CONCENTRATED LYE, For making Soap without lime, with little or no trouble and trifling expense. The cheapest and most convenient article ever discovered for the purpose. One pound box will make nine pounds of ELEGANT HARD SOAP and several gallons of best Soft, or one barrel of the latter. Every family can make all the soap, both hard and soft, they use, from their ordinary kitchen grease and this Lye, nothing else is required.

PRINTERS and all others using a STRONG LYE will find the "CONCENTRATED" by far the cheapest and most effective article they can possibly use.

A single trial will convince any one of its great utility and value.

For sale by all DRUGGISTS and GROCERS in the country.

Beware of imitations. Manufactured only by the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company, of Pittsburgh, Pa., who manufacture the extra superfine, snow white Table Dairy and Pork Packers' Salt, warranted PERFECTLY PURE and the only REALLY PURE Salt in the United States. Also—Caustic Soda for Soap-Makers' Soda Ash, refined Soda Ash, Sal Soda, Bleaching Powder, Bleaching Liquor, Manganese, Nitric Acid, Muriatic Acid, Aqua Fortis, Chloroform, Soda Saleratus. oc9-h4w2m-a797

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MANUFACTURERS OF

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Smut Mills and Separators,
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Beltings of all kinds,
Hoisting Screws and Bails,
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Pecks, Proof Staffs, &c., &c.
—AND—
Mill Furnishing Generally.

West Water street, between Randolph and Madison, Chicago, Illinois. P. O. Address box No. 274.

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

The subscribers having obtained the agency for the sale of Steam Engines and Boilers from the

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would invite the attention of purchasers to their superior merits of style, workmanship and powers, also their very low prices. The following is a list of prices of Engine and Boiler, complete with Heater, Water and Steam Pipes, Clocks, Valves, Arch Castings, and Grates, complete and ready for use, delivered in Chicago:

5 horse power	$500	20 horse power	$1,300
8 "	675	25 "	1,600
10 "	775	30 "	1,875
12 "	900	35 "	2,000
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and in like proportion for larger sizes as required.

Every Engine is furnished with

JUDSON'S PATENT GOVERNOR VALVE.

For Flour Mills, we confidently recommend them as superior to any other style of Engine, and they will Save from 25 to 50 per cent. in Fuel over the usual class of Boilers in use at the West. We shall keep an assortment of different sizes at our establishment where they may be examined and the necessary information obtained regarding them. Competent men will, if desired, be furnished to set up and start engines in any part of the country. We will also supply WATER WHEELS, SHAFTING, GEARING, &c., at very low figures.

Prices, Specifications and Estimates furnished when desired.

T. W. BAXTER & CO. [illegible]

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PARTIES WHO ARE COMMENCING Housekeeping will find it greatly to their advantage and convenience to to call at our place, where they can obtain almost every article they need in the way of COOKING UTENSILS AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, instead of being obliged to collect their things from several establishments, as is usual. We can supply them with

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PARLOR & CHAMBER STOVES, for Wood or Coal.

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At the ILLINOIS STATE FAIR at Centralia.

—ALSO—

Winship's Self Ventilating Refrigerator,

And the

MORNING STAR COOKING RANGE.

And the merits of all are too well understood in this city to need anything more than a bare announcement.

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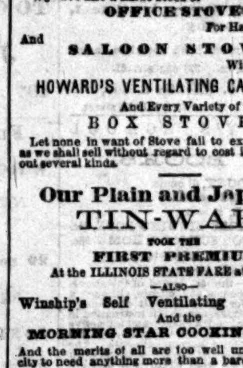

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A Ton of Coal Saved during the Winter, and the House made Warmer than before. "How is that?" I heard from all sides. "But how is it to be done?" In the easiest way imaginable. Get one of TOVREY'S ADJUSTABLE DOOR SPRINGS, and one of the EXCELSIOR WEATHER STRIPS, and your ton of Coal is saved, and it may be, two tons, before spring. The SPRINGS will always keep your doors shut, and the WEATHER STRIPS will arrest the stream of cold air that now flows in, day and night, beneath them. Try them at once and begin to save your money. To be had at 201 Lake street.

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Then we have just the thing for Stores and Offices: WRIGHT'S HYDRANT FILTER, CONICAL FILTER, and the Celebrated DIAPHRAGM FILTER.

With all this provision for Clean, Pure Water, it is evident that if any cling to the muddy compound, so frequently discharged by our hydrants, it must be set down to Choice and not necessity.

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The subscribers takes this method of notifying the public that they have secured

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And are now prepared to furnish them to order for Dwellings, Churches, Schools, &c. Also, their Stoves, constructed on the same principle, for parlors, single rooms and halls, and, especially

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CORN IN THE EAR, SHELLED CORN, Ground Corn and Oats, Old and New Oats, con- [illegible]

Insurance.

Northwestern Insurance Comp'y,

OSWEGO, NEW YORK.

(ESTABLISHED IN 1832.)

Capital 150,000—With a Large Surplus.

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY INformed that Mr. JULIUS WHITE has been reappointed agent of this Company, and is alone authorized to issue and renew policies in Chicago.

Mr. WHITE is authorized to adjust and pay all losses arising under our Policies either Fire or Marine.

JAMES PLATT President.

S. B. LUDLOW, Sec'y.

☞The undersigned will be happy to see his friends and the patrons of the old Northwestern generally, at the Office, No. 148½ South Water street, assuring them that our rates shall be as low as those of any other responsible Company, and that Losses shall be fairly adjusted and promptly paid.

JULIUS WHITE, Agent,
oc26 b639 1y 148½ South Water street.

BY STATE AUTHORITY.

Choice First-Class Insurance

—BY THE—

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Incorporated 1819—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL - - - - - - $1,000,000.

[Absolute and Unimpared

With a Surplus of $666,140 10.

And the prestige of 39 years success and experience. The Capital alone being double that of any Fire Insurance Company in the United States.

ASSETS, JULY 1st, 1858.

Cash on hand and deposited in Hartford Banks	$179,194 18
Cash in transit and Agents' hands	144,719 05
U. S. Treasury Notes, 5 per cent. interest	2,500 00
145 State Bonds	146,550 00
Money due the Company, secured by mortgage	4,418 04
Real Estate unincumbered	50,383 01
Bills receivable	64,499 84
	MARKET VALUE.
161 Bonds, 6, 7, and 10 ₩ cent. interest annually	161,250 00
857 shares Railroad Stock	82,779 00
56 shares Connecticut River Co. Stock	1,260 00
50 shares Stafford Bank Stock	5,200 00
50 shares Waterbury Bank Stock	5,250 00
36 shares Providence Bank Stock	1,879 00
2,379 shares Hartford Bank stock	289,112 50
5,050 shares New York Bank Stock	543,740 00
15 shares Jersey City Bank Stock	1,500 00
100 shares U. S. Trust Co., New York Stock	11,300 00
150 shares New York, L. I. and Trust Company Stock	24,750 00
	$1,866,140 10

TOTAL LIABILITIES:

Unsettled Claims not due.............$169,714 58

Losses Equitably Adjusted and Promptly Paid.

UPWARDS OF $11,000,000 of losses have been paid by the Ætna Insurance Company in the past 39 years.

Fire and Inland Navigation.

Risks accepted at terms consistent with solvency and fair profit.

Especial attention given to Insurance of Dwellings and Contents for terms of of one or five years.

Organized on a NATIONAL basis, with agencies in the principal cities and towns. Cash transactions, free from the objections of a credit system. Application made to any duly authorized Agent promptly attended to. By strict attention to a legitimate Insurance business this Company is enabled to offer both indemnity for the past and security for the future.

Policies issued without delay by any of its duly authorized Agents.

Branch Office 171 Vine street, Cincinnati.

☞Business attended to with dispatch and fidelity.☜

J. B. BENNETT, General Agent.

HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents, Chicago.
W. B. PATCH, State Agent Peoria, Illinois.
oc1b41-6m

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF the Philadelphia Fire and Life Insurance Company on the eleventh day of September, A. D. 1858, made in conformity with the laws of the State of Illinois, passed February 14th, 1855, and the laws amendatory thereof:

1st.—The name of the company is the Philadelphia Fire and Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia, and is located at Philadelphia in the State of Pennsylvania.

2nd.—The amount of its Capital Stock is Two Hundred and Ten Thousand and Seventy Five Dollars.

3rd.—The amount of its Capital Stock paid up is One Hundred and Five Thousand and Thirty Seven 50-100 Dollars.

4th.—The assets of the Company consist of the following items, viz:

First. Amount cash on hand and in hands of agents	$ 9,071 85
Second. Real Estate unincumbered	11,816 58
Third and Fourth. The bond and mortgages on real estate and of which amount more than $10,000 is upon property worth double the sum for which the same is mortgaged, said mortgages being the first liens	90,620 33
Fifth. Debts otherwise secured by Stock as per vouchers	25,719 00
Sixth. Debts for Premiums	none.
Seventh. All other securities as per Schedule	43,338 39
Total assets of the Company	$180,566 15

LIABILITIES:

5th—The amount of liabilities due and not due to banks or other creditors by the Company	none.
6th—Losses adjusted and due	none.
7th—Losses adjusted and not due	$ 2,000 00
8th—Losses unadjusted	none.
9th—Losses in suspense waiting for further proof	none.
10th—All other claims against the Company, consisting of bills that will be paid on presentation	500 00
Total liabilities	2,500 00
11th—The greatest amount insured in any one risk	5,000 00
12th—The greatest amount allowed by the rules of the Company to be insured in any one city, town or village, and	$5,000 00
13th—The greatest amount allowed to be insured in any one block	every 100 feet.

14th—The act of Incorporation of said Company is annexed.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA—S.S.

Robert T. King, President, and Francis Blackburn, Secretary, of the Philadelphia Fire and Life Insurance Company, (to me personally known), being severally sworn, deposes and say, and each for himself says, that the foregoing is a true, full, and correct statement of the affairs of said Company; that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least one Hundred Thousand Dollars of Cash Capital invested in stocks and bonds, or in mortgages on unincumbered real estate worth at least double the amount for which the same is mortgaged; that the above described investments, nor any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management of said Company, either as President, Secretary, Treasurer, Director or otherwise; that the mortgages above described have not been assigned, nor in any manner released or impaired by said Company, and that they are the above described officers of said Company.

R. T. KING, President.
F. BLACKBURN, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this fourteenth day of September, 1858. In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my official seal.

JOHN BINNS,
Commissioner of the State of Illinois for the City of Philadelphia.

[Certificate to expire on the 31st day of January, 1859.]

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, STATE OF ILLINOIS, SPRINGFIELD, 29th September, 1858.

Whereas, the Philadelphia Fire and Life Insurance Company, located at Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, has filed in this office a statement of the condition of its affairs, as required by "An Act to regulate the Agencies of Insurance Companies not incorporated by the State of Illinois," approved February 17, 1855, and an act amendatory thereof, approved January 23, 1857; and whereas, said Company has furnished satisfactory evidence that it is possessed of the required amount of capital invested in stocks and mortgages, and has filed in this office a written instrument, signed by the President and Secretary thereof, appointing L. C. Hall, of Chicago, its Agent for the transaction of the business of said Company, and fully and unreservedly authorizing him to acknowledge service of process for and on behalf of said Company, consenting that service of process upon him, the said Agent, shall be taken and held to be as valid as if served upon the Company, and waiving all claim of error by reason of such service,

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the provisions of the Act aforesaid, I, Jesse K. Dubois, Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, do hereby certify that the said L. C. Hall is authorized as an Agent for the said Company, to transact the business of Insurance in this state, until the thirty-first day of January, in the year eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, so far as he may be legally empowered so to do by said Company.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed the seal of my office, at Springfield, this twentieth day of September, A. D. 1858.

JESSE K. DUBOIS, Auditor P. A.

LAMBERT C HALL Agent,

NO. 160 SOUTH WATER ST.,

no19-b542-1m POMEROY'S BUILDING.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF the Security Fire Insurance Company of New York, as made to the Auditor of the State of Illinois, November 1st, 1858:

Amount of Capital Stock all paid up is $200,000.	
Cash on hand and in the hands of Agents	$ 2,364 45
Bank Stocks as per Schedule	31,762 50
Debts due the Company secured by Bond and Mortgage on real estate as per schedule "A"	205,400 00
Amount loaned on Collaterals, as per schedule	9,300 00
Debts for Premiums outstanding	2,7,8 13
All other Securities, accrued interest on loans	2,631 00
Total assets of the Company	$252 836 08

LIABILITIES.

Losses adjusted and due	None.
Losses adjusted and not due	None.
Losses unadjusted	None.
Losses in suspense waiting for further proof	None.
All other claims against the Company	None.
Total liabilities	None.

I, Joseph Walker, President, and Thos. W. Birdsall, Secretary of the Security Fire Insurance Company of New York, (to me personally known) being severally affirmed, depose and say, that the foregoing is a true, full and correct statement of the affairs of said Insurance Company; that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least One Hundred Thousand Dollars of Cash Capital invested in Stocks and Bonds or at least par value, or in Mortgages on unincumbered Real Estate worth at least double the amount for which the same is Mortgaged; that the above described investments, nor any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management of said Company, either as President, Secretary, Treasurer, Director or otherwise, (except the mortgages executed by Smith Lawrence, Geo. H. Beyer and James Birdsall, who are severally Directors of the Company; that the Mortgages above described have not been assigned, nor in any manner released or impaired by said Company, (except the mortgage of $1,800 made by J. H. Corlies, which has been paid since October 1st, 1858,) and that they are the above described officers of the Company.

(Signed.)

{Seal of Company.} JOSEPH WALKER, President.
THOS. W. BIRDSALL, Secretary.

Subscribed and affirmed before me this twenty-first day of October, 1858. In Testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my Official Seal.

[Seal.] (Signed) WILLIAM ALLEN BUTLER,
Notary Public, N. Y.

Know all men by these presents, that the Security Fire Insurance Company of New York doth hereby authorize R. F. Mason, of Chicago, to accept and acknowledge service of all process, whether mesne or final, for and in behalf of said Company, in any action or proceeding against said Company; and it is hereby admitted and agreed that such service of the process by the said agent shall be taken and held to be as valid as if served upon the Company, according to the laws of the State of Illinois, or any other State, and all claims or right of error by reason of such service, is hereby expressly waived and relinquished.

Witness our hands and seal of the Company, this twentieth day of October, 1858.

(Signed)

{Company} JOSEPH WALKER, President.
{- Seal.} THOS. W. BIRDSALL, Secretary.

(Copy.)

Certificate to expire on the 31st day of January, 1859.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, STATE OF ILLINOIS, Springfield, November 9, 1858.

Whereas, the Security Fire Insurance Company, located at New York, in the State of New York, has filed in this office a statement of the condition of its affairs as required by "An Act to regulate the Agencies of Insurance Companies not incorporated by the State of Illinois," approved February 17th, 1855, and an act amendatory thereto, approved January 23d, 1858, and, whereas said Company has furnished satisfactory evidence that it is possessed of the required amount of capital invested in Stocks and Mortgages, and has filed in this office a written instrument signed by the President and Secretary thereof appointing R. F. Mason, of Chicago, its Agent for the transaction of the business of said Company, and fully and unreservedly authorizing him to acknowledge service of process for and on behalf of said Company, consenting that service of process upon him, the said agent, shall be taken and held to be as valid as if served upon the Company, and waiving all claim of error by reason of such service,

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the act aforesaid, I, Jesse K. Dubois, Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois, do hereby certify that the said R. F. Mason is authorized as an Agent for the said Company to transact the business of Insurance in this State, until the thirty-first day of January, 1859, so far as he may be legally empowered so to do by said Company.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed the seal of my office, this 9th day of November, 1858.

JESSE K. DUBOIS, [illegible]

Insurance.

INDEMNITY

PHŒNIX INSURANCE CO

—OF—

HARTFORD, CONN.

AGENTS

In the Principal Cities and Towns in the Union,

Who will

PROMPTLY ATTEND TO ALL BUSINESS

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PROMPTNESS AND ABILITY.

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Goodhue Insurance Company,

NEW YORK CITY.

Capital.........................$200,000

MASON & CO. Agents.

mh31-9m1aw;n23

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Insure against Loss by Fire only.

HUBBARD & HUNT, Agents, Chicago, corner Lasalle and South Water streets.

NORWICH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Norwich, Conn.

PAID UP CAPITAL $175 000.

Insure against Loss by Fire.

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OF THE CITY OF CHICAGO.

Office, 142 South Water Street.

Authorized Capital, 500,000 | Paid in and secured, 175,500

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E. C. Wilder, A. Edwards,
Hiram B. Smith.

ADVISORY DIRECTORS:

Watson Carr, G. H. Hazleton,
C. N. Henderson, Adam Smith.

A. EDWARDS, President.

E. C. WILDER, Secretary.

GEO F. HASTINGS, General Agent.

LEWIS B. RUNDELL, City Surveyor.

☞Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Insurance.
je14'58-1y

Chicago Firemen's Insurance Co.

Office N. W. Corner of Lake and Clark-sts.,

UP STAIRS.

CAPITAL - - - - - - - - $200,000.

DIRECTORS.

Thomas Church, B. W. Raymond, Geo W. Dole,
R. H. Haddock, T. R. Botsford, Orrington Lunt,
C. R. Farwell, W. M. Larrabee, J. T. Edwards.

THOMAS CHURCH, Prest.

C. N. HOLDEN, Sec'y. JOS. E. BROWN, Surveyor
ap27'58 a808-1y

Business Cards.

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H. L. RUCKER. J. S. PAGE.

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L. L. JONES. [je6-3m-a727] H. O. SPAFFORD.

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A. E. WILLMANNS, Attorney. C. J. STOLBRAND.
my3-a8-1y

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JOHN A. GROW,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW, No. 10 Dole's Building, corner of S. Water & Clark streets, Chicago, Ill. mh27'58-1y

EDWARD G. ASAY,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

NO. 77 SOUTH CLARK STREET.

Opposite Court House.........................Chicago.
my5-1y-a974

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☞Mr. B. is Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds for every State in the Union.

References in Chicago—Scripps, Bross & Spears.

FREDERICK SPIES. [61-1y-v185] CALVIN C. BURT.

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Legal.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY, SS. Cook County Court of Common Pleas, January Term, 1859.

Harry J. Doolittle vs. Charles Quentin, Archibald Clybourne and Frederick Bronson sole acting executor of Arthur Bronson, deceased.—In Chancery.

Affidavit of the non-residence of Charles Quentin and Frederick Bronson, defendants above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Cook County Court of Common Pleas. Notice is hereby given to the said Charles Quentin and Frederick Bronson that the said complainant filed his bill of complaint in said Court, on the chancery side thereof, on the 16th day of November, 1858, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said court against said defendants, returnable on the first Monday of January next, (1859) as is by law required.

Now, unless you, the said Charles Quentin and Frederick Bronson shall personally be and appear before said Cook County Court of Common Pleas of Cook County, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at Chicago, in said county, on the first Monday of January, 1859, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainants' bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
W. T. BURGESS, Compl't's Sol'r. no17 4w-b521

MORTGAGE SALE.—WHEREAS THE Second Reformed Protestant Dutch Church, a society incorporated under the laws of the state of Illinois, and located in Chicago, in the County of Cook and State of Illinois by Isaac H Mead and John Mason Ferris, its Trustees, did, on the seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty seven, execute a certain indenture of mortgage upon the premises hereinafter described to Roswell B. Northrup, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note therein mentioned of even date therewith for the sum of four hundred and twenty-five dollars, payable in one year from date with ten per cent. interest, which mortgage is recorded in the Recorder's office of Cook county, in Book 35 of Mortgages, page 172, and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the interest thereon:

Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that I, Abram Samuel, by virtue of the provisions of said mortgage and the assignment by the said Roswell B. Northrop of his interest therein to me, shall on Monday, the twenty-ninth day of November, A. D. 1858, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, sell at the North door of the Court House in Chicago at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described piece, lot or parcel of land situate in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, to wit: All of lots twelve (12) in Edwin O. Larned's subdivision of that part of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section No. thirty-four (34). Town thirty nine (39) North Range fourteen (14) East of Third Principal Meridian, described as follows viz: commencing at a point forty (40) rods west from the east line, and thirty-two rods (32) north from the south line of the east half of the northwest quarter of said Section, thence north sixteen (16) rods, thence west forty (40) rods to the west line of said tract, thence south sixteen (16) rods, thence east to the place of beginning.

ABRAM SAMUEL,
no16 b4-55.9 Assignee of said Mortgage.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY: SS. Cook County Circuit Court, November Term, A. D. 1858.

Charles Mueller, John C. Kruse and Gustavus Drexel, who sue on behalf of themselves and of all other unsatisfied creditors of the firm of H. Westerman & Co., who shall come in and contribute to the expense of this suit, vs Herrman Uhrlaub, Christian Frickenhaus, Charles Gerstenberg, Herrman Westermann and William A. F. Wiens

Affidavit of the non-residence of Christian Frickenhaus defendant above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Circuit Court of Cook County, notice is hereby given to the said Christian Frickenhaus that said complainants filed their bill of complaint in said Court on the Chancery side thereof on the Tenth day of November 1858; and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court against said defendants, returnable on the third Monday of November inst, (1858) as is by law required.

Now, unless you, the said Christian Frickenhaus shall personally be and appear before said Circuit Court of Cook Co., on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at Chicago, in said County, on the third Monday of November 1858, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainants' bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you, according to the prayer of said bill.

WM. L. CHURCH, Clerk.
WILDER & NISSEN, Compl'ts S'l'rs no13 b49 4w

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY, SS.—Cook County Circuit Court—November Term, A. D. 1858.

David Abby vs. John Abby and James Abby—Attachment.

Public notice is hereby given to the said John Abby and James Abby that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Cook County Circuit Court dated the twenty seventh day of September, A. D. 1858, at the suit of the said David Abby and against the estate of the said John Abby and James Abby, for the sum of Seven Hundred and Forty Four Dollars and Sixty-Six Cents, directed to the Sheriff of Cook County, which said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you the said John Abby and James Abby, shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Circuit Court, on or before the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the third Monday of November, A. D. 1858, give special bail and plead to the said plaintiff's action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said David Abby, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs will be sold to satisfy the same.

WM. L. CHURCH, Clerk.
John A. Grow, Plff's Att'y. oc30 b556 im

STATE OF ILLINOIS COUNTY OF COOK, ss.—Cook County Court of Common Pleas, November Special Term, A. D. 1858.

Jacob Siewalt vs. John O. Heverly—Attachment.

Public notice is hereby given to the said John O. Heverly that a writ of Attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of Cook County Court of Common Pleas, dated the 24th day of August A. D. 1858, at the suit of the said Jacob Siewalt and against the estate of the said John O. Heverly, for the sum of One Hundred and Fifty-Five Dollars, directed to the Sheriff of Cook county, which said writ has been returned executed.

Now, therefore, unless you, the said John O. Heverly, shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Court of Common Pleas, on or before the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the second Monday of November, A. D. 1858, give special bail and plead to the said plaintiff's action judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said Jacob Siewalt, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs, will be sold to satisfy the same.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
WOODRUFF & RICH Plff's Att'y oc30 b551-4w

STATE OF ILLINOIS—COUNTY OF COOK, ss.—Cook County Circuit Court.—November Term, A. D. 1858.

John A. Grow, Assignee of James W. Brown, vs. Canal Boat Emperor—Attachment.

Public Notice is hereby given to the said Canal Boat Emperor that a writ of Attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Cook County Circuit Court, dated the 8th day of September, A. D. 1858, at the suit of the said John A. Grow, Assignee of James W. Brown, and against the said Canal Boat Emperor, for the sum of One Hundred and Twenty-Eight Dollars and Ten Cents, directed to the Sheriff of Cook county, which said writ has been returned executed. Now, therefore, unless the said Canal Boat Emperor, shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Circuit Court on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago on the third Monday of November, A. D. 1858, give special bail and plead to the said plaintiff's action judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said John A. Grow, Assignee of James W. Brown, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs, will be sold to satisfy the same.

WM. L. CHURCH, Clerk.
RAE & GROW, Plff's Att'y. oc30b327-4w

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY, SS.—Cook County Circuit Court, November Term, A. D. 1858—Attachment.

William H. Foster vs Samuel Stone and Jonathan R. Anderson.

Public notice is hereby given to the said Samuel Stone and Jonathan R. Anderson, that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of Cook County Circuit Court, dated the fourteenth day of September, A. D. 1858, at the suit of the said William H. Foster and against the estate of the said Samuel Stone and Jonathan R. Anderson, for the sum of Forty dollars and sixty-one cents directed to the sheriff of Cook county, which said writ has been returned executed. Now, therefore, unless you, the said Samuel Stone and Jonathan R. Anderson, shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Circuit Court on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago, on the third Monday of November, A. D. 1858, give special bail, and plead to the said plaintiff's action judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said William H. Foster, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs, will be sold to satisfy the same.

WM. L. CHURCH, Clerk.
RAE & GROW, Plff's Att'y. oc25 b355-4w

STATE OF ILLINOIS—COOK COUNTY. Cook County Circuit Court.—November Term, A. D. 1858.

William H. Foster, vs. Daniel H. Davis and Jonathan R. Anderson—Attachment.

Public Notice is hereby given to the said Daniel H. Davis and Jonathan R. Anderson that a writ of Attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Cook County Circuit Court, dated the fourteenth day of September, A. D. 1858, at the suit of the said William H. Foster, and against the estate of the said Daniel H. Davis and Jonathan R. Anderson for the sum of One Hundred and Fifteen Dollars and Sixteen Cents, directed to the Sheriff of Cook county, which said writ has been returned executed. Now, therefore, unless you the said Daniel H. Davis and Jonathan R. Anderson, shall personally be and appear before the said Cook County Circuit Court, on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House, in the city of Chicago, on the third Monday of November, A. D. 1858, give special bail, and plead to the said plaintiff's action, judgment will be entered against you, and in favor of the said William H. Foster, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs will be sold to satisfy the same.

WM. L. CHURCH, Clerk.
RAE & GROW, Plff's Att'y. oc25 b356-4w

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN the payment of two certain notes made by Charles M. Perkins and John E. Wightman, bearing date January first, 1856, and payable one in one year after date, and the other at two years from date, with ten per cent. interest, to the order of J. S. Bosford & Co. The undersigned by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain Trust Deed made by said Charles M. Perkins and Manilla O. Perkins his wife, and John E. Wightman, dated January first, 1856 to secure said notes described in said Trust Deed, will sell at the North door of the Court House in Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, on the fifteenth day of December 1858, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, all the following described piece or parcel of land in the village of McHenry and county of McHenry, in the State of Illinois, and described as part of lot three in block eighteen on the west side of Fox river, to wit:—commencing fifteen feet from the Northwest corner of said lot, running thence in a Southerly direction on a line with the street twenty-three feet, thence an Easterly direction to the river, thence a Northerly direction twenty-three feet, thence a westerly direction to the place of beginning. The Trust Deed above is duly recorded in the Recorder's office of McHenry county, in Book 10, pages 2.8, 263 and 270.

CYRENIUS BEERS, Trustee.
Chicago, Nov. 17, 1858. no19 b538 td

CHANCERY NOTICE—STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, SS.—Cook County Court of Common Pleas, January Term, 1859.

Frederick Radtke vs. Frederike Radtke—In Chancery.

Affidavit of the non-residence of Frederike Radtke, defendant above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Cook County Court of Common Pleas. Notice is hereby given to the said Frederike Radtke that the complainant filed his bill of complaint in said Court, on the Chancery side thereof, on the first day of September 1858, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court against said defendant, returnable on the second Monday of September next, 1858, as is by law required.

Now, unless you, the said Frederike Radtke shall personally be and appear before said Cook County Court of Common Pleas of Cook County, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at Chicago, in the said County, on the first Monday of January, 1859, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainants' bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
EDMUND REMACK, Compl'ts Sol'r. no4-4w-b403

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—NOTICE IS HEREby given that default having been made in the payment of a certain promissory note dated the 11th day of June, A. D. 1857, for the sum of one thousand dollars ($1000), payable one year after date to James Clapp or order, and secured in and by a certain Trust Deed, made and executed by John Baxter, bearing date the eleventh day of June, A. D. 1857, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Cook county, in the State of Illinois, in Book 138 of Deeds, page 347, to the undersigned, Cyrus Bentley, in trust to secure the payment of the said promissory note in said deed mentioned, (proper application having been made to me,) I shall on Monday, the twenty-ninth day of November, A. D. 1858, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the North door of the Court house in the city of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, sell at public auction for cash the following described premises situate in the County of Cook and State of Illinois, to wit:—lot fourteen [14], in block [5], in Brainerd & Evans addition to the city of Chicago, together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all the right, title, benefit and equity of redemption of the said John Baxter, in pursuance of said deed of trust.

CYRUS BENTLEY, Trustee.
Dated Chicago, Nov. 17. A. D. 1858. no18 b535 td

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COUNTY OF COOK ss.—Circuit Court of Cook County, January Special Term, 1859.

Alexander N. Fullerton vs. Grant Goodrich, Ebenezer Peck, Samuel B. Walker, Martin O. Walker, Royal Stewart, William R. Brown and William S. Stewart—In Chancery.

Affidavit of the non-residence of Royal Stewart and William Stewart, two of the defendants above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Circuit Court of Cook County. Notice is hereby given to the said Royal Stewart and William Stewart that said complainant filed his bill of complaint in said Court, on the Chancery side thereof, on the twentieth day of October, 1858, and that an alias summons thereupon issued out of said Court against said defendants, returnable on the first Monday of January, 1859, as is by law required.

Now, unless you, the said Royal Stewart and William Stewart shall personally be and appear before said Circuit Court of Cook County, on the first day of the next special term thereof, to be holden at Chicago, in said County, on the first Monday of January, 1859, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainant's bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

WM. L. CHURCH, Clerk.
WILLIAM T. BURGESS, Compl'ts Sol'r. no19 b546 4w

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that default having been made in the payment of thirteen [13] promissory notes, now past due, and amounting in the whole to Twenty Four Thousand, Six Hund ed and Ninety-Three Dollars and Twenty-Three Cents [$24,693.23] and by virtue of a power given me by an instrument of writing, dated the 15th day of December, 1857, and signed by P. Dow Fiscal, agent, I shall sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the North door of the Court House in the city of Chicago, Illinois, on the 23d day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, sixty-eight [68] Bonds of Crops and Milwaukee Railroad Land Grant Bonds of ($1000) One Thousand Dollars each, said bonds being placed in my hands as collateral security for the payment of the above notes, or so much of said bonds as may be necessary to discharge said indebtedness [illegible]

Legal.

MORTGAGE SALE.—WHEREAS Joseph Hurst executed and delivered unto the undersigned, James Warren, John W. Hart and Elihu Mix, a certain Indenture of Mortgage of the premises hereinafter described, bearing date the twenty fourth day of June, A. D. 1856, to secure the payment of four certain Promissory Notes therein mentioned, with a condition therein, that in case of default in the payment of the said notes either of principal or of interest on the days and at the times whereon the same should become due and payable, the whole of said principal and interest secured by the said promissory notes in the said mortgage mentioned should thereupon become immediately due and payable. Which said Mortgage was recorded in the Recorder's Office in Kane county, in the State of Illinois, on the fifth day of July, A. D. 1856, in Record Book 51 at page 411. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that default having been made in the payment of the first note due under said mortgage and by its terms, the whole of said notes thereupon became due and payable. We the undersigned, shall, on the twentieth day of December, A. D. 1858, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day by virtue of power of sale in said Mortgage contained, and in pursuance thereof at the North door of the Court House in the City of Chicago, Illinois at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described pieces or parcels of land situate lying and being in the County of Kane, State of Illinois to-wit: Commencing at the centre of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad on the East line of lands owned by Charles B. Tucker and running thence North three-quarters degree, West along the West line of section one (1), seventy forty (40), North range eight (8), thirty-two and 25-100 chains to Truman Gilbert's land, thence North eighty-five and three-fourths (85¾) and East twenty (20) chains, thence south three-fourths and East parallel with the first line forty-four and 69-100 chains (44 69-100), thence South eighty-nine degrees West four chains and thirty-six links (4 36-100) to the centre of said railroad, thence along the centre of said railroad twenty-two (22) chains and sixty-three (63) links to the place of beginning containing seventy nine and 62-100 acres (79 62-100). Also a certain other piece containing just five acres, lying in the Northwest quarter of section twelve in a square form bounded on the South by the Army Trail and on the East by land owned by Daniel Wheeler, the same being the premises described in said mortgage together with all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Joseph Hurst in and to the aforesaid premises.

JAMES WARREN,
JOHN W. HART,
ELIHU L. MIX,
Mortgagees.

HOSMER & PECK, Att'ys.
Dated Nov. 18, 1858. no19 b539 td

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COUNTY OF COOK SS.—Cook County Court of Common Pleas, January Term, 1858.

Catherine G. Berz vs. Frank Berz.—In Chancery.

Affidavit of the non-residence of Frank Berz, defendant above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Cook County Court of Common Pleas. Notice is hereby given to the said Frank Berz, that the complainant filed her bill of complaint in the said court, on the Chancery side thereof, on the 28th day of October, 1858, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court against said defendants, returnable on the first Monday of January next, A. D. 1859, as is by law required. Now, unless you, the said Frank Berz, shall personally be and appear before said Cook County Court of Common Pleas of Cook county, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at Chicago in said county on the first Monday of January, 1859, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainant's bill of complaint, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
GEO. F. CROCKER, Compl't's Sol'r. oc26 b511-4w

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REFERENCES.

Wm. Jones, No. 81 Summer St., Boston; P. H. Field & Co., Kilby St., Boston; James M. Hale, Milk St., Boston; Bowen & Bro., 73 Lake St., Chicago; M. D. Gilman & Co. 158 South Water St., Chicago; Hoyt & Pierce, 280 State St., Chicago; A. J. Murphy, Burlington, Vt.; J. Tripp, Albany, N. Y.; Miran Peck, Albany, N. Y.; Charles Vroman, Syracuse, N. Y. no19 b453-1y

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WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION to all legal business, and, in connection with G. W. GRAY, Practical Draughtsman and Architect, will attend to procuring Patents, filing Caveats, drawing Specification, Bonds, Assignments, preparing Appeals, an Infringements, procuring Re-issues, and all other business connected with patents; and have made arrangement whereby Models and Engravings can be furnished if desired. They feel confident, from their experience, that they will be able to satisfy all parties who may wish patents procured or any business transacted with the Patent Office.

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jy22-a581-1y L. L. BOND.

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oc6 b78-1y

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oc4b66-1y W. SATTLER'S, 35 Lasalle street.

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500 BXS STARCH, FOR SALE BY MARSH HARWOOD, & CO., 20 South Water street.

GUNNIES—NEW AND SECOND HAND, just received and for sale by CHASE & CO., South Water street.

SUPERIOR HAVANA CIGARS FOR sale at No. 48 Wells street. Room No. 1 (up stairs.)

GUM DROPS.—200 BOXES FRESH ASSORTED flavors, for sale by PENTON, ROBINSON & SMITH, Wholesale Druggists, 99 South Water st.

300 BOXES GRAND BANK CODFISH by PITKIN & CO., oc30 1m 123 South Water st.

150 BOXES BAY OF FUNDY CODFISH, by PITKIN & CO., oc30 1m 123 South Water st.

500 BBLS., HF. BBLS. AND QR. BBLS MACKEREL by PITKIN & CO., oc30 1m 123 South Water st.

300 KITS MACKEREL BY PITKIN & CO., 123 South Water st.

500 BXS. SCALED AND NO. 1 HERring, just received by REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

50 TCS. NEW RICE FOR SALE BY oc22 b367 REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

200 HHDS. SUGAR NOW ARRIVING and for sale low by REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

COFFEE. — 500 BAGS RIO COFFEE just received and offered to the Trade at low figures. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

200 POCKETS O. G. JAVA COFFEE, 150 bags prime Laguayra Coffee for sale by REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

NEW RAISINS. — 200 BXS., 150 HF. bxs. New Raisins just received and for sale by REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

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2,000 BBLS MICHIGAN WH[ITE FISH] [illegible]

CH[ICAGO]

VOLUME XII.

PRESS AND TRI[BUNE]

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV[EMBER]

An Embroilment with En[gland] France for the Acquisition [of Cuba]

No fact is better known than [...] the deliberate purpose of Mr. B[uchanan] [from] the time of his accession to the P[residency] [to] signalise his administration by the [acquisition] of Cuba. To this end he has t[ried the] arts of diplomacy, but, so far as [we] have been permitted to look [behind the] scenes, with the occurrence of ve[ry little to] encourage a hope of success. [The] session of the present Congress [con]venes one week from next Monday [...] him the last opportunity, either [...] the acquisition of Cuba or t[...] of any other important me[asure to] shed luster upon his [administra]tion. The popular branch of the [...] Congress will be in the hands o[f his oppo]nents, and with the close of tha[t session] his term of office will expire. Wh[at] does, then, to carry out his purpo[se of ren]dering his administration illustri[ous by the] acquisition of Cuba, must be done [...] ter. The time is too short for a [...] the programme of diplomatic ne[gotiation...] There is but one way by which C[uba can be] reached during Mr. Buchanan's a[dministra]tion, and that is by a war with so[me of] the European nationalities.

If our Washington corresponden[ts are] advised as to the intention of the [...] it would seem that he has resol[ved on] carrying this alternative into exec[ution...] Message, we are told, will be emph[atically a] war message—it will contain a [...] prenunciamento against England [in regard] to Central America; also a fear[ful array of] complaints and reclamations aga[inst Spain] and Mexico. The weakness of the [...] powers is such that they will not [...] any claim which the government o[f the Uni]ted States may choose to set up ag[...] Buchanan can have no hope of embr[oiling the] Nation in a war with either, standi[ng alone] and unaided by other powers. B[ut a war] with Great Britain; and by g[...] a difficulty with her, the [...] assigned in the Ostend Mani[festo...] furnishing a just cause for the [seizure of] Cuba, will at once be created, [...] be assumed to have an existenc[e...] warrant for taking possession of th[e Queen] of the Antilles would be further stre[ngthened] by some plausible ground of [complaint] against Spain, and hence the enumer[ation in] the forthcoming Message of the [...] wrongs we have suffered at the hand[s of that] power. Perhaps, too, the philosoph[y of the] Ostend Manifesto might be made to [...] another broad slice of Mexico during [the pro]gress of the melee.

Such seems to be the programme [of Mr.] Buchanan to save his administration [from the] obloquy which has settled down upo[n ...] his immediate predecessor. That he [...] able to carry it out, we cannot for a [moment] believe. He has in a great measure a[lienated] from himself the Democracy of the No[rth, and] need not look to that quarter for aid [in em]broiling our Government in a long, ex[pensive] and bloody war. The manifesto of [Gov.] Hammond, delivered at Barnwell t[he other] day, takes ground in advance aga[inst any] administration scheme for annexation [...] a few of the more active fire-eaters [and fili]busters of the South will go with th[e Presi]dent, while the combined opposition, [...] the more moderate of the Democrati[c mem]bers from both North and South, w[ill defeat] his war policy.

Within a *few days* the Washington [...] professes to have received informati[on from] Spain which, if true, will greatly co[mplicate] the President's embarassements. Tha[t paper] learns, upon what it pronounces g[ood au]thority, that the subject of Cuban [indepen]dence has been taken up in earnest by [France] and England, who propose that C[uba and] Porto Rico shall be erected into a se[parate inde]pendent monarchy. A national debt [...] assumed by the new monarchy, o[r...] *renta*, representing the interest, is to [be paid] to Spain, the debt and *renta* to be as[...] France and England, as a bond for [...] annexation of Cuba to the United St[ates. If] there be any truth in this stateme[nt, Mr.] Buchanan will have to fight both [England] and France, as well as Spain, if he u[ndertakes] a practical application of his Oste[nd doc]trine. But speculation on this su[bject we] deem wholly unnecessary. The Pre[sident's] power in his own party is so far bro[ken that] it will be impossible for him to bri[ng about] the support of such a policy as is fore[shadow]ed in the letter of our Washington [corres]pondent.

Excitement at Davenport

On the 13th inst. the people of Scott [County,] Iowa, by a majority of some fifteen h[undred] voted in favor of a proposition for the c[ounty to] exchange $325,000 of its funds for a like [amount] of the capital stock of the Mississippi a[nd Mis]souri Railroad, the Davenport and Ced[ar Val]ley Railroad, and the Davenport and L[eClaire] Railroad, to aid in the construction o[f those] roads. Subsequently some of the oppo[nents of] the measure applied to one of the Judge[s of the] Supreme Court for an injunction restrai[ning the] County Judge from issuing said [bonds,] on the ground of alleged inform[alities in] the manner of conducting the electio[n. The] application was sustained and the in[junction] issued. Great excitement ensued in Da[venport] as soon as the result became known; [a] public meeting was held on the followi[ng day,] at which resolutions were passed stro[ngly de]nunciatory of the parties who had bee[n instru]mental in procuring the injunction, and [asking] the Judge of the County to submit aga[in to the] legal voters of Scott, the following propo[sitions:]

1st. Shall Scott county subscribe $50[...] the capital stock of the Davenport & Ce[dar Val]ley Railroad Company, to aid said com[pany in] constructing a railroad from Davenport, [to a] point on the M. & M. road, east of Wo[...] or near Wheatland, in Clinton county?

2d. Shall Scott county subscribe the [sum of] $100,000 to the capital stock of the Da[venport] and LeClaire Railroad?

3d. Shall the vote of 1853, authoris[ing the] County Judge to subscribe for the Cou[nty the] sum of $50,000 to the stock of the Dave[nport &] LeClaire Railroad be rescinded?

4th. Shall the County Judge provide [for the] payment of the interest, which will acc[rue on] the County bonds issued on the subscri[ption to] the D. & C. V. R., and D. & Le Claire R[ailroad by] ing a special tax, if necessary?

Correspondence.

To CAPT. SAM WHITING—*Dear Sir*: [...] your old Chicago and Lake friends [...] method of expressing their appreciatio[n of your] honorable service as a volunteer o[fficer in the] Arctic Expedition for the rescue of Dr. K[ane.]

Desirous of hearing from your own li[ps an ac]count of your personal experiences in th[e Polar] Seas, they extend a cordial invitation [to you to] deliver your interesting Polar Lectures, [for their] benefit, at a time and place which wi[ll suit] your convenience.

We are, sir, respectfully your friends [...]

George M. Gray, F. W. Desmond[...]
Edw. I. Tinkham, H. A. Tucker, [...]
Julian Magill, J. S. Willard, [...]
C. Y. Richmond, Thomas Hoyne[...]
Howard Priestly, R. F. Carver[...]
Julius S. Rumsey, J. B. Wentworth[...]
John P. Chapin, [...]
George F. Rumsey, J. A. Smith, [...]
Mark Skinner, W. B. Burbank, [...]
A. H. Burley, R. S. Blackwell, [...]
George W. Dole, Matthew Laflin, [...]
H. A. Wyncoop, Stephen F. Gale, [...]
George C. Drew, P. A. Hall, [...]
G. S. Hubbard, Dr. Wm. B. Egan, [...]
J. Cook, Charles L. Wil[...]

Chicago, Nov. 22, 1858.

To Geo. M. Gray, Ed. I. Tinkham, J. Magill, and [...]

GENTLEMEN: I acknowledge the receipt [of your] complimentary invitation to give you so[me] "personal experiences" as an officer in [the] Government Arctic Expedition for the re[lief of] Dr. Kane. I shall be pleased to do wha[t may] interest you, by delivering my Polar Le[cture at] the Mechanics' Institute Hall, on Friday [evening] next, Nov. 26th, at 7½ o'clock. Recip[rocating] your friendly feelings,

I am, gentlemen, your ob't se[rvant,]
SAM WH[ITING.]

Tremont House, Nov. 22, 1858.

☞It is said that the cost to the [Govern]ment for mail transportation by the [...] route to California is at the rate of fiv[e dollars] per letter—a clear loss of four dol[lars and] ninety-five cents on each letter carried.

☞Hon. John P. Hale is advertis[ed to lec]ture this evening at Milwaukee.